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FOUR MILLION ARMED MEN WILL DEFEND HEARTH AND HOME: CHURCHILL REVIEWS THE BRITISH WAR EFFORT

"Counting the Home Guard, we now have nearly 4,000,000 armed and uniformed men who will play their part in the defence of hearth and home. All the factories are working to keep this army equipped."

"In 16 months of war we have doubled the number of our workers. In the next six months we shall have an intense demand on the man-power and woman-power of this country and this was the reason for the far-reaching declaration which the Minister of Labour, Mr. Ernest Bevin, made in the House yesterday."

This is a passage from a statement which the PRIME MINISTER, MR. WINSTON CHURCHILL, made in the House of Commons yesterday when he reviewed the British war effort.

In the opening remarks, the Premier referred to the constitution of the War Cabinet.

"I have reached the conclusion," he said, "that in the present circumstances a War Cabinet composed of four or five men with very great departmental duties will not give the best results. I saw that system in the last war and I saw that in practice it was not what it was represented to be in theory."

"Personally I have formed the view that there should be no responsibility on the key Ministries by which I mean the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, the Chancellor of the Exchequer, the Ministry of Labour and Aircraft Production."

KEY TO SURVIVAL
"Aircraft production is the key to our survival and the Minister is a man of extraordinary resource. As the Prime Minister is also the Minister of Defence he represents the three Services in the War Cabinet."

"It may be asked why we cannot have a Minister on the civil side. Where are we to find a man who will have a personal ascendancy to deal with the Ministry of Labour and Aircraft Production to say nothing of shipping, transport food and trade? I doubt that such a man exists and besides this is not a dictator country where people can be brutally over-ruled."

NEW COMMITTEE
The Prime Minister went on to say that that was the problem to which he ventured to offer a solution by the formation of a new committee.

Cont'd Page 7, Col. 4

Japan's Record Ordinary Budget

Japan's ordinary budget has amounted to a record total of £404 million, states a London message.

Mr. Kawade, the Finance Minister, stated that foreign trade had continued to grow in 1940, despite the fact of the European war and that trade with nations outside the Yen Bloc was equally large.

Imports were 19 per cent. high, but he warns the House that the international situation did not warrant optimism.

Prince Konoye, the Prime Minister, also uttered a warning when he asked the Japanese people to take proper measures to achieve Japan's national aspirations by simplifying public life.—(Special)

DORNIER ENGAGED BY A.A. FIRE

Shortly after daylight yesterday morning, a German Dornier bomber flew low over a South coast town, states a London message.

The raider was engaged by A.A. guns and it disappeared out to sea with smoke pouring out of its tail. No other enemy air activity was reported.—(Special)

RUMANIAN PREMIER APPEALS FOR PEACE

In the course of the disturbances in Rumania, a section of the Iron Guard which is against the Government seized a number of Government buildings, but were turned out by Rumanian soldiers later, according to a London message.

News which has leaked out, though contradictory and vague, states that the buildings seized included the Radio station and the Post Office, but that Rumanian soldiers were able to deal with the situation.

GEN. ANTONESCU, the Rumanian Prime Minister, has appealed for peace and order. He asked all Rumanians to respect order and to remain quiet and demanded that the disturbances should cease within 24 hours.

The military commander of Bucharest has taken over the office of the Minister of the Interior.

According to a despatch from Bucharest, 87 State-owned and private enterprises in Rumania have been placed under military control. These include army arsenals, heavy industry factories, transport undertakings and the telephone company.

German sources said that the Greek who was charged with the murder of a German military mission in Bucharest, was shot on a Martial Law yesterday.—(Special)

STATE OF SIEGE
NEW YORK, Jan. 22 (Reuter)—Bucharest is in a state of siege following an unsuccessful Iron Guard putsch, states the Columbia broadcasting system correspondent in a broadcast from Belgrade.

CAMOUFLAGED PAGANISM

Cardinal Hinsley, Archbishop of Westminster, commenting on the Nazi creed yesterday described it as a camouflaged paganism fiercely opposed to Christian civilisation, states a London message.

"What kind of Europe can we expect if the Nazi is to be the architect and builder?" he asked. "We in the British Commonwealth of Nations are determined to withstand an ideology that has begun the worship of force."—(Special)



GEN. ANTONESCU

Today's News Summary

THE BRITISH PRIME MINISTER REVIEWED the British war effort in a statement in the House of Commons yesterday. The Canadian High Commissioner also spoke on the Canadian war effort in a speech in London when he stated that development of the Empire Air Training Scheme was ahead of schedule.

THE IMPERIAL FORCES HAVE PENETRATED the defences of Tobruk and are within three miles of the town itself. Since Dec. 9, General Wavell's Army of the Nile, have captured Sidi Barrani, Sollum and Bardia.

EVENTS IN RUMANIA APPEAR TO BE TAKING a serious turn. A state of siege has been declared in Bucharest and the Premier, General Antonescu, has appealed for peace and order. One of the chief reasons for the disturbances was the dismissal of the Minister for Interior.

BULGARIA IS NOW THE CENTRE OF A DIPLOMATIC struggle and King Boris is standing fast. Apparently Hitler wants the passage of German troops through Bulgaria to stab Greece in the back. THE UNITED STATES YESTERDAY STAGED AN "invasion test" which will last for four days.

BRITISH FORCES PENETRATE THE DEFENCES OF TOBRUK: WITHIN THREE MILES OF TOWN ITSELF

"IT MAY BE THAT WHILE I AM SPEAKING THAT TOBRUK IS NOW IN OUR HANDS," declared the Prime Minister, Mr. Churchill, when he spoke in the House of Commons yesterday.

Other news comes in a communique issued in Cairo which states that the British forces have now penetrated the defences to a distance of 12 miles and are within three miles of the town itself. The communique goes on to state that the operations are progressing satisfactorily.

The Cairo communique also reports successful action in other parts of Africa.

On the Sudan front pursuit of the retreating Italians continues in the Kassala sector and the enemy is steadily giving ground.

In Kenya, enemy detachments on the British side of the frontier were being driven back by patrol activity.—(Special)

ENGULFED IN FLAMES
The whole of Tobruk is engulfed in flames as a result of the attack launched by Imperial Forces on the port, stated a message from Sydney yesterday.

According to this message, Australian newspapers reported yesterday evening that Tobruk was likely to fall soon, though a Reuter message from Sydney states that Australian Headquarters there had been advised of the fall of Tobruk.

A London message adds that Mr. P. O. Spender, the Australian War Minister, announced that an Australian division had been engaged in the final assault, with British troops.

BROAD FRONT
Within 12 minutes of the opening of the offensive, British Imperial forces penetrated the outer and inner defences of Tobruk on a broad front to a depth of five miles. The onslaught began early on Sunday morning and the R.A.F. and the Navy rendered magnificent assistance.

By Monday afternoon, thousands of prisoners have been taken and Italian resistance crumbled very quickly. It is estimated that there were 25,000 Italians in Tobruk. The air attack resulted in the crippled Italian cruiser, *Georgia*, which was lying in the harbour being set on fire, while huge patrol dumps were also hit and soon in flames.

It is only 16 days since Bardia was captured by the British forces and although they have been in contact with the defences of Tobruk, the final assault was only delivered after patrols have penetrated Italian lines night after night to survey the nature of the defences.

Authorities in London emphasise that the strategic importance of Tobruk lies in the fact that it has a really natural harbour on a coast on which such harbours are few. It is realised that the capture of Tobruk will stretch the British lines of communications over 200 miles, but the harbour will undoubtedly prove useful in moving up troops and for removing such prisoners that have fallen into British hands.

IN FULL RETREAT
A message from Sydney goes on to mention that inside the borders of Eritrea, two Italian divisions are now in full retreat pursued by British motorised forces. Assab, the port of Eritrea, was bombed by the R.A.F. which also carried out heavy raids on enemy bases in the Mediterranean.—(Special)

**WITHOUT FEAR
OF COSTS**
An Australian aviation expert who has just come back from the United States predicts that within the next five months, American aircraft production to Britain will be doubled and possibly trebled, according to a Sydney message.

SECRET STATION ON THE AIR

A new secret wireless station which has started operating in Norway was on the air again yesterday, and the announcer was heard to declare: "We want to save our country from the oppressors. Let us remember our duty to our King, who was ready to sacrifice his life for the fatherland."

WILLKIE TO CALL ON PREMIER

Mr. Wendell Willkie was to have left America by Clipper for Lisbon yesterday and is expected to reach London tomorrow, states a London message.

Mr. Willkie has received a cable of welcome from Mr. Churchill and an invitation to call on the Prime Minister when he arrives there.

Wavell's Libyan Advance Since December 9



LONDON, Jan. 22 (Reuter)—General Wavell's advance into Libya from Mersa Matruh began on Dec. 9. Since then, the Army of the Nile, composed of British, Australian, Indian and New Zealand troops, have taken SIDI BARRANI, SOLLUM, FORT CAPUZZO and BARDIA, taking over 80,000 prisoners and vast supplies with only slight casualties to themselves.

United States Stage "Invasion Test"

NEW YORK, Jan. 22 (Reuter)—With spotters on the EMPIRE STATE BUILDING, the world's highest skyscraper, the United States today staged an "invasion test" throughout an area comprising NEW YORK CITY, LONG ISLAND and the rest of New York State east of the HUDSON RIVER, MASSACHUSETTS and RHODE ISLAND.

The test, which is to last four days, began at dawn. Throughout the area concerned, over 10,000 civilian observers, in a temperature of 20 degrees frost, manned over 700 posts in towns, villages and farms and watched the skies for the approach of the "enemy."

Joint defence headquarters were established in Boston and New York City and streams of messages were telephoned in from the observers.

Eighteen Army bombers, representing a hostile air fleet, flew seaward, then turned and approached the coast at different points in small formations. Four fighter squadrons stationed in different airfields in the states concerned were ready to intercept the "invaders."

The first "victory" of the Defence Command was reported in the afternoon from the port of Jefferson, Long Island, where fighters intercepted two big twin-engined bombers roaring over Long Island towards Manhattan.

SECOND "VICTORY"
The second "victory" followed immediately afterwards when two other bombers were met by fighters from New London, Connecticut, near Providence and Rhode Island as the invaders were flying in.

The work of the observers, who include all types of civilians and a number of blind men whose hearing are exceptionally keen, was described by one senior flying officer at headquarters at Mitchell field, as excellent.

By mid-day, several groups of bombers have been labelled "destroyed."

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Mr. Willkie has received a cable of welcome from Mr. Churchill and an invitation to call on the Prime Minister when he arrives there.

MATSUOKA'S SPEECH IS STUDIED IN AMERICA

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22 (Reuter)—The speech in the Diet by the Japanese Foreign Minister, MR. MATSUOKA, had been awaited with considerable interest and its contents are now being "closely studied."

Official comment is lacking and the speech arrived too late for editorial comment, but the general impression is that it did not veer from the expected course though there is hope, albeit a faint hope, that Mr. Matsuoka would recommend for Japan, some of the medicine he prescribes so readily for the United States "to bend, but not break, the neck of civilization."

FAR APART

Close observers of the situation in the Far East state the speech shows how far apart the countries are and the difficulties lying in the way of any ready rapprochement.

Mr. Matsuoka, they point out, complains regarding the American embargoes but refuses to acknowledge they are necessitated by Japanese action which forced on the United States a rearmament programme requiring embargoes on export materials necessary for national defence.

What may be said of the position here is that the responsibility for the maintenance of peace, of which Mr. Matsuoka speaks, is not onended and responsibility with

—On Other— Pages

- Page
2 Softball, Badminton results; Quadrangular rugby tournament; Annual racing carnival.
3 Radio programmes; Coming events.
4 Britain divided over U.S. entry into war; Pro-German disorders raging in Rumania; Artillery duel in Albania; Post-war reconstruction problem.
5 Criminal Sessions; Round the Police Courts.
6 Leading articles: The best use of man-power; Sabre-rattling.
8 Litigation—appeal fails; Crossword puzzle.

In the World of Sports

LADIES CARRY OUT SCHEDULE DESPITE ADVERSE WEATHER

Cardinals Upset Baby Panthers: Florinhas Give Gallant Display

Overcoming the difficulties of playing on a rain-soaked pitch, the Ladies' completed their usual three-game programme at the Kowloon Football Club last Sunday. The Chinese Basebatters went to bat against the Filipino Club, in the first of the Men's senior fixtures, but a heavy downpour in the middle of the very first frame made further play impossible. In the second division, one fixture was postponed owing to the failure of the Royal Scots and the Central Britishers to turn out for their match, but the other three games on the card were decided under very poor ground conditions.

(Taking the field in the first of the ladies' games, the Wildcats ran into an early lead when they tallied four times in the first frame and three in the second. Nothing daunted the Ramblerettes, after tallying once in the first, staged a five-run rally to draw within a single tally of the Wildcats in the third. From then on, though, the powerful Wildcats played heads-up ball to halt the opposition scoring while staging a thirteen-run merry-go-round, to put the game in the bag, in the sixth session.

NUMEROUS ERRORS

The state of the pitch was not conducive to good fielding as the Wildcats' nine and the Ramblerettes' eleven miscues testify. The only extra base clouts of the game were a homer and a double by Lily Mar who, together with sister Mary, led the winners slugging parade.

Thelma Collado hurled excellent ball to concede but three singles, while fanning four and walking three. Ramblerette hurler Jerry Jorge tried hard to stem the Wildcats' pounding attack with little success although it must be admitted that her teammates gave her little support.

PERSEVERING FLORINHAS

Although it was obvious that the Wahos were giving them a lot of help, the Florinhas gave their best display to date in holding the Green Owls to ten tallies in a full seven inning fracas.

The Green Owls' successful attempt to make the opposition look good at the expense of their own batting averages was most commendable and could not but have an encouraging effect on the persevering Florinhas.

Theresa Noronha was in fine form on the mound and, apart from a slashing single by Socorro Sequeira, did not look like ever being hit. Jackie Anderson proffered sound support behind the pan and handed thirteen chances without error. Yvonne Yolie, at the initial sack, also had a busy day without putting a foot wrong.

Outstanding for the Florinhas was Lily Sequeira who guarded the first station in faultless style. J. Foster at the Windy Alley was a great improvement over previous custodians of this slot while Lily Rosario, deputising for Lily Silva on the mound, fielded numerous bunts to register six assists and one put-out.

BATTLE-ROYAL

The Cardinals and Baby Panthers staged a battle-royal that ended in favour of the former by the narrow margin of 14 tallies to 13. Overcoming an early Panther lead, the Redbirds hung on grimly to hold a bare margin despite a Panther rally in the final frame that was good for three markers.

Betty Fitzgerald, paced the hitters with four-in-five but could not reproduce the fielding form that she displayed when helping the Ramblerettes against the Wildcats. Triples were eluded by Hilda Soares and Celeste Guterres while doubles were credited to "Granma" Hutchinson, Theresa Marques and Lelia Xavier.

Babida, contrary to earlier reports, turned out to pitch for the Redbirds but, despite winning the decision, did not show her usual effectiveness.

TEN-FRAME TUSSELE

Opening the junior loop card, the Royal Air Force nosed through

SOFTBALL QUADRANGULAR RUGBY TOURNAMENT

NAVY BEAT POLICE: PAUL HURT

The ROYAL NAVY, champions in the Quadrangular Rugby Tournament, completed their fixtures when they beat POLICE yesterday afternoon at Causeway Bay ground by three tries (9 points) to a drop goal (4 points), after leading 6-4 at the interval.

Paul, of the Navy, sustained a nasty kick on the leg just before the interval and was unable to carry on.

Ground conditions were poor and most of the players were constantly slipping.

Royal Navy from the very start attacked and were soon rewarded, when Paul scored a try. Police at this stage were playing a fine game and Wright-Nooth scored a drop goal.

NAVY PRESS

Navy kept up pressure and Paul was seen in a very nice run down the centre, before he was brought down. Police were constantly being hampered in their half, and five minutes before the interval, Paul collided and was carried off the field.

The Police in the second half had as much of the game as their opponents and play was confined to midfield. McGill failed to convert a try for the Navy.

Morahan, Paul, McGill and Watson were the most outstanding players for the winners.

Taylor, Fay and Wright-Nooth were the only players who impressed for the losers.

The Teams

ROYAL NAVY:—Lt. Morahan; Bowden, Paul, Honeywill, McGill; Carter, Rutherford; Winter, Watson, Manfield; Eager, Palmer; Poole, King and Stockham.

POLICE:—Wilson; Taylor, Dingsdale, Fay, Reynolds; Morrison, Jackson; Wright-Nooth, Cullinan, Jenner; Oakley, Lewis; Rose, Innes and Hogarth.

BADMINTON RESULTS

At St. John's Hall last night, Kowloon Cricket Club beat St. John's by five sets to four.

D. Kwok and E. Kennard (St. John's) lost to A. L. Fisher and P. Wynter-Blyth 11-21; beat J. L. Anderson and H. S. Jones 21-18, lost to A. E. P. Guest and E. Zimmerman 15-21.

N. L. Smith and P. Wilson (St. John's) beat Fisher and Wynter-Blyth 21-13, beat Anderson and Jones 21-19, beat Guest and Zimmerman 21-18.

R. Maynard and G. S. Ladd (St. John's) lost to Fisher and Wynter-Blyth 12-21, lost to Anderson and Jones 6-21, lost to Guest and Zimmerman 9-21.

V.R.C. WIN

At the Jewish Recreation Club, Victoria Recreation Club beat the J.R.C. by five sets to four.

J. Odell and M. Talan (J.R.C.) lost to D. N. Xavier and S. R. Rumjahn 21-23, beat A. A. Remedios and F. Castro 21-10, beat A. Basto and M. M. de V. Soares 21-12.

A. R. Pollak and L. Landau (J.R.C.) lost to Xavier and Rumjahn 10-21, lost to Remedios and Castro 21-23, lost to Basto and Soares 7-21.

S. Ramler and B. Godkin (J.R.C.) lost to Xavier and Rumjahn 8-21, beat Remedios and Castro 21-7, beat Basto and Soares 21-14.

POLICE DEFEATED

St. Andrew's Club beat Police by eight sets to one.

E. F. Fincher and F. Kew (St. Andrew's) beat W. Gillies and L. Gordon 21-13, beat H. Dinsdale and J. Ferrier 21-5, beat Siu and J. Shepperd 21-2.

A. E. Brown and S. A. Gray (St. Andrew's) beat Gillies and Gordon 21-9, beat Dinsdale and Ferrier 21-8, beat Siu and Shepperd 21-5.

ANNUAL RACING CARNIVAL

ENTRIES FOR SECOND DAY

2-12.00 Noon—Froehow Cup.—Winner \$1,000. Second \$350. Third \$250. A Handicap for China Ponies. Jockey Allowance. Entrance \$10. One and a Quarter Miles.

Burford, Cumber, Confusion Bay, Dupont Bay, Eve of Harvest, Eve of Heaven, Gay Star, Glossy-light, Happy Eve, Mount Hope Bay, Navylight, O-Lan, Racylight, Spotlight, White Diamond.

3-12.30 p.m.—Austra. Black Rock Stakes.—Winner \$1,750. Second \$600. Third \$400. For Australian Ponies. Griffins of this Meeting. Weight for inches as per scale. Winners 7 lb. penalty. Jockey Allowance. Entrance \$10. From the Two Mile Post Once Round & In (About One Mile 171 Yards).

A Blossom Time 152 lbs. A Happy Time 152. A Luxurious Time 152. Amusement Tax 152. Canberra 149. Colooma 152. Distant View 152. First Love 152. Fleetwing 152. Gay Fox 152. Gloom 152. Graceful View 152. Green Diamond 152. Hascosay 152. Hornpipe 152. Iron Belle 152. King's Welcome 149. Locust Stand 152. Man-O-War 152. Marsh Warbler 152. Missa Chalfont 149. Misty View 152. Mountain View 152. National Courage 152. National Reform 152. Nomine Poenoe 152. Odin 152. Ozark 149. Pigtail 152. Prairie View 152. Ratio Decidendi 152. Riverside 152. Starlight 152. Subpoena 152. Sunlight 152. The Nineteenth Hole 152. Tropical Love 152. Vanguard 152. Vis Major 152. Woodbridge 152.

4-1.00 p.m.—Governor's Cup.—Presented: with \$1,500 added for Winner. Second \$500. Third \$300. For Australian Subscription Ponies of 1941. Weight for inches as per scale. Entrance \$10. One Mile.

A Fine Time 152 lbs. Amulet Star 152. Anzac Day 149. Araxy II 152. A Surprising Time 152. Baggie Master 152. Battle 152. Bendemeer 152. Bendigo 152. Black Seal 152. Buckfastleigh 152. Casino 149. Castle Hill 152. Chateaugay 152. Corriedoo 152. Corsair 149. Corvete 152. Dashing Beauty 152. Daylight 152. Dignitas 149. Double Dutch 152. Dutch Treat 152. Endeavour 152. Fresh Air 149. Gold Hat 149. Hole In One 149. Jungle Love 149. Jus Gentium 149. King's Flight 152. Leading Star 152. Lex Fori 152. Lodestar 149. Look See 152. Macy 149. Mainsail 152. Manhattan 149. Moonlight 149. National Welfare 152. Never-Never 152. Newborn Star 152. Newmarket Day 149. Ogle 152. Optima Fide 152. Princess Adelaide 152. Red Rabbit 152. Riverbridge 152. Royal Sovereign 152. Santa-Anita 152. Saratoga 152. Seal River 149. Snow White 149. Spitfire 149. Starlight View 149. Strathalbyn 149. Sunspot 152. Sydney Diamond 152. Swallow 152. Sydney Lady 152. The Hawk 152. Tobacoship 149. Trade Wind 149. Twinkling Star 152. United Express 152. Vicar 152. Vitamin M. 152. Wayworth 149. Willow 152. Wonderful Show 149. Zadderday 152.

8-4.00 p.m.—Austral Derby.—Winner \$3,500. Second \$1,000. Third \$500. For Australian Ponies. Griffins of this Meeting. Weight for inches as per scale. Ponies to be ridden by jockeys who have won at least 10 Official flat races anywhere or jockeys approved by the Stewards. Entrance \$20 with an additional \$50 for Starters. One and a Half Miles.

A Happy Time 152 lbs. Amusement Tax 152. Canberra 149. Colooma 152. Distant View 152. First Love 152. Fleetwing 152. Gay Fox 152. Gloom 152. Graceful View 152. Hascosay 152. Hornpipe 152. King's Welcome 149. Locust Stand 152. Man-O-War 152. Marsh Warbler 152. Missa Chalfont 149. Misty View 152. Mountain View 152. National Courage 152. Nomine Poenoe 152. Oracle 149. Pigtail 152. Prairie View 152. Ratio Decidendi 152. Riverside 152. Starlight 152. Sunlight 152. The Nineteenth Hole 152. Tropical Love 152. Vanguard 152. Vis Major 152. Woodbridge 152.

9-4.30 p.m.—Perth Plate.—(Second Section).—Winner \$1,500. Second \$500. Third \$300. For Australian Subscription Ponies of 1941. Weight for inches as per scale. Winners barred. Jockey Allowance. Entrance \$10. Half a Mile.

A Just Time 149 lbs. Angel of Peace 149. Anzac Day 149. Archer 152. A Surprising Time 152. Baggie Master 152. Bendemeer 152. Boner-shaker 152. Buckfastleigh 152. Bugle 149. Castle Hill 152. Corsair 149. Crack Shot 149. Dashing Beauty 152. Daylight 152. Gold Rod 149. High Hat 149. Hole In One 149. Jungle Love 149. Leading Star 152. Lex Fori 152. Macy 149. Manhattan 149. Maple Leaf 149. Never-Never 152. Newborn Star 152. Nigger 152. Optima Fide 152. Riverbridge 152. Royal Sovereign 152.

CHARITY SOFTBALL

The following have been selected to represent the Ladies' Softball League in a match against Kowloon Football Club, at 2.15 p.m. on Monday.

Theresa Noronha and Jackie Anderson; Mary Ng and Dot Louie; Lily Mar; Celeste Marques; Gloria Mar; Irene Castilho; Irene Pereira; Betty Fitzgerald; Theresa Marques; Yvonne Yolie.

All proceeds will go to the Bomber Fund.

Glossy-light 152. Infante (late Common View) 152. Iron Beauty 152. Leading Time 152. Lovelyleigh 152. Lovely View 152. Marvellous Scheme 149. National Confidence 152. Oolong 152. Palber 152. Raconteur 152. Royber 152. Sand Trap 152. Sea Foam 152. Velvetlight 152. Walber 152. Well Done 152. Wonderful Scheme 152. World Fair View 152.

7-3.30 p.m.—Garrison Cup.—Presented: with \$1,500 added for Winner. Second \$500. Third \$300. For Australian Subscription Ponies of 1941. Weight for inches as per scale. Winners 7 lb. penalty. Jockey Allowance. Entrance \$10. From the Two Mile Post Once Round & In (About One Mile 171 Yards).

A Fine Time 152 lbs. A Just Time 149. Amulet Star 152. Angel of Glory 152. Anzac Day 149. Archer 152. A Rosy Time 149. A Surprising Time 152. Baggie Master 152. Battle 152. Bendemeer 152. Black Seal 152. Buckfastleigh 152. Bugle 149. Casino 149. Castle Hill 152. Corriedoo 152. Corsair 149. Corvete 152. Daylight 152. Dignitas 149. Double Dutch 152. Dutch Treat 152. Endeavour 152. Gossiper 149. Hawaiian Love 152. High Hat 149. Hole In One 149. Joan 152. Jungle Love 149. Jus Gentium 149. King's Flight 152. Leading Star 152. Lex Fori 152. Look See 152. Macy 149. Mainsail 152. Manhattan 149. Maple Leaf 149. Moonlight 149. National Endurance 152. National Welfare 152. Never-Never 152. Newborn Star 152. Newmarket Day 149. Ogle 152. Optima Fide 152. Riverbridge 152. Rocky Beach 152. Royal Sovereign 152. Santa-Anita 152. Saratoga 152. Seal River 149. Snow White 149. Spitfire 149. Starlight View 149. Strathalbyn 149. Sunspot 152. Swallow 152. Sydney Diamond 152. Sydney Lady 152. The Hawk 152. Tobacoship 149. Trade Wind 149. Twinkling Star 152. United Express 152. Vicar 152. Vitamin M. 152. Wayworth 149. Willow 152. Wonderful Show 149. Zadderday 152.

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9-4.30 p.m.—Perth Plate.—(Second Section).—Winner \$1,500. Second \$500. Third \$300. For Australian Subscription Ponies of 1941. Weight for inches as per scale. Winners barred. Jockey Allowance. Entrance \$10. Half a Mile.

A Just Time 149 lbs. Angel of Peace 149. Anzac Day 149. Archer 152. A Surprising Time 152. Baggie Master 152. Bendemeer 152. Boner-shaker 152. Buckfastleigh 152. Bugle 149. Castle Hill 152. Corsair 149. Crack Shot 149. Dashing Beauty 152. Daylight 152. Gold Rod 149. High Hat 149. Hole In One 149. Jungle Love 149. Leading Star 152. Lex Fori 152. Macy 149. Manhattan 149. Maple Leaf 149. Never-Never 152. Newborn Star 152. Nigger 152. Optima Fide 152. Riverbridge 152. Royal Sovereign 152.

INTERPORT HOCKEY TRIAL SATURDAY

After the Interport hockey trial, to be held on the Club ground, King's Park, on Saturday at 3.30 p.m., 15 players will be selected from among whom the Colony's team in the Hongkong-Macao Interport hockey match, to be played in Macao in February, will be chosen on the day of the match.

The following are the teams chosen for Saturday:

COLOURS:—V. M. Benwell; V. Bond, Crosson; M. H. Hassan, W. A. Reed, N. B. Whitley; Teja Singh, T.S.D. Whitley, Cpl. Hitchcock, J. Fonseca, W. Brown.

WHITES:—U. B. Souza; A. M. Xavier, Man Singh; T. Alves, Capt. Woods, D. McEllan; Narwan Singh, L/Cpl. Shaw, Gurbachan Singh, M. Akram, Lieut. J. Ross.

The following are also requested to attend:—E. Fowler, Jesbir Singh, R. Marques, Sgt. Waldron, E. I. Bickford, J. Gonsalves, K. J. Reed, Capt. Kampta Parsad.

Members of the Selection Committee are Lieut. J. P. Gunnar, R.N., Capt. Cartwright-Taylor, R.E., K. Hussain (Civilians) and V. M. Benwell (Hon. Secretary).

Swimming Exhibition By Japanese

A Swimming Exhibition by Japanese swimmers will be held on Thursday, Jan. 23, at 2 p.m. in the European Y.M.C.A. Swimming Bath. An entrance fee of \$1.00 (including Entertainment Tax) for spectators will be charged. Half of the proceeds will be given to charity.

Santa-Anita 152. Snow White 149. Starlight View 149. Sunspot 152. Swallow 152. Sydney Diamond 152. Tenth of November 152. The Koala Bear 152. Tien Tien 149. Too Hot 152. Trade Wind 149. Twinkling Star 152. Vigor 152. Vitamin M. 152. Zadderday 152.

10-5.00 p.m.—Lusitano Cup.—Presented by members of the Club Lusitano with \$1,500 added for Winner. Second \$500. Third \$300. For Australian Subscription Ponies of 1941. Weight for inches as per scale. Winners 7 lb. penalty. Entrance \$10. One and a Quarter Miles.

A Fine Time 152 lbs. Amulet Star 152. Angel of Glory 152. Anzac Day 149. A Surprising Time 152. Baggie Master 152. Battle 152. Bendemeer 152. Bendigo 152. Black Seal 152. Buckfastleigh 152. Casino 149. Castle Hill 152. Chateaugay 152. Corriedoo 152. Corsair 149. Corvete 152. Dashing Beauty 152. Daylight 152. Dignitas 149. Double Dutch 152. Dutch Treat 152. Endeavour 152. Fresh Air 149. Gold Hat 149. Hole In One 149. Jungle Love 149. Jus Gentium 149. King's Flight 152. Leading Star 152. Lex Fori 152. Lodestar 149. Look See 152. Macy 149. Mainsail 152. Manhattan 149. Moonlight 149. National Welfare 152. Never-Never 152. Newborn Star 152. Newmarket Day 149. Ogle 152. Optima Fide 152. Riverbridge 152. Rocky Beach 152. Royal Sovereign 152. Santa-Anita 152. Saratoga 152. Seal River 149. Snow White 149. Spitfire 149. Starlight View 149. Strathalbyn 149. Sunspot 152. Sydney Diamond 152. Swallow 152. Sydney Lady 152. The Hawk 152. Tobacoship 149. Trade Wind 149. Twinkling Star 152. United Express 152. Vicar 152. Vitamin M. 152. Wayworth 149. Willow 152. Wonderful Show 149. Zadderday 152.

8-4.00 p.m.—Austral Derby.—Winner \$3,500. Second \$1,000. Third \$500. For Australian Ponies. Griffins of this Meeting. Weight for inches as per scale. Ponies to be ridden by jockeys who have won at least 10 Official flat races anywhere or jockeys approved by the Stewards. Entrance \$20 with an additional \$50 for Starters. One and a Half Miles.

A Happy Time 152 lbs. Amusement Tax 152. Canberra 149. Colooma 152. Distant View 152. First Love 152. Fleetwing 152. Gay Fox 152. Gloom 152. Graceful View 152. Hascosay 152. Hornpipe 152. King's Welcome 149. Locust Stand 152. Man-O-War 152. Marsh Warbler 152. Missa Chalfont 149. Misty View 152. Mountain View 152. National Courage 152. Nomine Poenoe 152. Oracle 149. Pigtail 152. Prairie View 152. Ratio Decidendi 152. Riverside 152. Starlight 152. Sunlight 152. The Nineteenth Hole 152. Tropical Love 152. Vanguard 152. Vis Major 152. Woodbridge 152.

9-4.30 p.m.—Perth Plate.—(Second Section).—Winner \$1,500. Second \$500. Third \$300. For Australian Subscription Ponies of 1941. Weight for inches as per scale. Winners barred. Jockey Allowance. Entrance \$10. Half a Mile.

A Just Time 149 lbs. Angel of Peace 149. Anzac Day 149. Archer 152. A Surprising Time 152. Baggie Master 152. Bendemeer 152. Boner-shaker 152. Buckfastleigh 152. Bugle 149. Castle Hill 152. Corsair 149. Crack Shot 149. Dashing Beauty 152. Daylight 152. Gold Rod 149. High Hat 149. Hole In One 149. Jungle Love 149. Leading Star 152. Lex Fori 152. Macy 149. Manhattan 149. Maple Leaf 149. Never-Never 152. Newborn Star 152. Nigger 152. Optima Fide 152. Riverbridge 152. Royal Sovereign 152.

FIXTURES FOR HOME FOOTBALL

LONDON, Jan. 23 (Reuter).—The following are the football fixtures for Saturday, January 25:

LONDON CUP
Chelsea v. Brentford; Crystal Palace v. Fulham; Queen's P.R. v. Aldershot; Clapton O. v. Reading; Tottenham v. Millwall; Westham v. Arsenal.

LEAGUE—SOUTH
Portsmouth v. Bournemouth; Southend v. Brighton; Watford v. Southampton.

MIDLAND CUP
Luton v. Northampton; Mansfield v. Lincoln; Notts F. v. Leicester; Walsall v. West Brom.

COMBINED COUNTIES CUP
Semi-final
Leeds v. Huddersfield.

LANCASHIRE CUP
Blackpool v. Manchester C.; Burnley v. Everton; Manchester U. v. Bolton; New Brighton v. Chester.

NORTH REGIONAL
Barnsley v. Bradford C.; Chesterfield v. Middlesbrough; Doncaster v. Rotherham; Liverpool v. Oldham; Newcastle v. Sheffield Wed.; Rochdale v. Crewe; Stockport v. Southport; York v. Hull.

SOUTH REGIONAL
Cardiff v. Swansea; Stoke v. Notts C.

OTHER MATCH
Scottish F.A. v. Army XI.

SPORTING FIXTURES TODAY

SWIMMING.—Exhibition Swim by members of Rikkyo University team (European Y. M. C. A. pool) 2 p.m.

SATURDAY, JANUARY 25
CRICKET.—"A" Division: Civil Service C.C. v. Craigengower; Kowloon C.C. v. University; Indian R.C. v. Recreation; "B" Division: Recreation v. Kowloon C.C.; University v. Civil Service C.C.

FOOTBALL.—First Division: Police v. Sing Tao (Boundary Street), 4 p.m.; Kowloon v. St. Joseph's (Kowloon), 4 p.m.; Club v. Royal Scots (Caroline Hill), 4 p.m. Second Division: Service Corps v. Middlesex (Sookunpo), 4 p.m.; Kit Chee v. Royal Scots (Caroline Hill), 2.30 p.m.; Kowloon v. Ordnance (Kowloon), 2.30 p.m.; Engineers v. South China (Sookunpo), 4 p.m.; Sing Tao v. Navy (St. Joseph's), 4 p.m.; Club v. Police (Military), 4 p.m. Third Division: International v. 25th R. A. (St. Joseph's), 2.30 p.m.; Engineers v. A.S.A. (Military), 2.30 p.m.



THE SPIRIT OF TRADITION

Royal Academy a parade of thoroughbred, man, woman and horse. An illustration which is an essential part of the English life and character.

MARTELL
Cognac
ESTABLISHED IN 1715

Martell Cognac goes back over two centuries. The brandy for all occasions and all purposes, a beverage of character and a restorative of great value—a world-wide favourite.

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QUEEN'S THEATRE

HONGKONG DAILY AT 2.30-5.15-7.20-9.30 P.M. TEL. 31453

TODAY AND TOMORROW
BRAND NEW LAUGHS! GRAND NEW ADVENTURES!
A MERRY GO-ROUND OF MIRTH AND MURDER!

MONTGOMERY RUSSELL
FAST and LOOSE
 with **Reginald OWEN** • **Ralph MORGAN**
Etienne GIRARDOT • **Alan DINEHART**
Jo Ann SAYERS • **Joan MARSH**
 Directed by **EDWIN L. MARIN**
 Produced by **FREDERICK STEPHANI**

SATURDAY

NORTHWEST PASSAGE
 with **ROBERT YOUNG**
WALTER BRENNAN
RUTH HUSSEY
NAT PENDLETON
 Directed by **KING VIDOR**
 Produced by **HUNT STROMBERG**
BOOK 1—ROGERS' RANGERS
AT ROAD SHOW PRICES!

ALHAMBRA THEATRE

NATHAN RD. KOWLOON DAILY AT 2.30-5.20-7.20-9.30. TEL. 56856

TO-DAY & TO-MORROW
A CHINESE PICTURE
"SU-SAM"
 in Mandarin Dialect

SATURDAY

NORTHWEST PASSAGE
 with **ROBERT YOUNG**
WALTER BRENNAN
RUTH HUSSEY
NAT PENDLETON
 Directed by **KING VIDOR**
 Produced by **HUNT STROMBERG**
BOOK 1—ROGERS' RANGERS
AT ROAD SHOW PRICES!

MAJESTIC THEATRE

NATHAN ROAD KOWLOON TEL. 57222

TO-DAY, ONE DAY ONLY
THE GREATEST HISTORICAL SPECTACLE OF THE SEASON!!!
CRAFTY...COLD...CRUEL
AS THE HEADSMAN'S AX!

TOWER OF LONDON
 starring **BASIL RATHBONE**
 with **BORIS KARLOFF**
BARBARA O'NEIL
IAN HUNTER
VINCENT PRICE
NAN GREY
A NEW UNIVERSAL PICTURE

TO-MORROW AND SATURDAY
A FINE CAST IN A HILARIOUS COMEDY!
"BROTHER RAT AND A BABY"
PRISCILLA LANE • WAYNE MORRIS • JANE BRYAN
A Warner Bros. Comedy-Hit!

Det. Sgt. Lobb, for many years personal bodyguard to the late Mr. Neville Chamberlain, has returned to Scotland Yard to take up duties with the Special Branch. Sgt. Lobb accompanied Mr. Chamberlain to Berchtesgaden in 1938.

Gen. Sir Alexander Godley, who commanded the New Zealand Forces, told a luncheon gathering that he was proud now to command a platoon of the Home Guard.

COMING EVENTS

JAN.
 23—Tides: High 6.40 a.m. and 6.12 p.m. Low 12.37 a.m. and 11.02 p.m.
 Sunrise: 7.05 a.m.; Sunset: 6.05 p.m.
 H.K. Y's Men's Club, Tiffin Meeting, 1 p.m.
 Grand Concert, Lecture Room, Stonecutters, for British Troops, 2.30 p.m.
 Volunteer Nursing Detachment, Advanced Course, Military Hospital, 3 p.m.
 Volunteer Officers' Mess' Meeting, No. 5 Hut, St. John's Place, 6.15 p.m.
 Victoria Chess Club, Gloucester Hotel, 5 p.m.
 Kowloon Chess Club, Peninsula Hotel, 5.30 p.m.
 A.R.P. Mobile Exhibition, 6 p.m. to 9 p.m.
 St. Andrew's Working Party (Medical), 10 a.m.

24—Tides: High 8.04 a.m. and 7.07 p.m. Low 1.37 a.m. and 12.07 p.m.
 Sunrise: 7.05 a.m.; Sunset: 6.06 p.m.
 Ladies' Working Party (B.W.O.P.), Govt. House, 9 a.m.—12 noon.
 Asia Lands, Ltd., annual meeting, Mercantile Bank Bldg., 2nd floor, Club, 8.15 p.m.
 Old Cheltenham annual dinner, H.K. Hotel.
 Queen's College, Prize Day, 11 a.m.
 12.30 p.m.
 Demonstration by A.R.P., Peak School, 5.45 p.m.
 Y.M.C.A. "Twelfth Night," 8.15 p.m.

Volunteer Nursing Detachment, First Aid Lecture, P.W.D. Board Room, 5.45 p.m.; Practical Class, 5 p.m.
 Christ Church: Annual Meeting of Guild of Martha and Mary, 6 p.m.
 H.K. University, Science Society, Lecture on "The Physics of the Weather" by Mr. G. S. P. Heywood, 8.30 p.m.

25—Tides: High 9.06 a.m. and 7.53 p.m. Low 2.24 a.m. and 1 p.m.
 Sunrise: 7.04 a.m.; Sunset: 6.07 p.m.
 Queen's College Prize Day, 11 a.m.
 St. Andrew's Society, Burns' Dinner, Peninsula Hotel, 7.45 p.m.
 26—Tides: High 9.49 a.m. and 8.45 p.m. Low 3.04 a.m. and 1.47 p.m.
 Sunrise: 7.04 a.m.; Sunset: 6.08 p.m.
 Claims against estate of Charlotte Elizabeth Hastings due.
 Y.M.C.A. Discussion Group, 9 p.m.

27—Tides: High 10.27 a.m. and 9.27 p.m. Low 3.59 a.m. and 2.38 p.m.
 Sunrise: 7.04 a.m.; Sunset: 6.09 p.m.
 Y.M.C.A. Whist Drive, 8.30 p.m.
 Ladies' Working Party (B.W.O.P.), Govt. House, 9 a.m.—12 noon.
 28—Tides: High 11.03 a.m. and 10.08 p.m. Low 4.18 a.m. and 3.17 p.m.
 Sunrise: 7.04 a.m.; Sunset: 6.09 p.m.
 H.K. Rotary Club, Tiffin Meeting, 1 p.m.
 H.K. Committee for Student Relief, Charity Bazaar, St. Paul's College, Pedder Hill.

29—Tides: High 11.36 a.m. and 10.42 p.m. Low 4.47 a.m. and 3.57 p.m.
 Sunrise: 7.04 a.m.; Sunset: 6.10 p.m.
 Ladies' Working Party (B.W.O.P.), Govt. House, 9 a.m.—12 noon.
 H.K. Committee for Student Relief, Charity Bazaar, St. Paul's College, Pedder Hill.
 30—Tides: High 12.08 a.m. and 11.14 p.m. Low 5.17 a.m. and 4.29 p.m.
 Sunrise: 7.03 a.m.; Sunset: 6.11 p.m.
 H.K. Y's Men's Club, Tiffin Meeting, 1 p.m.
 H.K. Committee for Student Relief, Charity Bazaar, St. Paul's College, Pedder Hill.

DANCER'S DEATH MYSTERY

Sir Bernard Spilsbury travelled to Brighton after being summoned by Det. Supt. Pelling, Chief of Brighton C.I.D., to help to solve the mystery of the death of Mrs. Jack Buckley, the dancer.

After a long conference with Sir Bernard and with Mrs. Buckley's son, who is in the Air Force, Supt. Pelling said:

"We must now definitely entertain the theory of foul play. There are many difficult features in the case, the most puzzling of which is the nature of Mrs. Buckley's injuries. Everything now depends on Sir Bernard's report."

EXAMINATION OF WINDOW

Mrs. Buckley lived in a block of modern flats in Western-road, where she conducted a dancing academy and club, and Sir Bernard spent a considerable time examining a window from which she is believed to have fallen to the ground below. He then went to the borough mortuary, where he conducted a post mortem examination.

Mrs. Buckley was to have been remarried on Nov. 23 to Mr. Bryan MacCusworth, an Air Ministry Inspector, Beechwood-avenue, Brighton.

He was in Birmingham at the time of the tragedy.

Shortly before her death Mrs. Buckley had given a party at her dance club in celebration of her coming wedding. She disappeared from the party shortly before midnight. When a search was made she was found dead beneath an open window of the building.

Radio Programmes

HONGKONG

Z On Wavelengths of 353 metres (845 k.c's) 5.15 p.m.
B metres (845 k.c's) 5.15 p.m.
W metres (9.55 megacycles).

RACHMANINOFF RHAPSODY ON A THEME OF PAGANINI
 Local Newsletter

12.15 p.m. Short Service of Intercession.
 12.30 Tchaikovsky—Overture "Romance and Juliet."
 Serge Koussevitzky and the Boston Symphony Orchestra.

12.52 Two Songs by Oscar Nizake (Bass).
 Pilgrim's Song (Tchaikovsky); Myself When Young (from In a Persian Garden—Liza Lehmann).

1.00 Local Time Signal and Weather Report.
 1.03 Leslie Hutchinson (Vocal) and Roy Fox and His Orchestra.

Fox-Trots—These Foolish Things (from "Spread it abroad"); The Touch of your Lips—Roy Fox and His Orchestra. Whenever I Think of You (Woods)—Leslie Hutchinson (Vocal) at the Piano. Fox-Trots—Wah-Hoo! I'm a Muggin'—Roy Fox and His Orchestra. Afterglow (Stillman and Others); The Way You Look Tonight (film "Swing Time")—Leslie Hutchinson (Vocal) at the Piano. Fox-Trots—When My Dream Boat Comes Home; I Stumbled Over Love—Roy Fox and His Orchestra.

1.30 Reuter and Bagby Press, Weather Forecast and Announcements.

1.45 Reginald Dixon at the Organ.
 Dixon Hits No. 7—Intro: Lost; Lovely Lady; The Glory of Love. Dixon Hits No. 16—Intro: It looks like rain in Cherry Blossom Lane; The greatest mistake of my life; Wake up and live; You're here, you're there; Ten pretty girls; Love is good for anything that ails you.

1.55 Hawaiian Selections.
 Down in Walkiki (Archer); My Hawaiian Song of Love (Davis and Akai); Eddie's Hawaiian Orchestra. Maybe It's The Moon (Whiting); Rock Me In A Cradle of Kalua (Wending)—Frank Ferera's Hawaiian Trio. Song of the Islands (Charles King); Let E Hula (Noble)—Mike Hanapi and the Ilima Islanders.

2.15 Close down.
 5.45 Indian Programme.
 6.30 Closing Local Stock Quotations.

6.32 Victor Silvester and His Bull-terrier Orchestra.
 Slow Fox-Trot—Kinda Lonesome (film "St. Louis Blues"); Quickstep—Could Be, Waltz—Waltz of My Heart (from "The Dancing Years"); Quickstep—Angels Never Leave Heaven. The Veleta; Waltz—St. Bernard Waltz. Quickstep—Moon Love Slow Fox-Trot—What Shall I Say? Waltz—I Paid for the Lie that I Told You.

7.00 London Relay—The News.
 7.15 London Relay—Questions of the Hour.
 7.30 London Relay—Up and Over No. 3.
 A programme of Popular Variety Stars.

8.00 Local Time Signal, Weather Report, and Announcements.

8.03 Billy Thorburn at the Piano.
 Quickstep Medley—Intro: If I didn't care; A new moon; The pretty little Quaker Girl; Summer Sweetheart; Whistling; My first Goodnight Waltz Medley—Intro: Roses are blooming in loveland; There's danger in the Waltz; The little golden ring; Stairway to the Stars; I never knew heaven could speak; If I were sure of you.

8.15 Studio—Local Newsletter.
 8.30 Variety.

Two Planes—Roy Club Rag; Harlem—Harry Roy's Tiger-Ragamuffins with string bass and drums. Vocal—Singers on Parade—Sam Costa, Helen Clare, Paula Green, George Barclay, Pat Hyde, and Others. Guitar—There's Only Five Bullets in My Old Six Shooter; Prairie Romeo—Bob Mallin and His Guitar. Organ—River Reveries—Intro: Swanee River; Blue Danube; Old Father Thames—Quentin Maclean.
 9.00 London Relay—The News and News Commentary.
 9.30 Rachmaninoff—Rhapsody on a Theme of Paganini for Piano and Orchestra, Op. 43.
 Sergi Rachmaninoff (Piano) with Leopold Stokowski and the Philadelphia Orchestra.
 9.53 A Programme of Spanish Music.
 Seven Popular Spanish Songs (Falla)—Conchita Supervia (Mezzo-Soprano) with Piano acc. Granada. Spanish Suite (Albeniz); Cordoba (Albeniz)—Orquesta Odeon. La Zingarella (Paisiello)—Conchita Supervia (Mezzo-Sop.) with Orchestra. Goyescas—Intermezzo (Granados)—Pablo Casals (Cello) with Piano.
 10.10 Light Orchestral Music.
 10.15 Leaves—Concert Arrangement (Kennedy, Carr)—Ambrose and His Orchestra. Cavalcade of Martial Songs (arr. Nicholls)—New Mayfair Novelty Orchestra. Gerald's Lightning Hit Switch—Gerald and His Orchestra.
 10.30 Musical Comedy Selections.
 "Peter Pan" Selection (John Crook)—The London Palladium Orchestra. "Sunny Side Up"—Vocal Gems (Henderson & Others); "The Love Parade"—Vocal Gems (Scherzinger)—Light Opera Company with Orchestra. "Road of Toad Hall"—Selection (Fraser-Simson)—New Mayfair Orchestra.
 11.00 Close down.

Singers on Parade—Sam Costa, Helen Clare, Paula Green, George Barclay, Pat Hyde, and Others. Guitar—There's Only Five Bullets in My Old Six Shooter; Prairie Romeo—Bob Mallin and His Guitar. Organ—River Reveries—Intro: Swanee River; Blue Danube; Old Father Thames—Quentin Maclean.

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11.00 Close down.

SHORT WAVE

DAVENTRY
 Calls Wavelength
 G.S.G. 17.795 m. (16.5 m.)
 G.S.B. 9.51 m. (31.5 m.)
 G.S.H. 21.47 m. (31.97 m.)
 G.S.O. 15.15 m. (19.79 m.)

NEWS IN ENGLISH
 Transmission I—News Summary 4.00 p.m.
 Full Bulletin 5.00 p.m.
 Transmission V—News Summary 6.45 p.m.
 Full Bulletin 7.00 p.m.
 do. 9.00 p.m.
 do. 12.00 mid-night

Trans. I. & II—News Summary 7.30 a.m.
 Full Bulletin 8.30 a.m.

PORTABLE RADIO EXPERIMENTS

Experiments are being made by Australia's Army Signals organisation, with a portable loud speaker which would enable a commanding officer to overcome the difficulties of transmitting oral orders in the din of mechanised action.

A portable wireless set weighing approximately 25 lbs. was being produced in Australia and was being used in training camps. It could provide two-way telephonic communication for a couple of miles at least and could be conveniently carried on a man's back.

BIG STEP
 This device is a big step from the basket of carrier pigeons which went over the top with the soldiers in the last war and should supercede the hazards of laying and repairing telephone lines during an action.

The Signals Branch offers great scope for men with aptitude for this type of work and Army Schools are turning out technically equipped men whose knowledge will be most valuable to them on their return to civil life.

STAR THEATRE

HANKOW RD. KOWLOON DAILY AT 2.30-5.20-7.20-9.20 TEL. 57795

TO-DAY ONLY

Ginger ROGERS
FIFTH AVENUE GIRL
 with **WALTER CONNOLLY** • **VERREE TEASDALE** • **JAMES ELLISON**
 Tim Robb—Kathryn Adams—Franklin Pangborn
 RKO Radio Pictures Produced and Directed by GREGORY LA CAVA. Music by STEPHEN ADAMS
 A Production of RKO Radio Pictures

TOMORROW: "PRISON WITHOUT BARS"

KING'S

SHOWING TO-DAY AT 2.30, 5.10, 7.15 & 9.30 P.M.

THE STIRRING STORY OF MAN'S GREATEST ACHIEVEMENT

ALEXANDER KORDA presents
Conquest of the Air
 with **LAURENCE OLIVIER**
 From the story by **JOHN MONK SAUNDERS**
 with **FRANKLIN DYALL** • **HAY PETRIE**
HENRY VICTOR • **JOHN TURNBULL**
 CERT. U. 1131

NEXT CHANGE: "THE THIEF OF BAGDAD"
RELEASED THRU: "THE THIEF OF BAGDAD"
LOCAL ARTISTS: "THE THIEF OF BAGDAD"
IN TECHNICOLOR

ORIENTAL THEATRE

THREE IMPORTANT PICTURES OF THE PAST
 YOU'LL ENJOY SEEING AGAIN!

SPECIAL FOR TO-DAY ONLY
A MIGHTY SCREEN PAGEANT OF HUMAN MISERY!

Ten years in the galleys, then they set him free to live a lifetime of terror, a hunted thing, hell's horror dogged his footsteps day and night. Never before have its elemental passions, its stark drama, its vast human panoramas been so vividly portrayed.

VICTOR HUGO'S MASTERPIECE LIVES AGAIN

LES MISERABLES
 with **Freddie MARCH**
Charles LAUGHTON
 a **DARRYL ZANUCK** Production

FOR TO-MORROW—ONE DAY ONLY
SPLENDIDLY HUMAN FULL OF ACTION AND COMEDY!

MAGNIFICENT McLAGLEN BRUTE

FOR SATURDAY—ONE DAY ONLY
THE LAST WORD IN GIGANTIC THRILL DRAMA'S!

DESTROY RIDES AGAIN
 with **DIETRICH** • **STEWART**

MATINEES: 2.00-5.00 • EVENINGS: 2.00-5.00-7.00-9.00

CATHAY

DAILY AT 2.30, 5.15, 7.20 & 9.30 P.M.
 MATINEES: 2.30, 5.15, 7.20, 9.30 P.M.

FINAL SHOWINGS TO-DAY

IT'S CHUCKLE-FULL OF... incidents... accidents... experiences... adventures... and no end of hearty laughs!

The HONEYMOON'S OVER
 with **STUART ERWIN** • **MARJORIE WEAVER**
PATRIC KNOWLES • **RUSSELL WICKS**
JACK CARSON • **HENRY CAVANAUGH**
JUNE GALE • **E. E. CLIVE**
 A Pathé Comptrol Picture

TO-MORROW: "THE SAINT TAKES OVER"

BKO Radio: "THE SAINT TAKES OVER"
Picture: "THE SAINT TAKES OVER"
ADDED: "The Philippines, 1898-1940"

BRITAIN DIVIDED OVER U.S. ENTRY INTO WAR

Mr. Joseph Kennedy And Lease And Lend Bill

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22 (Reuter).—A statement that Britain's leadership was divided on the question of the advisability of the United States becoming an active participant in the war was made by Mr. Joseph P. Kennedy, former American Ambassador in London.

Mr. Kennedy was testifying before the Foreign Affairs Committee of the House of Representatives on President Roosevelt's Bill for helping the democracies.

Replying to questions, Mr. Kennedy said that some members of the British Government felt that if the United States entered the war, it would "find a way to carry it through." Others believed that entry of the United States would be to the detriment of Britain's war effort because it would slow down the flow of material aid from America.

"There is no unanimity on the question," declared Mr. Kennedy, who added that many people in the British Government felt that they were not yet getting all the aid that they might expect from the United States.

HE DID NOT KNOW.....

Asked whether he expected a crisis to develop in the next 60 or 70 days, Mr. Kennedy said that he did not know exactly what that meant and that there were many things in the military situation he did not understand. For example, he never understood why the German Army permitted the British Army of 300,000 to escape from Dunkirk.

If the German air force was as strong as it claimed to be, Mr. Kennedy thought it should have had a perfect chance to annihilate the British force. He did not understand why the Germans had not wrought greater destruction on Britain's industrial centres.

Mr. Kennedy continued: "If they have the strength to capture the air, a crisis might come any day. So far they have not indicated that they have that strength."

EVACUATION OF ITALIAN COLONISTS

BRITAIN'S OFFER TO ROME

LONDON, Jan. 22 (Reuter).—Britain's hint that she is willing to facilitate the removal of Italian women and children to safety from Abyssinia, Eritrea and Somaliland if Italy desires, has so far brought no response from Italy.

Mr. Churchill was interrogated in the House of Commons as to whether Britain have made arrangements for the evacuation.

The Prime Minister replied in the negative, adding that any suggestion of this character should surely come from the Italian Government or the Commanders on the spot.

In any case it will not be possible to interrupt military operations now in progress, he said.

FOOD PARCELS FOR BRITISH WAR PRISONERS

QUESTION RAISED IN COMMONS

LONDON, Jan. 22 (Reuter).—The difficulty of getting food parcels by tortuous routes to sorely pressed British war prisoners in Germany was again raised in the House of Commons yesterday.

It was officially disclosed that over a quarter million parcels were despatched by the General Post Office during the past month and that during December 100,000 parcels and over 100 tons of food left Geneva for the camps in Germany.

The War Secretary, Capt. Margesson, said a special commissioner who had gone to Lisbon to investigate had ascertained the parcels were seriously delayed in transmission across the Iberian Peninsula and France.

Ships have been chartered to convey the parcels by sea direct to Marseilles or other convenient ports.

Parcels had also been sent by the new overland route through Portugal, Spain and occupied France direct to the camps in Germany and if this route is successful it would be developed.

LONDON OUTSKIRTS BOMBED

London, Jan. 22 (Reuter).—There has been considerable enemy air activity over the eastern part of England during daylight yesterday but no important attack developed.

It is officially stated that a few bombs fell in the outskirts of London and points in the home and eastern countries.

Some damage was done to houses but very few casualties were reported.

U.S.A.'s Little Julius Streicher Liquidated

Bullying Joseph McWilliams wanted to be New York's Julius Streicher, and three months ago it looked as if his one-man campaign to start pogroms among the city's vast Jewish population would be rewarded with some measure of success.

Every day he took his soap-box round Yorkville, New York's German-town, and as day followed day more and more Nazi-minded immigrants gathered to listen to him.

McWilliams, half Red Indian and formerly a lorry driver, had a gift for inflammatory oratory. Because he puffed out his chest and threatened to beat up any one who disagreed with him, his Germanic audience respected him. He said he was head of the American "Destiny Party" and was marching along to power with Fritz Kuhn, leader of the German-American Bund, and Father Coughlin, the Nazi-loving radio priest.

Then a full-blooded Irishman named Harry Dalton was attracted to a McWilliams crowd. Dalton was a good American and a good Catholic. He got mad at McWilliams's ravings.

WENT ON FOR WEEKS.....

He daubed red, white and blue paint over one of his firm's lorries and cruised around Yorkville.

Whenever he saw McWilliams in action he parked his lorry opposite and shouted about nothing at the top of his voice.

"I got so burned up listening to this flannel mouth," said Dalton, "that I decided I'd got to finish him."

This went on for weeks, but McWilliams still made some headway.

Then, one evening Dalton wormed his way to the front of a crowd round McWilliams, who was saying that the Jews killed Christ, that Father Coughlin was the greatest man in America and Hitler the Greatest man in the world.

Dalton heckled him until McWilliams, losing his temper, tried to kick Dalton in the face.

Dalton grabbed his enemy's foot, dragged him off the platform and pummelled him for ten minutes.

"I got up on his own soap-box," said Dalton, "and talked to those guys for twenty minutes about what I thought of guys like him. I thought I'd get slugged, but they ended up cheering me."

Just as the preliminary elections were to be held New York's Little Julius Streicher was locked up for observation regarding his sanity. He polled only 688 votes.

PRO-GERMAN DISORDERS RAGING IN RUMANIA: NAZI OFFICER MURDERED

NEW YORK, Jan. 22 (Reuter).—According to a Bucharest telegram, major disorders which may require energetic measures by the Germans are raging throughout Rumania. They were of pro-German origin following the assassination of a German Major Doehring.

A message from Belgrade states that a spokesman of the Rumanian Legation said that it was untrue that there had been any attempted coup d'etat in Bucharest on Monday. He said that certain demonstrations had occurred but that order was quickly restored.

No telephone calls to or from Bucharest were accepted yesterday.

Another message, from Sofia, states that the disorders in Rumania are widespread, with street fighting and bombing between civilians. German soldiers and communists at Bucharest and elsewhere.

It is reported that the increasing resentment felt in many quarters over the German military concentrations in Rumania and against the regime of General Antonescu may flare up into a real general fight with the Nazis trying to restore order.

LEFTIST COUP?

Other reports are that the disorders may be part of a coup intended by Leftist followers of ex-King Carol and others trying to overpower the Germans and pro-German Iron Guard.

German troops removed from Giurgiu are reported to have been rushed to Bucharest and elsewhere.

MINISTERS GUARDED

ROME, Jan. 22 (Reuter).—Some Ministers in Bucharest are guarded by the Police and the wireless station is protected by a military guard, according to the Bucharest newspapers quoted here.

The newspapers publish accounts of the demonstrations staged by certain members of the Iron Guards on Monday evening but emphasize that these were orderly and insist that order prevails in Bucharest.

A communique has been issued in Bucharest dealing with the murder of Major Doehring, of the German Military Mission, who was attacked outside the headquarters of the Mission by a man who was said to have fired five shots.

DEATH SENTENCE

The decree published by the Rumanian official journal says that the death sentence will be applied in the case of the murder of German soldiers in Rumania.

Ten prominent members of the Greek colony in Bucharest have been arrested in connexion with the murder of Major Doehring, according to a Bucharest despatch to the German News Agency.

ATTEMPTED ASSASSINATION.....

LONDON, Jan. 22 (Reuter).—An attempt on the life of Colonel Oreschaniu, described as the Director General of the Rumanian railways, was made in Bucharest yesterday according to the official German News Agency.

The assailants entered Oreschaniu's office and fired several shots, wounding him, but further details of the crime are not yet available.

ARTILLERY DUEL IN ALBANIA

GREEKS MAINTAIN INITIATIVE

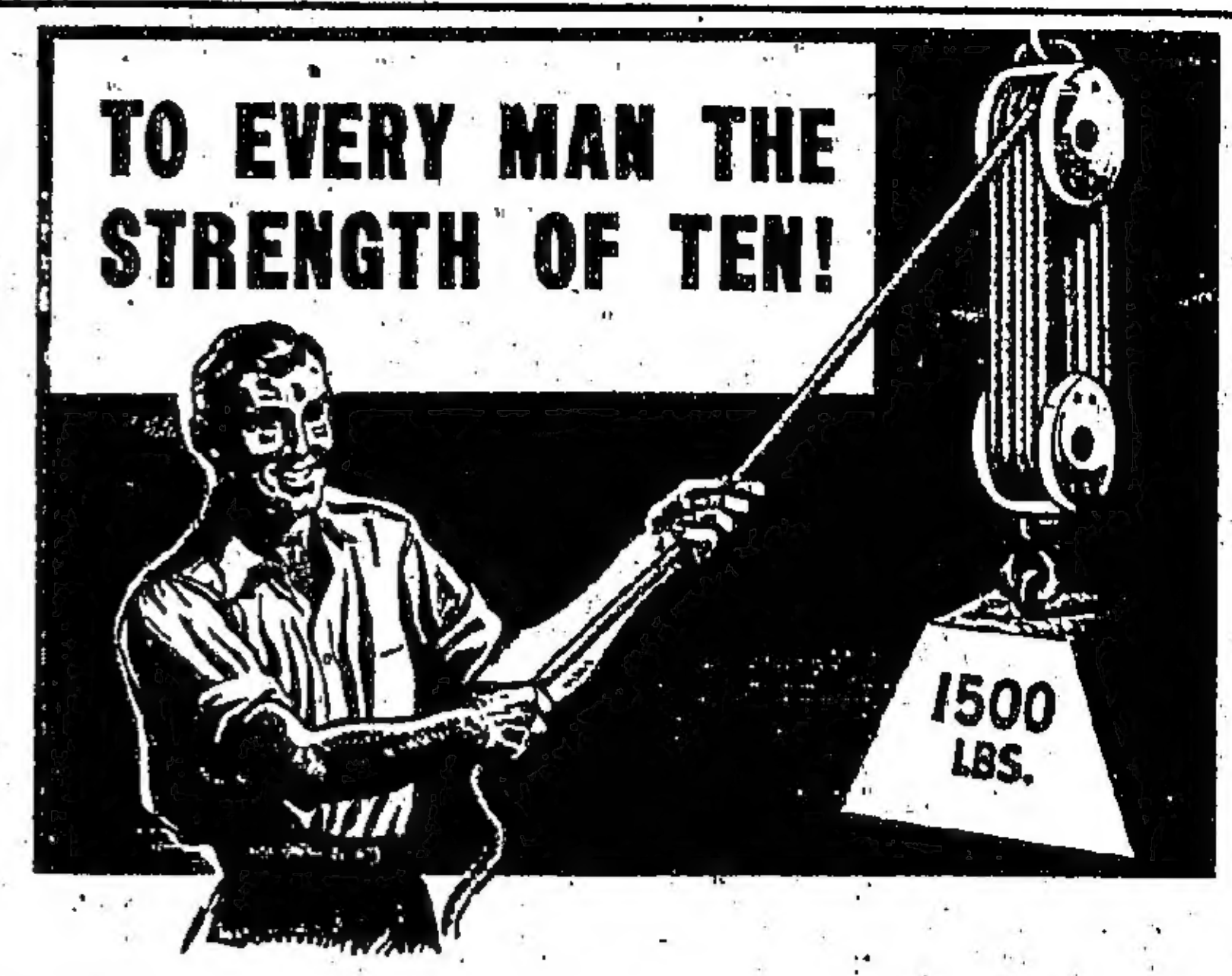
ATHENS, Jan. 22 (Reuter).—Improvement in the weather has resulted in a heavy artillery duel in the central sector of the Albanian front from dawn throughout the day.

Greek guns silenced many enemy batteries.

Thick snow covers the mountains where fighting is proceeding and there is a bitter cold fog. Despite the conditions, the Greeks continue to maintain the initiative and to displace the enemy from their fortified positions.

In the southern sector, beyond Chimara, the Greeks encircled and captured a trench mortar corps, taking many prisoners.

RANGOON, Jan. 22 (Reuter).—Major-General R. H. Dowding, Chief of the Combined Staff of the different Services under the Commander-in-Chief, Far East, and Wing-Commander Yarde, arrived here yesterday.



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9APB4

POST-WAR RECONSTRUCTION PROBLEM

Premier States His Views In Commons

LONDON, Jan. 22 (Reuter).—In concentrating his efforts on the supreme task of winning the war, Mr. Winston Churchill is not overlooking the problem of post-war reconstruction and is ready, "when a good opportunity presents itself," to enlarge upon the Government's war and peace aims.

The Prime Minister put his views in a nutshell in the House of Commons yesterday when he said: "Most right-minded people here and abroad, especially in the United States, already fully understand the causes and principles for which we are waging war upon Nazi tyranny."

"The Government is always on the lookout for any opportunity of making a statement that would help our victory and liberation, now ground down under German smoke. I am not, however, able to say anything at present."

One Member, Sir Stanley Reed, suggested that the Prime Minister consider definitely advising the Italian people that the British Commonwealth was under no misapprehension about the purpose for which they were being called to fight.

Mr. Churchill recalled his recent broadcast and said that he did not propose to add anything to it at the moment.

AIR PROTECTION FOR U.S. NAVY

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22 (Reuter).—By 130 votes to nil, the House of Representatives approved the appropriation of \$75,000,000 to strengthen the Navy's protection against air attack.

(This was the first Bill to be passed by the House at the 77th Congress.

TRAWLERS SUNK

LONDON, Jan. 22 (Reuter).—Two trawlers Manx Prince and Refundo, have been sunk, states an Admiralty communique. There was no loss of life in the Manx Prince but there were casualties in the Refundo.

Two British Newspapers Suppressed

LONDON, Jan. 22 (Reuter).—Britain's leading Communist newspaper, Daily Worker, has been suppressed by the Government under the Defence Regulations.

Another Left Wing periodical, called The Week, is similarly suppressed.

The Home Secretary is satisfied that these papers systematically publish matter calculated to foment opposition to the successful prosecution of the war, states an official announcement.

Officers of Scotland Yard raided the office of the Daily Worker yesterday and stopped publication just as it was going to press.

HEAVY BOMBERS RAID VALONA

ENEMY FIGHTERS DRIVEN OFF

ATHENS, Jan. 22 (Reuter).—Valona was subjected to its heaviest aerial bombing attacks of the war on the night of Jan. 19 and 20, when heavy bombers raided the dockyard at night.

Large explosions occurred in the target area and smaller fires were also caused, but the weather was too bad for full results to be seen.

In a daylight raid on Valona, a number of high explosive bombs fell on buildings on the south jetty and foreshore and must have caused considerable damage.

Enemy fighters, attacked but were evaded after a fifteen-minute engagement.

On the return journey, our formation attacked and damaged an enemy float plane.

Brindisi railway station was attacked but results could not be observed owing to cloud.

All our aircraft returned safely.

LONDON, Jan. 22 (Reuter).—From Feb. 1 the Ministry of Food will be the sole purchaser of rice for importation into Britain.



"This is all wrong
—but H.B.'s all right!"

Fourth Death Sentence Passed In Two Days: Impassioned Plea By Counsel For Defence

An impassioned and eloquent plea for the acquittal of WU LEUNG, 24, was made by Mr. Percy Chen, defending counsel, in his final address to the jury when accused was arraigned before the Chief Justice, Sir Atholl MacGregor, at the Criminal Sessions yesterday, on a charge of the murder of Lo Kiu, 20, woman, with whom accused had been living for some time.

Mr. J. Reynolds, Crown Counsel prosecuted, and Mr. Percy Chen, instructed by Mr. Alfred Y. Hon, appeared for the defence. The jury comprised Messrs. A. C. Ellis (Foreman), Mok Wei-leung, Shum Ho-chuen, Ng Hang-on, D. J. Ruttonjee, J. J. Edgar and Wong Chap-yin.

After a retirement of 12 minutes, the jury returned a verdict of Guilty coupled with a recommendation for mercy on account of accused's youth.

His Lordship passed sentence of death.

CROWN CASE

Mr. Reynolds said that the deceased was a spinster of 20 years of age. About three years ago she became acquainted with the accused who was then employed as a car cleaner at Gilman and Company. Towards the end of last year she lived with accused.

Deceased received a letter as a result of which she went back to Wanchai to see accused's mother. A few days later accused came to see deceased.

The deceased and her sister's family later removed to No. 5 Sheung Fung Lane without informing anyone. A few days later accused was heard asking for Ah Kiu but went away when told that there was no such person there. He returned and asked deceased, "Ah Kiu, do you want to go back to Wanchai or not?" Deceased refused and was asked by accused to go to the police station to have the matter settled.

On reaching the second floor of the landing, it was alleged, accused struck deceased several blows in succession.

16 WOUNDS

Dr. P. F. S. Court found 16 stab wounds, three of which would have proved fatal.

Accused testified that he did not mean to kill his wife as he loved her.

The jury were exempted from duty for the period of the present jury year.

FOUR WEDDINGS AT REGISTRY

Mr. T. S. Whyte-Smith, Registrar of Marriages, officiated at the following marriages at the Registry yesterday:

Mr. Ng Kai-kin, import and export merchant, of No. 78, Tung-lwan Road, and Miss Li Tak-tong, of No. 156, Tung-lwan Road.

Mr. Wong Kim-fa, teacher, of No. 131, Caine Road, and Miss Sun Wai-ying, of No. 42, Russell Street.

Mr. Chau Siu-chung, of No. 112, Reclamation Street and Miss Yu Sau-ha, of No. 162, Tung Choi St.

Mr. Cheuk-wa Leung, engineer, of No. 85, Wong-nel-chong Road, and Miss Camilla Ying Lin-pang, of No. 2, King's Terrace.

ANNOUNCEMENTS

The following forthcoming weddings are announced:

Mr. Hung Lai-tong, of No. 67, Chun Yung Street, and Miss Ching Nan-kee, of No. 460, Lockhart Road.

Mr. Lui Ping, merchant, of No. 173, Wing Lok Street, and Miss Leung Kin-hing, of No. 17, King's Street.

Mr. Cheung Wai-nan, of No. 1, Staunton Street, and Miss Leung Shuk-wah, of No. 48, Graham St. Mr. Archibald Duncan Armour, engineer of the s.s. "Taiyuan," and Miss Lydia Mary Higgins, physiotherapist, residing at No. 174, Pokfulam Road.

EXAMINATIONS FOR POSTAL WORKERS

The preliminary examination of the Higher Service Personnel and the special examination of the postal clerks are being held simultaneously at Chungking, Chengtu, Kunming, Kweilin, Sian, Loyang, Lanchow, Taiho (Kiangsi), Lichun (Chekiang), and Yunnan (Fukien). In the Chungking area, 500 candidates sit for the examinations, while the total number of candidates in various places is estimated at more than 2,000. (Central News).

ROUND THE POLICE COURTS

AT CENTRAL

PSEUDO FORTUNE-TELLERS

Two females who believed in fortune-telling were the victims of an organised group of thieves.

One of the gang, Chan Wo, 40, unemployed, was arrested and brought before Mr. H. G. Sheldon yesterday on charges of obtaining by means of a trick, with others not in custody, a gold neck chain, a gold jade setting ring, a gold cross and a metal wrist watch from Cheung Choi-fung, 22, spinner, and a gold jade setting ring and a \$10 note from Tung Sau-fong, 27, married woman, on Jan. 16 at No. 528, Queen's Road West, first floor.

Prosecuting, Insp. F. D. R. Tuckett said on Jan. 15 a man called at the complainants' house and told them that they had bad luck coming to them. Before the complainants could ask him what was the bad luck, the man left, promising them that he would bring a fortune-teller to them to help them cast aside the alleged misfortune. The next day, defendant came along in the company of the man.

He asked the complainants to put their jewellery each in an empty cigarette box, to be placed under their pillows for four days, after which he would return. After the four days time had elapsed, there being no sign of defendant returning, the complainants opened the boxes and found them to contain nothing but rice.

Apparently, defendant had substituted the boxes which contained the jewellery with these two, when the complainants were not looking. He was arrested in front of the World Theatre on Jan. 21, and found to have in his pocket \$25.08, which he admitted were part of the proceeds of the stolen articles. The total value stolen amounts to \$202.

Pleading guilty to both charges, defendant was sentenced to a total of three months and six weeks of hard labour.

The money recovered was ordered by Mr. Sheldon to be divided between the two complainants.

TSE FA GAMBLERS

Four unemployed were charged before Mr. Sheldon yesterday with keeping common gaming houses for the purpose of use in at different addresses in the Colony on Jan. 21.

Pleading guilty to keeping the ground floor of No. 29, Yik Yam Street as a common gaming house, Chu Chak, 43, and Lo Ngau, 32, were each fined \$75, or in default, six weeks' hard labour. Four dollars and 35 cents picked up in the raid were to the poor box.

Det. Sgt. V. Morrison prosecuted.

Pun Po-man, 29, and Wong Tak-man, 23, were arrested, when a police party conducted a raid on the first floor of No. 108, Queen's Road East.

First defendant, failing to appear in Court, had his bail of \$75 estreated, while second defendant was sentenced to pay a fine of the same amount, or six weeks' hard labour.

Det. Sgt. J. R. Bentley was in charge.

THEFT OF STEEL BOLTS

Convicted of stealing four steel bolts from the Talkoo Docks on Jan. 21, Wong Fai, 22, boiler maker, was sentenced by Major Macfadyen yesterday to pay a fine of \$20, or the alternative of six weeks' hard labour.

Sgt. Kinloch, prosecuting, stated that the articles, which is worth \$1, was found concealed in defendant's person during a routine search at the gate.

EXPELLED FROM COLONY

An order that Kwan Kuen, 32, unemployed, be sent to Macao was made by Mr. Lowry yesterday, when defendant appeared on charges of theft of property, possession of an instrument fit for an unlawful purpose and returning from life banishment.

Kwan admitted stealing a watch and chain, a jade appendage, a brass medal, \$10.58 in money, clothing, cigarettes and a chopper, the property of Ho Soan-so, widow, at No. 380, Queen's Road Central, first floor, and to stealing clothing belonging to Tsui Lin, married woman, at the same address on Jan. 21.

Defendant had eight previous convictions, four of which were for returning from banishment.

Det. Sgt. Cochrane prosecuted.

IMPERSONATING POLICE

"Although it was second defendant who actually committed the crime, and was spokesman of the

party, it was first defendant who was the leader of the gang. Because of his European extraction and European-style clothes, he assumed the role of an European inspector heading the alleged police party," remarked Sgt. W. L. Kinloch in the prosecution of four men, Fred Mack Johnson, 57, unemployed clerk, Lo Hung, 23, plumber's apprentice, Cheung Yum, 28, unemployed room boy, and Leung Cho Cho, 28, unemployed hawk, on charges of impersonating police constables, stealing \$8, and four opium pipes before Major A. N. Macfadyen yesterday.

All defendants pleaded guilty to charges. First defendant was fined a total of \$175, or three months and six weeks' imprisonment, second defendant, \$135, or three months and 14 days, third and fourth defendants, \$120, or two months and 28 days each.

FILTHY EATING HOUSE

Mo Yuk-ki, licensee of an eating house at No. 83, Main Street West, ground floor, Shauiwan, was summoned before Mr. Sheldon yesterday for failing to keep the place in a clean condition and free from all noxious matter on Jan. 2. Senior Health Insp. S. Ecclesshall, prosecuting, said after a cholera case had broken out in the premises, the place was thoroughly cleaned and disinfected. On a visit there on Jan. 2, he found the place to be filthy. The same condition prevailed when he made another visit on Jan. 21.

Pleading guilty, defendant was fined \$100.

HEARING REMANDED

Charged with attempt to obtain money by false pretences from Lo Kan, 41, hawker, on Jan. 20, Au Kin, 28, unemployed, was ordered by Mr. Sheldon, to be remanded for a week for making enquiries.

Det. Sgt. Morrison, prosecuting, said that on Jan. 20, complainant received a letter from defendant asking complainant to meet him outside Wing On Company, bringing some money along, so that he could be able to recover complainant's two sons, who were missing since Jan. 9. Complainant reported the matter to the Police, and defendant was arrested. At the police station, defendant stated that he actually knew nothing of the whereabouts of the children.

BURGLAR IMPRISONED

Convicted of entering the second floor of No. 109, Hennessy Road on Oct. 27 last, and stealing three female fur-lined long coats, valued at \$1,060, and three female silk long coats, valued at \$60; the property of Tam Suk-ching, 54, widow, Lai Tung, 25, unemployed, was sentenced by Mr. Sheldon to six months' hard labour. He was also recommended for banishment.

Prosecuting, Det. Sgt. Morrison said that after stealing the coats, defendant pawned them all. Two fur-lined ones were recovered.

SENTENCE REDUCED

A fine of \$250 or the alternative of three months' hard labour, which was imposed on Jan. 20 on a 33-year-old married woman, Tse Sin-ki, convicted of assaulting a five-year-old child, Chan Mun-ying, daughter of her husband's second wife, at No. 166, Johnston Road, second floor, on Jan. 16, came up for review by Mr. Sheldon yesterday, when it was reduced to \$100 fine, or three months' hard labour.

STOLE TYPEWRITER

Charged with stealing a typewriter, from No. 10, Pottinger Street, the property of P. Y. Yeung, manager of Wang Bros., Lin Pook-choi, 28, unemployed, on remand before Mr. G. T. Lowry yesterday, when he was sentenced to one month's hard labour.

AT KOWLOON

BOUND OVER

Convicted of stealing 30 logs of wood from outside the C.N.A.C. workshop in the Kai Tak Airport, Tong Tat, 23, driver, was ordered to sign a personal bond of \$10 to be of good behaviour for a year by Mr. E. Himsforth yesterday.

THEFT OF BOTTLES

For larceny of 23 bottles from a P. and O. boat lying in the Kowloon Docks, Wong Tai, 23, watchman, was fined \$10 or a month in prison by Mr. Himsforth yesterday.

Sgt. A. E. Haynes, prosecuting, said that defendant was employed as a temporary watchman on board the boat. About 9 a.m. on Tuesday he was seen putting the bottles into a box. He was search-

WINTER SALE

— NOW PROCEEDING —

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- GRAPEFRUIT SET (SERVERS) \$10.50
- CASE CONTAINING 6 TEASPOONS \$ 3.50
- POCKET KNIVES \$1.50, \$2.50 & \$ 3.00
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STATUE OF ARCH TRAITORS

General Ku Cui-lung, Commander-in-Chief of the Chinese Forces in the Third War Zone, has circularised the authorities in the south-eastern provinces instructing them to cast iron statues of Wang Ching-wei and his wife in a kneeling position and place them before the monuments for unknown fallen heroes as a disgrace to the arch traitors. He also instructed his subordinates to use the picture of Wang's head as a target for shooting practice.

The people in Fowling, Kiangsi, have cast iron statues of the couple to be placed in front of the tomb of unknown fallen heroes at Saddle Mountain there. (Central News).

HEARING FIXED

W. T. Stoneham, of No. 33B, Hillwood Road, was summoned before Mr. Himsforth yesterday for assaulting a bus driver of the Kowloon Motor Bus Co., Wu Ping, on Jan. 12 and causing him bodily harm.

Hearing of the case was fixed for Jan. 30 at 11.30 a.m.

D. O. SOUTH

BOUND OVER

Lo Che-sze appeared on remand before Mr. S. F. Balfour yesterday on the charge of possession of 200 rounds of ammunition without the permission of the Commissioner of Police, and was bound over in the sum of \$200 to be of good behaviour for one year.

BAITS ESTREATED

Wong Ki, charged with keeping an un-numbered house at Tai San Back Street, Cheung Chau, as a common gaming house, failed to appear before Mr. Balfour yesterday and had his bail of \$35 estreated.

Seventeen others, charged with gambling in Wong Ki's premises, also failed to appear and have their balls of \$3 each estreated. Table money totalling \$271 was ordered to be placed into the Poor Box.

Sgt. McMahon prosecuted in both cases.

HONG KONG RADIO REVIEW

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SATURDAY, JANUARY 25th, 1941

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NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

BANK HOLIDAYS.

In Accordance with Government Ordinance, THE EXCHANGE BANKS will be CLOSED for the Transaction of PUBLIC BUSINESS on MONDAY & TUESDAY, the 27th & 28th January, 1941. (China New Year Holidays). Hongkong, 22nd January, 1941.

HONGKONG HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY

The Committee regret that, owing to the abnormal conditions now prevailing in the Colony, it has been found impossible to arrange for a Flower Show this year.

Dated 22nd January, 1941.

George G. N. Tinson,
Hon. Secretary.

HONG KONG/SANDAKAN SERVICE

Effective 1st February, 1941 rates on all cargo carried by our vessels to Sandakan will be increased by 20%.

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TRIAL JURY WENT HOME

The war has created criminal law history. For the first time a murder trial jury at the Old Bailey were allowed to separate instead of being locked up night after night until they bring in a verdict.

This departure has been made to facilitate jurors under the "present existing conditions."

Murder trial juries, usually consisting of 10 men and two women, are nightly escorted to a hotel in the City by jury bailiffs. They are accommodated in a special corridor.

Women jury bailiffs are employed to accompany the women jurors.

NEW ORDER

The Government have just issued a new order to courts allowing the judge to exercise his discretion in the release of juries.

Mr. Justice Tucker, allowing the jury to return to their homes yesterday, told them:

"You are the first jury in the history of this country, dealing with a murder trial, to be allowed to go back to your own homes every night."

He told them that under prevailing circumstances it would be unwise for them to be locked up in the City of London, and asked them to keep their own counsel about the case, even among their own households.

Two men and one woman bailiff usually accompany a jury to a hotel—a party of 15 in all. It has been found impossible to find sufficient accommodation for such a number just outside London, even though they were to be taken there by special coach.

The Old Bailey trial concerned Mrs. Florence Ransom, of Piddington, near Blestee, Oxfordshire, charged with the murder on July 9 of Mrs. Dorothy Fisher, of Tonbridge, Kent.

The Daily Press
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HONGKONG, JANUARY 23, 1941.

THE BEST USE OF MAN-POWER

THE PROPOSAL outlined by the British Minister of Labour and National Service, on Tuesday to obtain the maximum use of Britain's man-power by Government control of labour and industry in the country, cannot fail, as Mr. Bevin declared, to meet with a great response. The scheme, when it becomes law, will immediately cause a tremendous speed-up of the country's war efforts and will provide the surest answer to those who complain that Britain is depending over-much on help from outside. The proposal is nothing less than a guarantee to the world that Britain is ready to make the biggest sacrifices and endeavours within her means to help herself and thus to ensure that any assistance she secures from abroad will serve to reinforce those efforts and to make the successful accomplishment of her task possible. The morale of the British people, as a survey by the Government has shown, has risen to such a high standard that there can now be no limit to their willingness to throw every ounce of their energy into field of war-time production.

THE ORGANISATION of this man-power will, of course, be a stupendous task, but when the benefits that workers will obtain from this training are considered, there is no reason to suppose that the training period will in any way hamper the war effort. Unskilled and semi-skilled workers will soon become proficient in the various trades into which they will be mobilised and, apart from this, it will relieve the strain under which Britain's present labour army is functioning and afford them a little more relaxation from long hours of duty. As far as industrial firms are concerned, their co-operation in the new scheme is assured. Already the majority of them have devoted their plants to the national effort. They no longer think in terms of personal profit, but in terms of the nation's interests. It is under this reorganisation of labour and industry that Britain will go forward and on to the end of the road to victory.

SABRE-RATTLING

WHILE this great step forward in Britain's war effort is being organised and while similar steps to reinforce it are even now being discussed and planned in Britain's sister democracy across the Atlantic, from where reaffirmations of determination and resolve to support Britain continue to make hundred per cent. assistance for resistance against aggression now a certainty, the Axis Powers, disconcerted by reverses and alarmed by potential developments which are gathering in strength and effect and which are threatening to frustrate their unbridled passion for power, are again indulging in their war of nerves. Diplomatic offensives are

POSITION IN ALBANIA: AXIS MEETING AND ITS SIGNIFICANCE TO GREECE

"The unity of interest between the allies and the people of the freedom loving nations of the world is beginning to find expression. Great Britain and Greece already stand side by side and the Greek soldiers are continuing their advance, continually eating into the foundations of the ugly system that Signor Mussolini thought was Fascist Italy," said M. STAVREDI, B.B.C. commentator, when he broadcast from London yesterday.

M. Stavredi was discussing the position in Albania and the significance of the meeting of the Axis partners as far as Greece was concerned.

WEATHER CONDITIONS

The speaker referred to present weather conditions in Albania and described how the Balkan winter had now settled down on the Albanian battlefield like a dish cover. An icy mist was now rising from the marshes and was driven along by freezing winds. The mountains were covered with snow and wrapt in clouds, and each man seemed to be cut off and isolated in a world of his own.

The usual sound of an army on the move took on a eerie strangeness. In spite of these conditions the Greek army continued to move and long trains of mules climbed up and up through the blizzards to bring light guns into position and to furnish the troops with supplies.

"Through all this the Greek soldier preserves the initiative," said the speaker. "They refuse to surrender to the weather. They stamp their feet and beat their hands and talk and laugh to prevent the silence from invading their brains."

"Fortified positions are falling to the point of the bayonet—a gnawing here and a nibbling there, and when the work is done more positions fall."

CAPTURE OF KILSURA

The speaker went on to comment on the capture of Kilsura by the Greeks. The importance of this capture was in the fact that Kilsura, protected an old road junction to Berat and the port of Valona. The town had been strongly fortified by General Soddu

intermingled with threats and sabre-rattling which has been going on in the west and the east. The propaganda which has been skillfully engineered round the latest secret meeting between Herr Hitler and Signor Mussolini is all aimed at predicting the most fearful horrors for those who have dared to oppose the Axis plans.

BEHIND the scenes of the Axis drama, however, it is not difficult to imagine that a far different atmosphere prevails. Herr Hitler must have conveyed exactly what he thought of his partner in crime when they met at his lair in Berchtesgaden. Signor Mussolini must have felt like an errant schoolboy when he appeared before the Nazi war-lord to plead for forgiveness and for a few crumbs of assistance. Grudgingly, in view of his aversion to being involved in a war on two fronts at this stage of the hostilities, when his whole purpose has to be devoted to breaking down British resistance, Herr Hitler has flung a few crumbs of help to his Italian confederate and has turned angrily on his Far Eastern partner and demanded some move to distract British and American attention from the western front and also to enable him to plan his campaign in south-east Europe. Hence Mr. Matsuo's belligerent tone and the Axis sponsored reports of coming events in the Balkans and against the greatest obstacle to his dreams—Great Britain, Britain and her allies, and the ever increasing circle of friends she now has, remain unperturbed. The response to Britain's clarion call to the free peoples of the world is rising above the tramp of the Nazi boot.

and its fall was such a shock to the Italian Commander that he immediately resigned for reasons of ill-health.

"The capture of Kilsura," said M. Stavredi, "was a particularly brilliant achievement. The Greeks had to advance along a valley and the success of the operation has been a devastating, if not fatal, blow to the position of Tepelini."

"The Italian retreat is not an easy one. They must either go west with the Greeks on the heights, or north towards Berat, but a section of the road to Berat is already under Greek fire. The Italian position is altogether unhealthy in spite of the arrival of reinforcements from Italy, some of whom glory in the name of 'The Wolves of Tuscany.' Over 1,000 of them have already been taken prisoner and the Greeks claim that the total Italian casualties is about 46,000."

HELP FROM ABROAD

M. Stavredi next referred to the help which the Greeks were getting from overseas, including Britain, the United States and Canada and India. Signor Mussolini who proudly boasted that he could without aid conquer the Greeks had now to go to the Germans for assistance.

"The meeting of the two dictators has already resulted in some dissolution of Signor Mussolini's independence," said the speaker, who then turned to the effect the Greek successes and the British victories were having on the smaller nations in increasing their resistance to the Axis Powers.

"Since the British victories in Libya, the true qualities of the allied armies are beginning to be appreciated," said M. Stavredi.

"The unity of interest between the allies and the people of freedom loving nations in the world is beginning to find expression. Great Britain and Greece already stand side by side and the Greek soldiers carry on their advance, continually eating further into the foundations of the ugly system that Signor Mussolini thought was Fascist Italy."

Fine Benefit Performance At King's

DISTINGUISHED AUDIENCE

The benefit performance of "Diversissements" was given before a capacity audience at the King's Theatre last evening. Under the distinguished patronage of His Excellency the Acting Governor, the show was jointly sponsored by the Kinning Hospital Appeal Committee and the China Defence League.

Centre of attraction of the evening were the dances by Miss Ai-lan Tai, and bass solos rendered by Mr. Y. K. Sze.

Mr. Sze thrilled the audience with "Ombra Mai Fu" (Large) and Serenade. He also sang two operatic selections with a Chinese choir of 50 voices.

HAMMOND ORGAN

Mr. J. R. M. Smith, who accompanied Miss Tai, also played two solos on the Hammond organ. The Chinese Choral Society, composed of 50 picked voices, sang remarkably under the directorship of Mr. Fung Hin-tung, leader of the Hop Yai Church Choir.

Dr. W. W. Yen, Chairman of the Appeal Committee and Mme. Sun Yat-sen, Chairman of the China Defence League, were both present to receive the distinguished guests among whom were Lady Clark Kerr, wife of the British Ambassador to China, Bishop Hall, Hon. Mr. N. L. Smith, Hon. Sir Shouson Chow, Sir Robert Ho Tung, Hon. M. K. Lo and others. It is learned that the proceeds, estimated at between \$4,444 and \$5,000, will go to the Kinning Hospital and the International Peace Hospitals.



Mr. Cheung Tsek, a student of St. John's University, and his bride, formerly Miss Doris Lou, after their marriage at St. Paul's Church.—(Mayfair Studio).

NEWSETTES

An alarm was sounded yesterday when appliances were called to deal with a chimney fire in Chiu Leong Street, near the Wing On Company, about 7.30 p.m.

A Cabaret and Dance, organised by the Ladies' Committee of the British War Organisation Fund, will be held at the Peninsula Hotel on Friday, January 31.

The speaker at European Y.M.C.A. Discussion Group to be held on Sunday, January 28, at 9 p.m. in the West Lounge will be Mr. Chen Han-seng, Secretary of the Chinese Industrial Co-operatives, and the subject will be "How to up lift the standard of living in China." All are cordially invited.

The European Y.M.C.A. A.D.C. presented "Twelfth Night" to an appreciative matinee audience yesterday which included many school children. Miss Norah Witcheil, whose sudden illness caused postponement of the show after the first night, has completely recovered and yesterday gave a splendid portrayal as Olivia. The producer is Mr. W. H. E. Colledge.

The engagement is announced between Harry, son of Mr. and Mrs. Jackson, Preston, Lancs, and Hannah, daughter of the late Mr. Smith and of Mrs. Smith, Egremont, Cumberland.

The marriage took place on January 12, at their residence in Shanghai, before the Consul General for Denmark, of Marcelle Clements to Axel Jacobsen.

The death occurred on January 12, at 140 Route des Soeurs, of Angelina Temple Sarraja, aged 34 years, wife of Mr. B. E. Sarraja. Funeral services were held on January 14, at the Lokawei Cemetery.

The death occurred on January 14, at Shanghai of Michael Keane (Chinese Maritime Customs), aged 44 years, beloved husband of Annie Keane, Requiem Mass was held at the Church of Christ the King, Rue Bourgeat, on January 17, and interment at Bubbling Well Cemetery.

The death occurred on January 15, at Melbourne, Australia, of Montague Kirby Boyd, aged 68 years.

Mme. R. E. Jobez and her four children left Shanghai recently en route for London, where she will rejoin her husband, Captain Jobez, who was formerly with the French Concession Police in Shanghai and is now in London as a supporter of the de Gaulle movement.

THE WEATHER

Maximum temperature yesterday was 77 and the minimum 69 compared with 82 and 59 on Tuesday. Total rainfall since Jan. 1 is 3.24 inches against an average of 0.56. The Royal Observatory report states:

The anticyclone has moved away to the east of the Bonins and there are indications of another forming over Mongolia.

A depression is moving eastward across B. Korea, and a trough of low pressure extends from it across the Eastern Sea and S. China to another depression over Tongking.

RESOLUTIONS SENT TO BRITISH WORKERS

A resolution on solidarity with British workers and another expressing sympathy with nations "trampled by Axis aggression," were transmitted to the British Trade Union Congress and the International Federation of Trade Unions by the Chinese Association of Labour which held its third annual conference in Chungking on Jan. 15.

Delegates representing 200 units of the Association from all parts of China attended the meeting. The resolution on solidarity with British workers reads:

The Third Annual Conference of the Chinese Association of Labour, held in Chungking, on Jan. 15, 1941, the fifth calendar year of China's war of resistance to Japanese aggression, in the midst of Japanese aerial bombardments.

Considering the truth proven by time of the indivisibility of peace, of the conspiracy for merciless domination of other nations by the so-called Axis Powers, namely, Japan, Germany and Italy, and

Recognising the community of interest and the unity of purpose on the part of the working class of Great Britain and of China—the bulwarks against Axis aggressions—respectively in the West and in the East;

Declares on behalf of the working masses of China the unalterable determination to carry on the war to victory with unremitting efforts in resistance to Japanese attempts at domination of this part of the world so as to ensure peace and security for mankind, and

Demands, in the name of the Chinese people and of the principles which have united and will continue to unite the workers of China and of Britain, an enhanced measure of mutual support, moral and material, between our two great defenders of world democracy and, in particular, intensified efforts on the part of British workers to check the ambition of the Japanese militarists, by a more rigorous embargo on the export of war materials and on the import of war materials for and on the import of products from the Japanese Empire.

AXIS AGGRESSIONS
The resolution in sympathy with nations trampled by Axis aggressions reads:

Whereas the peace-loving and democratic nations of Czechoslovakia, Norway, Denmark, the Netherlands, Belgium, Luxembourg, and France have, in quick succession been subjugated by Nazi brute force,

Whereas the Italian Fascists have thrown in their lot with their German accomplices for the purpose

American's Tribute To British Colonial Policy

Reminiscences of his last 25 years in Malaya—"wonderful years, filled with an ever increasing regard for the British people as a whole, for scores of British subjects individually," to quote his own words—were recalled by the Rev. F. L. Peach, principal of the Methodist Boys' School, Kuala Lumpur, when speaking on "Twenty-five years under the Union Jack" at the Rotary Club in Kuala Lumpur.

"I feel happy to have spent 25 years under the Union Jack, which I admire and respect, and am ready to support second only to the Stars and Stripes," Rev. Peach declared, when referring to "this terrific struggle in the midst of which my country stands side by side with Britain."

Rev. Peach, whose first contact with Singapore shores was in December, 1914, stated in a most interesting address that in the years he had learnt to admire the "marvellous efficiency of the British Colonial policy and the tolerance, justice, freedom and charity extended to the alien races who live and prosper here."

"Out of the extension of these elements of progress to the people has risen a citizenship of Malaya that will for ever be a credit to British history," he stated.

Rev. Peach then recollected names of Britons in Malaya whom he had always admired, among them being the late Rev. G. F. Fyke, the late Rev. Horley, Miss Fugh, Sir Laurence Guillemard, Sir Richard Windstedt and Dr. Smith.

"Rotary," he said, "has meant a great deal to me in the last ten years to fix permanently the eternal values of friendship in a cosmopolitan land like Malaya."

"I am glad that my years of service here are ending in the atmosphere of Rotary. I could not ask for a more profitable memory in the years ahead than to know that Rotarians here, in Kuala Lumpur, Ipoh and Penang, and all over this country are my friends."

BUSES A SLUR ON PENANG

That the buses in Penang are run without regard to the comfort and convenience of the travelling public for whom they are intended; the services are uneconomic to the operators and many vehicles are a potential danger on the roads, and that whilst the present conditions exist the public passenger bus services benefit nobody and must remain a reproach to the Island, are some of the conclusions arrived at by Mr. A. L. Stallworthy, Chairman of the Transport Board, F.M.S., in a report to the Penang Municipal Commissioners, upon traffic conditions in Penang as he found them during an inspection on Nov. 5, 6 and 7, 1940.

The report, Mr. Stallworthy says, should not in any sense be regarded in the light of criticism of any persons responsible for the traffic conditions in Penang, but rather as a survey of conditions as he found them together with suggestions which he hoped, might contribute towards the adjustment of the problem of competing public passenger services.

WELLINGTON, Jan. 22 (Reuter). About 600 naval ratings will be trained annually at a special establishment, the creation of which was announced today. Except for ratings required for ships of the New Zealand naval forces, all men will be available to the Admiralty for drafting to ships wherever they are required.

THURSDAY, JAN. 23, 1941.

FULL TEXT OF JUDGMENT BY CHIEF JUSTICE IN THE EVACUATION TEST CASE

Defence (Entry Restrictions) Regulations Not Ultra Vires

JUDGMENT FOR THE DEFENDANTS was given by the Chief Justice, Sir Atholl MacGregor, in the Supreme Court on Tuesday morning in the EVACUATION TEST CASE.

The case was brought by MRS. MABEL EVELYN BLAIR, of No. 12, Broadwood Road, who was represented by the Hon. Mr. Leo D'Almada, jun., instructed by Mr. Edgar Davidson, and the HON. MR. C. G. PERDUE, Acting Commissioner of Police, and MR. E. C. LUSCOMBE, A.S.P., were cited as the defendants for whom Mr. H.C. Macnamara, instructed by Mr. E. W. Davies, Crown Solicitor, appeared.

The writ of summons stated the plaintiff's claims to be—
(a) for a declaration that Regulation No. 3 of Defence (Entry Restrictions) Regulations, so far as it applies to British subjects resident in the Colony, is ultra vires, void and of no effect;
(b) alternatively, a declaration that the defendants have no power under Regulation No. 6 (b) of the said Regulations to compel the plaintiff to leave the Colony against her will;
(c) an injunction to restrain the defendants or any police officer authorised by the first defendant from taking action against the plaintiff under the said Regulations;
(d) such further or other relief as shall be just; and
(e) costs.

THE JUDGMENT

The Plaintiff, a British woman domiciled in Hongkong, by her writ claims against the defendants, who are respectively the Commissioner of Police and a Commissioned Officer of the Police Force, the following declarations:

(1) That Regulation 3 of the Defence (Entry Restrictions) Regulations, 1940, so far as it applies to British subjects resident in the Colony is ultra vires, void and of no effect; and (2) That the defendants have no power under Regulation 6 (b) of the said Regulations to compel the plaintiff to leave the Colony against her will. She also claims an injunction.

The writ bears date December 13, 1940, and on the plaintiff's application in Chambers that day for an interim injunction it was agreed that the hearing and determination of that application should be treated as the trial of the action. There are therefore no pleadings, but the parties have agreed that for our present purposes the defence be regarded as a general traverse and the plaintiff be put to the proof of all material allegations.

EMERGENCY POWERS

The Emergency Powers (Defence) Act, 1939, which was passed by the Imperial Parliament on August 24, 1939, was extended to the Colony by Order of His Majesty in Council dated 25th August, 1939. Section I (1) of that Act, making the necessary modifications prescribed by the Order in Council reads:

"I. (1) Subject to the provisions of this section, the Governor may make such Regulations (in this Act referred to as "Defence Regulations") as appear to him to be necessary or expedient for securing the public safety, the defence of the territory, the maintenance of public order and the efficient prosecution of any war in which His Majesty may be engaged, and for maintaining supplies and services essential to the life of the community."

On November 19, 1940, the Governor under the foregoing powers made Regulations entitled the "Defence (Entry Restrictions) Regulations, 1940," which contain, inter alia, the following provisions:

II (1). In these Regulations (a) "competent authority" means the Commissioner of Police.

III (1). No person, whether a British subject or not, coming as a passenger by sea or air from a place outside this Colony shall disembark in this Colony unless (b) he has first obtained on such passport, travel document, certificate, permit or pass the written indorsements of the competent authority permitting him to enter this colony.

V. In making or declining to make any indorsement for which provision is made by these regulations, the competent authority shall act in accordance with the general or special instructions of the Colonial Secretary, and the Colonial Secretary may revoke or vary any decision of the competent authority.

VI. If any person fails to comply with any condition imposed under regulation 3 he shall be deemed to have contravened the provisions of that regulation, and,

without prejudice to any proceedings which may be taken against him under regulation 84 of the Defence Regulations, 1940, as applied by these regulations (b) he may, in the discretion of the competent authority, be detained in police custody until an opportunity occurs of returning him to his port of embarkation or to the country of which he is a national or of sending him to his destination.

PLAINTIFF'S AFFIDAVIT

The plaintiff in an affidavit filed on December 13, 1940, the allegations of fact in which are uncontradicted, says:—

Paragraph 3. On July 2 last I left Hongkong for reasons of health and proceeded to Manila. I would have gone sooner had I been well enough but I was not fit to travel until that date. My departure was therefore not connected with the recent evacuation of women and children.

Par. 5. In November I decided to return to the Colony without my husband's knowledge as my health in Manila was still unsatisfactory and my private affairs required urgent attention, and I obtained a passage on the s.s. "Tjilatjeng" to Amoy via Hongkong. I did this because the steamship company would not give me a passage unless I paid the fare to Amoy.

Par. 6. The vessel sailed on November 19 and therefore I knew nothing whatever of the regulations published on that date in Hongkong. I had a British passport.

Par. 7. On arrival in Hongkong the Police at first refused me permission to land but ultimately I was allowed to land and was taken to the Immigration Office where I was told I must proceed on Sunday, November 24.

Par. 8. However, on the Saturday I went with my husband to the Immigration Office and succeeded in getting permission to stop over until November 30 on furnishing a bond for \$300.

Par. 10. I did not sail on November 30 and on the 11th December I received the following letter from the Colonial Secretary:—

"Madam, I am directed to invite your attention to your failure to comply with the conditions attached to your recent entry into the Colony from Manila. As you know, this condition was that you should leave the Colony by the 30th November last, and you and your husband entered into a bond to secure the performance of that condition.

As you are still in the Colony and have therefore not complied with the condition above referred to I am to point out that you have thereby contravened the provisions of regulation 3 of the Defence (Entry Restrictions) Regulations, 1940, published as Government Notification No. 1268 in the Gazette Extraordinary of November 19, 1940.

I am now to inform you that enquiry is being made as to when shipping accommodation will be first available to enable you to leave for Manila, and that the Police will be directed in accordance with the provisions of regulation 6 (b) to take you into custody shortly before the ship sails and to arrange for your departure on it.

I trust that it will be clearly understood that the action referred to above is not to be taken as a mere threat but that you will give this matter your most serious attention."

The plaintiff took out her writ two days later.

TWO HEADS

Mr. d'Almada's argument for the plaintiff falls conveniently under two heads:—

I. So radical, so drastic an invasion of the liberties of the subject cannot be justified unless the statute by virtue of which action purports to be taken authorises such invasion in the clearest and most unequivocal terms. No such regulation has been made in England, and the considered view of the British government as expressed by the Lord Chancellor when discussing a comparatively minor encroachment on the liberty of the subject, is that it would be improper to make any such inroads except by statute. If the regulations have any validity they must be limited in their application to persons temporarily resident in Hongkong, and cannot apply to persons domiciled here who, as Hongkong is their home, are part of the "realm" the protection of which is the declared object of the Act. The courts are ever rightly jealous of the liberty of the subject, and will construe every statute, and, a fortiori, subsidiary legislation in favour of liberty; and—

II. The regulations complained of cannot on any reasonable construction be held to be reasonably necessary for any of the purposes for which under the Act Defence Regulations may be made.

Mr. d'Almada has referred me to the well known passage in Blackstone's Commentaries which is found at page 133 of Volume I of Kerr's edition of 1857:—

"A natural and regular consequence of this personal liberty is that every Englishman may claim a right to abide in his own country so long as he pleases, and not to be driven from it except by the sentence of the law. The Sovereign in deed, by his royal prerogative, may issue out his writ ne exeat regno, and prohibit any of his subjects from going into foreign parts without licence. This may be necessary for the public service and safeguard of the Commonwealth. But no power on earth, except the authority of Parliament, can send any subject of England out of the land against his will: no, not even a criminal, for exile and transportation are punishments unknown to the Common Law. To this purpose the Great Charter declares that no freeman shall be banished unless by the judgment of his peers or by the law of the land. The law is in this respect so benignly and liberally construed for the benefit of the subject that, though within the realm the Sovereign may command the attendance and service of all his liegemen yet he cannot send any man out of the realm, even upon the public service; excepting soldiers and sailors the nature of whose employment necessarily implies an exception. He cannot even constitute a man Lord Deputy or Lieutenant of Ireland against his will, nor make him a foreign Ambassador; for this might in reality be no more than an honourable exile."

INTERESTING AUTHORITY

The authority relied on for that statement of the law is part II of Sir Edward Coke's Institutes of the Laws of England where at page 47 the early authorities are collected. In view of Government's avowed intention to send the plaintiff not to a part of His Majesty's Dominion but to a foreign country, one of these authorities is interesting.

"Sir Richard Penbrugh's case (Rol. 44 E. 3) who was warden of the Cinque Ports, and had divers offices, annuities and lands granted to him for life and in fee by the King under the Great Seal, pro servitio impenso et impendendo, the King commanded Sir Richard to serve him in Ireland, as his Deputy there, which he absolutely refused, whereupon the King by advice of his Council seized all things granted to him pro servitio impendendo (in respect of that clause) but he was not upon that resolution committed to prison as by that record it appeareth; and the reason was because his refusal was lawful and if the refusal was lawful to serve in Ireland, parcel of the King's Dominions, a fortiori, a refusal is lawful to serve in any foreign country."

The answer to this contention is given succinctly in the judgment of Darling J. as he then was, in Chester v. Bateson (1920) 1 K.B. 829 at 832. "Mr. Langdon has contended that this regulation violates Magna Carta, where the King declares: 'To no one will we sell, to no one will we refuse or delay right or justice.' I could not hold the regulations to be bad on that ground were there sufficient authority given by a statute of the realm to those by whom the regulation was made. Magna Carta has not remained untouched; and like every other law of England it is not condemned to that immunity from development or improvement which was attributed to the laws of the Medes and Persians."

The authority for Mr. d'Almada's submission that the considered opinion of the British Government is that any serious invasion of the liberty of the subject should be achieved by Act of Parliament and not by Defence Regulations is to be found in the issue of the Solicitors' Journal for 3rd August, 1940: (84 Sol. J. 457).

"Replying to the debate the Lord Chancellor observed that, strictly speaking, there was no need for the Government to introduce the Bill, because they could do the whole thing by Orders in Council under the Defence Regulations, but the Government took the view that, as they were dealing with the rights and liberties of ordinary citizens, it would be a monstrous thing to use that power without bringing it before the attention of Parliament."

DIFFER RADICALLY

On this citation I would only say that the considered opinion of His Majesty's Government on the question then before the House of Lords appears to differ radically and irreconcilably from the opinion that Government held at that time about evacuation in Hongkong; as the affidavit of Mr. N. L. Smith shows, but that is a matter for the consideration of the Executive Government of the Colony, and cannot have any bearing on the conclusions to which a court of justice may come. It is interesting too to note that Lord Simon had no doubt in his own mind about the competence of a Defence Regulation to achieve the same end as the statute the House was then debating.

As to what is the proper construction to be placed on such legislative enactments as the Emergency Powers (Defence) Act, 1939 and the Defence Regulations the position is I think clear. In re Boaler 1915 1 K.B. 21, Scrutton J. (as he then was) said:

"It is of course quite competent to Parliament to deprive any subject of the King of any right either absolutely or in part. But the language of any such statute should be jealously watched by the courts and should not be extended beyond its least onerous meaning unless clear words are used to justify such extension." And in ex parte Zadig R. V. Halliday, (1917) A.C. 260 Lord Atkinson in his speech at page 274 said "For myself I must say that I never could appreciate the contention that statutes invading the liberty of the subject should be construed after one manner, and statutes not invading it after another that certain words should in the first class have a meaning put upon them different from what the same words would

have put upon them when used in the second. I think the tribunal whose duty it is to interpret a statute of the one class or the other should endeavour to find out what, according to the well-known rules and principles of construction, the statute means, and if the meaning be clear to apply it in that sense. Should the statute be ambiguous, equally susceptible of two meanings, one leading to an invasion of the liberty of the subject and the other not, it may well be that the latter should be preferred on the ground of the presumed intention of the legislature not to interfere with it. That is a wholly different matter."

Mr. d'Almada's second point necessarily involves a close examination of the authorities. It is not surprising that in such a matter direct authority is not available. Mr. Street in his recent work on the Doctrine of Ultra Vires writes at page 445 "It will be presumed that a statute is intended to be not only constitutional but reasonable. Statutes must be interpreted so as not to lead to absurdity. An Ordinance providing that persons convicted outside a Colony could be banished if they entered the Colony could not mean that persons domiciled in the Colony, and convicted when temporarily outside it, could be banished from their homes (Venter v. R. 1907 T. S. 910), and a penalty prescribed for entering the Colony without a pass cannot be meant to apply to an inhabitant of the Colony who received a trekking licence to find a home elsewhere but is obliged to return. (R. v. Zibi 1923 E.D.L. 246)."

"Interesting and apposite as these cases at first sight seem to be, I am unable in the absence of reports of the cases and the text of the statutes there under consideration, to invoke them in aid of Mr. d'Almada's submission, that regulation 3 cannot apply to persons domiciled in Hongkong but at most only to transients and immigrants."

REPORTED CASES

Two reported cases are to me of particular interest in considering the present case as both of them concern Orders of a competent authority prohibiting the plaintiff from entering or residing in a defined area in Britain in which area lay his home and his business. They are *Rex v. Denison ex parte Nagale* (1916), 85 L.J.K.B. 1744, and *Ronnfeldt v. Phillips* and others (1918) 35 T.L.R. 46.

In neither of these cases was the validity of the regulation under which action purported to be taken challenged. In the earlier case it was held that in the absence of evidence that the military authority did not honestly suspect the person to whom the order was directed the court would not interfere to protect such person, and that it could not enquire whether the ground upon which the military authorities suspected such person were reasonable.

In the latter case *Bankes L. J.* said no doubt the appellant felt very acutely the position in which he had been placed by the order. It was not difficult to wax eloquent about the hardships suffered by a man who had been prevented for all this time from entering the locality where his business was, but these were not ordinary times. In a time of grave national peril it was necessary that the competent military authorities should be clothed with wide powers to act. Honest mistakes might easily be made and if they were honestly made the consequences must be borne as one of the consequences of a lamentable war, and *Scrutton L. J.* characteristically said the courts were always anxious to protect the liberty of the subject. They did so both in the interests of the subject and in the interests of the State. In time of war there must be some modifications in the interests of the State. It had been said that a war could not be conducted on the principles of the Sermon on the Mount. It might also be said that a war could not be carried on according to the principles of *Magna Carta*.

Very wide powers had been given to the Executive to act on suspicion in matters affecting the interests of the State. The responsibility for giving these powers rested not with the Judges but with the representatives of the people in Parliament. The power was given not to the Judges but to the naval and military authorities and it was upon them and not upon the Judges that the responsibility for the exercise of that power rested. Looking at the words of the regulation it was plain that the authorities had very wide power, and he protested against the Judges being called upon to say how the war should be carried on.

I have considered as carefully as I can all the reported cases in which Defence of the Realm Regulations or Defence Regulations have been challenged as *ultra vires*, from the matter of a Petition of Right (1915) 3 K.B. 649 to *E.H. Jones, Machine Tools, Limited v. Farrell and Muirsmith* (Times Newspaper 3rd August, 1940) and from that examination certain principles clearly appear.

There is a presumption in favour of reasonableness and honesty, and in this case the honesty of the Executive is not challenged. It must not be assumed that the powers conferred upon the Executive by Statute will be abused. I adopt in its entirety the statement of *Greer J.* (as he then was) in *Hudson's Bay Co. v. MacLay* (1920) 36 T.L.R. 469 at 475 and 476.

LIMITS ASSIGNED

"What are the boundaries or limits of this legislative territory thus assigned to the King in Council? (1) They must continue only during the continuance of the present war. (2) They must be exercised honestly with the intention of securing the public safety and defence of the realm (see *Lord Wrenbury in Rex v. Halliday* 1917 A.C. 260). It is argued that there is a third limitation, namely that the regulation must be reasonably capable of securing the public safety and the defence of the realm."

There is considerable authority in decisions of Judges of this Division and the Court of Appeal that there may be such a limitation on the powers of the King in Council. *Lord Wrenbury*, however, appears to think that provided the honesty of the authority to which the legislative power is delegated is not challenged and the regulation is intended to be made for the purposes of the Act, there is no other limit on the power to issue regulations under the Act.

This view seems to agree with the passage from *Lord Parker's* judgment in *The Zamora* (1916) 2 A.C. 77 at page 107: "Those who are responsible for the national security must be the sole judges of what the national security requires."

As applied to the present case these words construed strictly, seem to mean that if the King in Council is entrusted with the duty of making regulations for the national security, the Judges cannot enter into the question whether the regulations issued for that purpose have or have not any tendency to promote the public safety and defence of the realm.

I think, however, that is stating the powers granted to the King in Council rather more widely than the statute justifies. I do not think that a regulation is valid merely because it is issued by the King in Council as one of the regulations under the Defence of the Realm Act, 1914. But I doubt whether the further limitation is quite correctly stated in the form in which it was put in argument.

In my judgment a regulation which, upon the face of it, could not possibly aid in securing the public safety or the defence of the realm would be outside the legislative territory assigned by the Act to the King in Council. *Lord Atkinson* in *Rex v. Halliday* suggests, without deciding, some such limitation. He says at page 272 "Two conditions are, however, imposed. First, regulations can only be issued during the war and, second, whatever they purport to do must be done for the purpose of securing the public safety and the defence of the realm. It by no means follows, however, that if on the face of a regulation it enjoined or required something to be done which could not in any reasonable way aid in securing the public safety and the defence of the realm it would not be ultra vires and void. It is not necessary to decide this precise point, on the present occasion."

LIMITATION OF POWERS

In my judgment some such limitation of the powers as suggested by *Lord Atkinson* does properly arise out of the description of the delegated powers as powers to make regulations for securing the public safety and the defence of the realm. If a regulation is such that it cannot, on the face of it, conceivably aid in securing the safety of the public and the defence of the realm, it is not, in my opinion, within the legislative powers which are conferred during the war on His Majesty in Council. The third limitation may be stated as follows: Regulations which, on the face of them, show that they cannot afford any assistance in securing the public safety and the defence of the realm are not within the powers conferred by the legislature on the King in Council.

The real foundation of Mr. d'Almada's argument on behalf of the

plaintiff is *Chester v. Bateson* 1920 1 K.B. 829. The regulation in question in that case provided that "no person shall without the consent of the Minister of Munitions take any proceeding for the purpose of obtaining an order or decree for the recovery of possession of, or for the ejectment of a tenant of, any dwelling house in a 'special area' and in which a munition worker is living."

The judgments of the learned Judges who constituted the Divisional Court have been so much referred to in argument that I feel I must cite from them freely. *Darling J.* said: "It is objected that the regulation is bad because it forbids any person, without the consent of the Minister of Munitions, to take or cause to be taken any proceedings to recover possession of his own house, or to eject a tenant from it, where the tenant is employed in certain work connected with war material. I found my judgment on the passage in *Rex v. Halliday* where *Lord Finlay* says that Parliament may entrust great powers to His Majesty in Council, feeling certain that such powers will be reasonably exercised; and, further, on these words of *Lord Atkinson* in the same case: 'It by no means follows, however, that if on the face of a regulation it enjoined or required something to be done which could not in any reasonable way aid in securing the public safety and the defence of the realm it would not be ultra vires and void. It is not necessary to decide this precise point on the present occasion, but I desire to hold myself free to deal with it when it arises.'"

Here I think it does at last arise; and I ask myself whether it is a necessary, or even a reasonable, way to aid in securing the public safety and the defence of the realm to give power to a Minister to forbid any person to institute any proceedings to recover possession of a house so long as a war worker is living in it. The main question to be decided is whether the occupant is a workman so employed, and the regulation might have been so framed as to make this a good answer to the application for possession, still leaving that question to be decided by a court of law. But the regulation as framed forbids the owner of the property access to all legal tribunals in regard to this matter. This might, of course, legally be done by Act of Parliament; but I think this extreme disability can be inflicted only by direct enactment of the Legislature itself, and that so grave an invasion of the rights of all subjects was not intended by the Legislature to be accomplished by a departmental order. It is to be observed that this regulation not only deprives the subject of his ordinary right to seek justice in the Courts of Law, but provides that merely to resort there without the permission of the Minister of Munitions first had and obtained, shall of itself be a summary offence, and so render the seeker after justice liable to imprisonment and fine. I allow that in stress of war we may rightly be obliged, as we should be ready, to forego much of our liberty, but I hold that this elemental right of the subjects of the British Crown cannot be thus easily taken from them."

ORIGINAL PURPOSE

Avory J. puts the position thus: The purpose in view when the regulation was made, namely, to prevent the disturbance of munition workers in their dwellings, may, without doubt, be said to be reasonable; and a regulation designed to prevent such disturbance, providing that no order for ejectment should be made except under conditions prescribed, would probably be held to be *intra vires* the statute; but the objection which is made to the regulation as it stands is that it deprives the King's subjects of their right of access to the Courts of Justice and renders them liable to punishment if they have the temerity to ask for justice in any of the King's Courts. In my opinion there is not to be found in the statute anything to authorise or justify a regulation having that result; and nothing less than express words in the statute taking away the right of the King's subject of access to the Courts of Justice would authorise or justify it.

Sankey J. said: It is true that the power to make a regulation to prevent the successful prosecution of the war being endangered is of a wide and sweeping character, but I decline to hold that Parliament intended by these general words to give to the Executive the right to close any of the King's Courts against his subjects unless they obtained the sanction of a Minister to resort thereto. I should

be slow to hold that Parliament ever conferred such a power unless it expressed it in the clearest possible language, and I should never hold that it was given indirectly by ambiguous regulations made in pursuance of any Act.

Chester v. Bateson was decided in 1920, three years after the House of Lords had adjudicated in *Rex v. Halliday*. That decision was binding on the Divisional Court in 1920 and *Chester v. Bateson* was decided solely on the loophole left by *Lord Atkinson* in his speech in *Halliday's* case.

In a later case tried in the same year, *Newcastle Breweries Ltd. v. The King* (1920) 1 K.B. 854, it was held that a regulation which purported to deprive persons whose goods were requisitioned by the naval or military authorities of their right to the fair market value and to a judicial decision of the amount, was ultra vires. *Salter J.* in the course of his judgment said: "In *Chester v. Bateson* it was decided that regulation 2 (a) (2) of these Regulations is invalid. The judgment in that case are, in substance, applicable here. That Regulation deprived a class of subjects, in certain circumstances, of the common law right of access to the Courts. This Regulation takes away a right of access to a particular Court given in express terms by a recent statute."

That decision was not tested on appeal but it was severely criticised by *Greer J.* in his judgment in *Hudson's Bay Co. v. MacLay*. "I think the plaintiff's Counsel was quite right in regarding the decision in the *Newcastle Breweries* Case as strongly in their favour. It is, however, a recent decision of a Judge of co-ordinate jurisdiction and is as I understand, under appeal. If and so far as it involves the proposition that the King in Council has not power to issue regulations which will enable the country to acquire its necessary stores at less than current market prices, I regret that I find it impossible to agree with the decision."

PECULIAR FACTS

Chester v. Bateson is cited with approval in *Fowle v. Monsell* 1921 90 L.J.K.B. 105, but it is clear from the judgments in that case that the decision in *Chester's* case was held to be justified only by the extreme and peculiar facts of the case. It is referred to also in *Rex v. Governor of Wormwood Scrubbs Prison ex parte Foy* (1920) 84 J.P. 94, a case of the internment of a British subject without trial after the armistice, but before the date of the official termination of the war. There *Avory J.* said: "I wish only to add that *Chester v. Bateson* is an illustration of the way in which this Court jealously guards its power and authority to interfere in any case in which the Executive has exceeded the powers conferred on it by statute. To make the decision in that case analogous to the present, it would have to be said that the regulation which is now in question forbade any person to apply to this court for a writ of habeas corpus, whereas it does nothing of the kind."

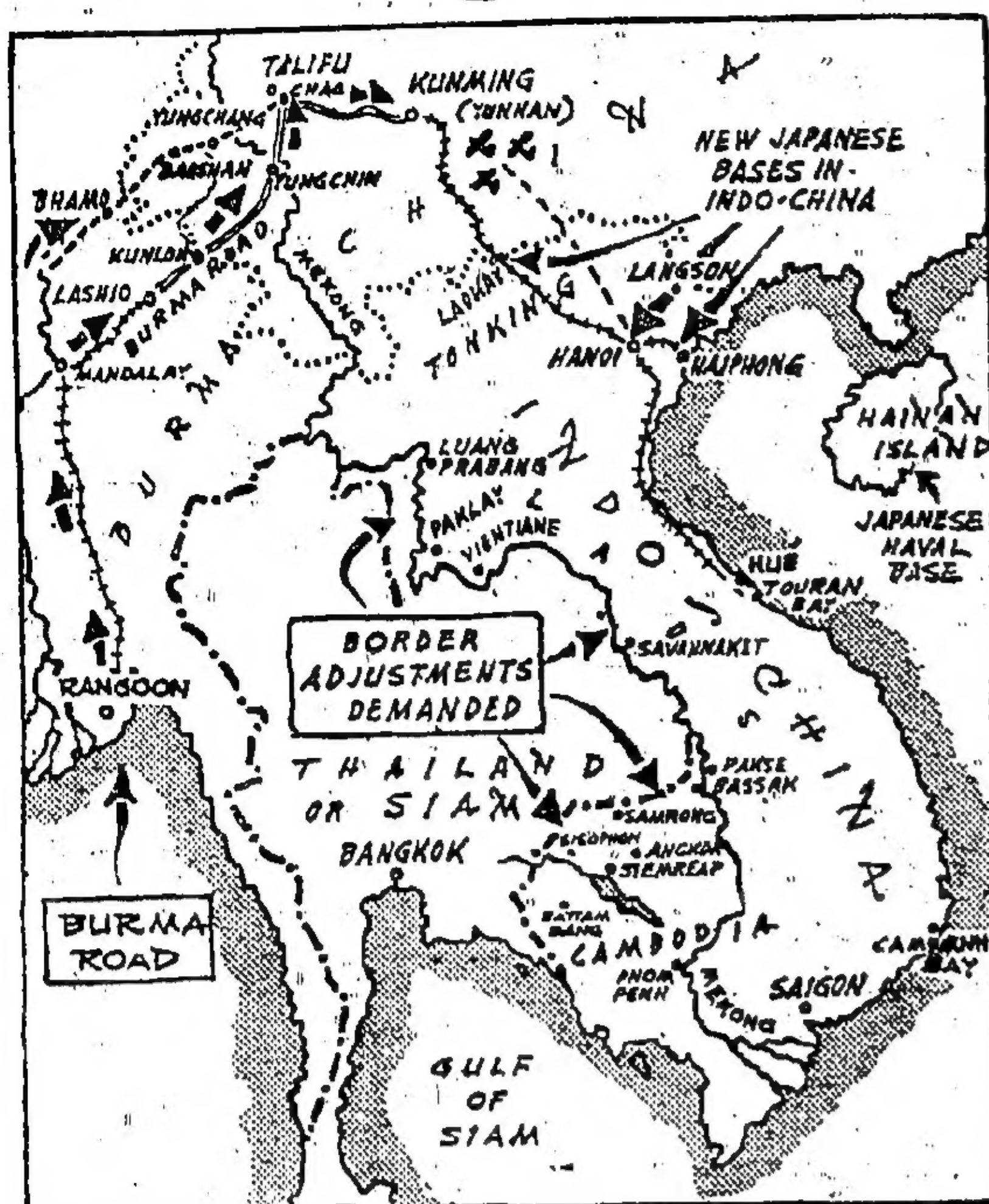
REASONABLENESS

The task before me can be very shortly stated in the words of *Atkin J.* in *Lipton v. Ford*, 1917 2 K.B. 647. "All that I have to see is whether the regulation is one that is reasonably capable of being a regulation for securing the public safety and the defence of the realm. If it is I do not think the Court is entitled to question the discretion of the Executive to whom Parliament has entrusted powers in such wide terms."

To that question, giving the words of the Regulations their plain and ordinary meaning, and having due regard to the term of the affidavit of Mr. N. L. Smith, there can in my judgment be only one answer. The Defence (Entry Restrictions) Regulations, 1940, are in my opinion not ultra vires, and this action therefore fails. There must be judgment for the defendants, and the interim injunction granted by me on 13th December and extended on 8th January until the trial of the action is discharged.

In view of the conclusion to which I have come, I must make an order for costs, but, following *McCardie J.* in *Shuter v. Rolfe* (1920) 36 T.L.R. 828, I desire to say that in view of the great public importance of these proceedings, their importance both to the subject and to the State, I think that the Crown ought not to enforce the costs.

Thai Forces Reach Mekong River



BANGKOK, Jan. 22 (Reuter).—THAI FORCES HAVE REACHED THE MEKONG RIVER and taken the first town on the bank in enemy territory.

With the collaboration of the air force, the Thai Army drove back the enemy and captured the strategic town of Maungka, opposite Pakse in North Cambodia, according to the High Command.

NEW SWEDISH WARSHIPS

In Sweden's new armament programme new warships are to be added to the fleet at the rate of one a week during 1941, according to the Commander-in-Chief of the Navy, states a London message.

In addition, several old units will be modernised and equipped with new guns, while the Swedish submarine fleet is to be doubled under the present programme.—(Special)

72 Raids On Italy Since June

LONDON, Jan. 22 (Reuter).—The R.A.F. have carried out 72 RAIDS ON ITALY since June last year.

The increased tempo of Britain's air offensive is illustrated by the fact that 44 of these have been carried out since Oct. 23.

In addition, 66 raids have been made on the Dodecanese Islands and Albania.

Harbours have been the principal objectives, accounting for 47 raids with factories next on the list with 41. Then comes 23 on railway targets and 18 on aerodromes and oil installations.

VALONA HEADS LIST

Valona, chief Italian base in Albania, heads the list of Italian occupied cities which have received visits from the R.A.F. Turin, northern Italian centre of aeroplane industry, has been bombed 16 times and the naval base of Naples nine.

Durazzo, the northern most Albanian coastal base used by Italy in her operations against Greece, is next on the list with eight visits and afterwards come Sesto Guvernall with seven, Elbasan six, Brindisi five, Milan, Bari and Genoa four each.

None of these figures include action taken by the Fleet Air Arm.

Greeks Claim More Local Successes

The Greeks claim further local successes in Albania and a powerful counter-attack by the Italians was checked with heavy losses to the enemy, states a London message.

An Athens spokesman said that the operations in the central sector also succeeded and that the Greeks have occupied fresh positions.

Italian planes raided several towns in Greece yesterday. A hospital in the Ionian coast was destroyed while along the Aegean coast, bombs were dropped in the working districts.

Athens newspapers said that the bombings were deliberately made on the civilian.—(Special)

HARD TRAINING FOR TOMMY ATKINS

An insight into the training of the men of the British army was given recently by a British army officer in the course of a broadcast from London.

Although the speaker gave no details, he gave a brief account of the hard training and discipline that went into the making of the British soldier of today.

"We start by training ourselves to be good soldiers," he said, "and there is no way out of anything that we have set ourselves to perform. There are also sorts of ways in which this hard training is carried out.

"For instance, if we come to a stream, we don't look for a way over it, but we go straight through and come to the other bank. We teach ourselves to climb and jump off anything up to a twenty-foot wall. We teach ourselves to walk quickly on dark nights and to spend long periods without sleep and food.

"By these means we try to find out just how much a man can do and we then teach that man to develop his instincts as a soldier. In this training, is the punch that is one day going to the Germans."

Soviet Will Keep Out Of War DIRECT POLICY OF PEACE

Soviet Russia's determination to keep out of the war has been reaffirmed by the Secretary of the Russian Communist Party, states a London message.

Addressing a meeting in Moscow to commemorate the 17th anniversary of Lenin's death, he said that the Soviet was pursuing a direct policy of peace and neutrality.

COUNTRY'S INTEREST The moral and economic strength of Russia's foreign policy was an independent one and served in the interest only of the country.

Continuing, the speaker declared: "Soviet Russia cannot look on impartially outside its frontiers. The international situation today is more complex than ever and full of surprise developments. More than ever extreme vigilance is necessary in view of this menace."—(Special)

LONDON, Jan. 22 (Reuter).—During the showing of a British film at a cinema in Groningen, an R.A.F. machine was seen in one of the scenes. The audience rose and loudly applauded, says the Norwegian Telegraph Agency. The performance was immediately stopped and later the municipal cinema board was dismissed and a new board appointed with a young Storm Trooper as chairman.

HOW FAR HAS MARSHAL PETAIN GIVEN IN?

"The newspapers have told us that, according to a Vichy report, there was a meeting between Marshal Petain and M. Laval, which enabled them to smooth out the misunderstanding that led to M. Laval's dismissal," said MR. THOMAS CAVET, political observer, when he broadcast from London on Tuesday.

"On the strength of this, the Germans are announcing that the consequence of this smoothing out means full French collaboration with Germany."

LAVAL'S PLANS "Nobody, however, will be duped by this so-called smoothing out, for the Marshal knows that behind all this talk, M. Laval has done his best to make him an accomplice in his plans to sell the country to German domination.

"M. Laval is also aware that the Marshal would not touch him with a barge-pole if he can help it. All the same, it seems plain that the Marshal has had to give way up to a point. Unless the Germans pointed a pistol at his head he would never have agreed to such a farce of reconciliation.

"The question is: How much has the Marshal given up? My own feeling is that even now Marshal Petain has not accepted, and will not accept, total collaboration with Germany."

Four Million Armed Men

Continued from Page 1

He spoke of the use and abuse of a committee. The inside Cabinet consisted of five departments: Supply, Aircraft Production, Controllers' department of the Admiralty, the Food Ministry and the Board of Trade.

This group of men would have everything in their hands and at their service would be the heads of the departments to prosecute their policies. So far they have given satisfaction to all concerned.

"It is not for these executives to say how many they would allot or how much shipping can be used. That remains the work of the War Cabinet and I assume responsibility to see that the policy of the War Cabinet is correctly interpreted."

Discussing the question of manpower, Mr. Churchill made a statement the words of which are quoted in the opening paragraphs of this report.

BEVIN'S DEMAND The Premier then continued that Mr. Bevin's demand for a full war effort is now going to be realised.

"I look forward to a very considerable stretching in the working of the Army. This is not to mean to cut down this Service but to reduce its demand on manpower. The Army is already making very great savings.

"After 18 months of war no more than 60,000 British folk, nearly half of which are civilians, have lost their lives by enemy action. Our Army is growing in strength, efficiency and equipment. But it is the work of the factories that will provide the test of man-power.

"This great nation has now got into its war stride but the future contains no evidence for assuming lassitude or despair."—(Special)

WELL RECEIVED LONDON, Jan. 22 (Reuter).—Mr. Ernest Bevin's announcement of "industrial conscription" in the House of Commons on Tuesday was generally well received by the London Press though the need quickly translate the policy into action is stressed.

THE TIMES says there is only one limit to the effort which must be made for victory and that is the utmost.

The DAILY TELEGRAPH: Cumulatively all the measures announced by Mr. Bevin mark a substantial advance.

The MANCHESTER GUARDIAN: When everything can be sorted out, it is a pretty good programme in detail.

The DAILY MAIL: It is the only way to secure a 100 per cent. use of our resources.

CANADA'S WAR EFFORT LONDON, Jan. 22 (Reuter).—The development of the Empire air training scheme was ahead of schedule and the number of officers and airmen in training at the end of the year, exceeded by more than one-third the strength anticipated at that time, stated Mr. Vincent Massey, High Commissioner for Canada, speaking in London today on Canada's war effort.

He also stated that Canada's naval strength had eight times the personnel and ten times the number of ships it had at the beginning of the war and that increase would continue at the same rate for the next 12 months.

Within a few months, Canada's production would reach an output of more than 70 per cent greater than at the peak of its efforts in last year.

Canada's production included aeroplane frames, guns, tanks, army trucks and several million shells a month.

OLD SCHOOL TIE CONTROVERSY LONDON, Jan. 22 (Reuter).—An "old school tie" controversy, which has been raging in the British newspapers for some days, reached Parliament yesterday.

The controversy was started by an allegation by Lt.-Col. Bingham in the Times that army officers from the middle classes had "fallen down on the job."

Yesterday Mr. M. K. MacMillan (Labour, Western Isles) asked Captain Margesson, War Secretary, in the House whether disciplinary action would be taken.

Captain Margesson said King's Regulations forbade soldiers to publish Press views on military subjects without special authority.

Lt.-Col. Bingham's attention had been called to this and a report asked from him. Action to be taken would be determined after a reply was received.

which would compel him to give up the French Fleet and French naval bases overseas.

BIG CONCESSION Mr. Cavet expressed the opinion that the reconciliation with M. Laval was already a big concession on Marshal Petain's part, but there his concession to Germany would probably cease.

"More and more factories may work for the Nazis and some French workers may go to Germany. Few of them, however, will be willing workers," declared Mr. Cavet, "and there is no doubt that many of them will see that the quality of their work will leave much to be desired."

"M. Laval is a dangerous man and although the Germans have not yet succeeded in forcing him back into the Vichy Cabinet, they may yet do so. Once there, he may exercise his talent to the full. We can only hope that the Marshal will stand firm."

FRENCH PEOPLE SEE BRITISH VICTORY

A Swedish newspaper correspondent writes frankly about conditions in France.

Journeying through unoccupied France, he says, one becomes quickly convinced that France is slowly but surely awakening. Everyone in the unoccupied territory is obsessed by the thought "Will England lose?"

People listen three and four times a day to the French news on the English radio, and many times de Gaulle's voice is heard. The French authorities do not hinder the English radio. None believes his own newspapers or radio; everyone wants to believe the English radio. It is a ray of light in the darkness.

The changed opinion is due to the failure of the air offensive against Britain. No Frenchmen after the surrender could believe that the Germans would not crush England in a few weeks. Now public opinion is three to one on a British victory.

When the German occupation authorities confiscate all groceries, the French authorities complain, but the Germans reply "We have led a dog's life long enough; now it's your turn!"

German civilians arriving in the occupied territory are

mostly women and children; in many provinces they are reckoned in tens of thousands. They are quartered on French people.

Frenchmen are convinced that the German occupation troops are tiring of discipline. Occasionally one notices soldiers not saluting officers. Among the soldiers, especially the married, who are in a majority, one sees increasing distaste and increasing homesickness. They have been in Poland, Holland, Belgium and France.

They are tired of war. All believe in any case that the English will not be beaten. It is said that the offensive is deferred till the spring; several regiments which had orders a month ago for an offensive against England have got counter orders to remain at present at their French posts. Hence the eagerness of the French to listen to the British radio.

Disinclination to travel on the part of the unsophisticated labouring classes who, "in spite of dissemination of information, are not altogether free from entertaining credulous rumours during war time," was partly responsible for the considerable fall in the volume of migration between India and Malaya.

This view is expressed in a re-annual report of Mr. C. S. Venkatachar, the Agent of the Government of India in Malaya, for 1939.

The ban on assisted emigration which came into force from June 15, 1938 was in force throughout the year 1939. The effect of the ban on the movement of labour is seen both on immigration into and emigration from Malaya. There was a considerable fall in the volume of migration both ways. This was also due to causes arising out of war conditions such as the increase in the passage rates from the Madras ports to the Straits Settlements and irregular sailings since the outbreak of the war.

In 1939, a little less than one-half of the total Indian population in Malaya was employed on the estates. Statistics relating to this class of persons and to a relatively much smaller number of workmen employed in the Government departments, mines, and factories are the only reliable figures available.

The remaining half of the Indian population consists of those engaged in trade and in business and as wage-earners or independent workers in multifarious occupations, including manual work, noticeably in Singapore and in Penang.

No statistics relating to this half of the Indian population are available. Nevertheless, the lacuna in the information can, to some extent, be made good with the help of the excellent occupational tables in the Malayan Census report for 1931. By regrouping and rearranging the occupational categories, orders and groups for the Indian population, it is possible to discover more precise information for the non-estate Indian immigrant population.

On the above basis the presumed Indian labour population in Malaya at the end of 1939 including dependants was 595,928. This includes 418,770 (283,514 workers and 135,256 dependants) employed on estates, mines, factories, Government and Public departments.

The presence of Indian troops in the garrisons of Singapore and Penang has aroused a lively feeling of pride among Malayan Indians that India's fighting services have been associated with the defence of one of the greatest strategic outposts of the Empire.

This feeling has found a concrete expression in the efforts of the Indian community to provide amenities and comforts for the Indian troops and in the generous contributions which have already been made to sustain those efforts. The officers and men of the Indian Army have within a short time of their arrival in Malaya established friendly and cordial relationship with the local civil population.

The Indo-Malayan trade of 1939 showed a marked increase over 1938, the increase being about 7 million dollars. Exports from India by 84 million dollars, giving a favourable balance for Malaya. With the restriction of trade with many European centres, there appears to be scope for increasing the volume of Indo-Malayan trade.

EXECUTIVE ORDERS WASHINGTON, Jan. 22 (Reuter).—President Roosevelt at a Press conference said that he "supposed" that 50 executive orders of all kinds have been drawn up "to meet contingencies."

He added that perhaps one of them provides for freezing of United States assets of all European countries.

The orders have been drafted as a precautionary measure so as to be ready in case they are needed suddenly, Mr. Roosevelt said.

He described the talk of giving the American Navy to Britain and conveying ships across the Atlantic as "a cow jump over stuff."

Turkish Hope For British Victory A Turkish hope for a British victory has been restated by an Istanbul newspaper, states a London message.

The paper declares that a triumph for Britain will assure a free and independent life for all free people. The article was in reply to an attack by a German newspaper, which accused Turkey of wilfully misunderstanding the new order in Europe.

The Istanbul paper replied that Turkey was not alone in desiring a British victory. That victory was desired by the whole of North America.—(Special)

British Children In S. Africa British children sent to South Africa, under the British Government's evacuation scheme are to be placed under the guardianship of the Union Minister of Social Welfare, states a London message.

So long as British children remain in South Africa, he will be their official guardian to the exclusion of parents and others and he will be authorised to order medical treatment, etc., as he may think fit.—(Special)

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On View from Wednesday, the 22nd January, 1941.

Terms: Cash on Delivery.

LAMMERT BROS.,
AUCTIONEERS.

TRAFFIC ACCIDENT RETURNS

In the Colony of Hongkong including the Island, Kowloon and New Territories during the week ending at 8 a.m. on Saturday, Jan. 18, there were altogether 80 traffic accidents as the result of which three persons were killed and 20 persons were injured.

Of persons killed, three Chinese males, aged 24, 50 and 58 respectively were knocked down and killed by lorries while crossing the carriageway.

Of 80 accidents, 28 were collisions between vehicles; 27 were collisions between vehicles and pedestrians; 25 accidents were due to other causes.

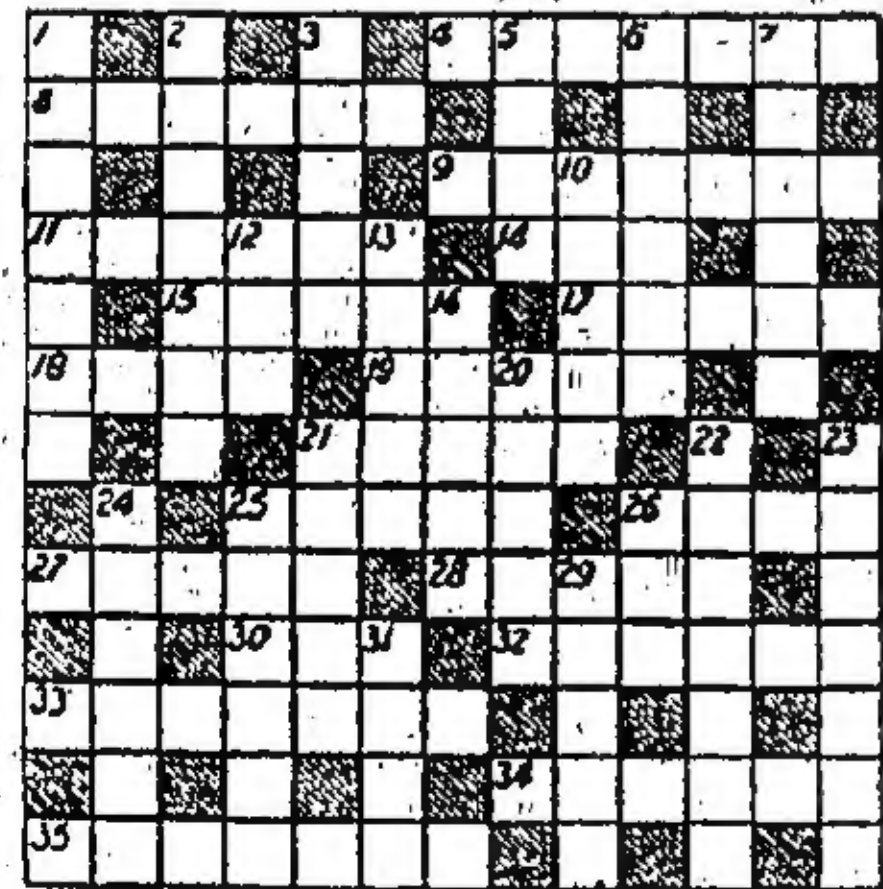
Solution No. 812

ACROSS: 1, Pavement; 5, Eros; 8, Glancing; 9, Pier; 11, Vast; 13, Loire; 15, Tyne; 18, Entree; 20, Oxygen; 21, Spot; 23, Maria; 24, Pest; 28, Then; 29, Colonel; 30, Yank; 31, Deplored.

DOWN: 1, Page; 2, Veal; 3, Mocha; 4, Ninety; 6, Railings; 7, Sergeant; 10, Fleck; 12, Step; 14, Geometry; 15, Sturgeon; 17, Note; 19, Esau; 22, Oppose; 25, Shoal; 26, Liar; 27, Stud

CROSSWORD

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|---------------|-------------|
| 5 Crustacean | 20 Pester |
| 6 Exasperates | 21 Last |
| 7 Banished | 22 Oriental |
| 10 Willing | 23 Tales |
| 12 Illu- | 24 Harsh |
| 13 African | 25 Flavour- |
| 18 Giver | 26 Lair |
| | 29 Insipid |
| | 31 Pleased |

SOLUTION TOMORROW

MUNSANG COLLEGE TRUSTEES LITIGATION APPEAL FAILS

"Deplorable Dispute" Says Mr. Justice Williams

"There is undoubtedly good grounds for criticism of Dr. T'so. There was no reason why he did not accept the loans and building and school grants, and put them into a separate account, even if dissatisfied with Mr. Huang's handling of accounts. With a little tact and goodwill he might have smoothed over the trouble in January, at the time when he was satisfied Mr. Huang was becoming amenable to the Council's instructions."

"The dismissal of Mr. Huang from the headmastership by the Council is not all to his credit."

"I cannot, however, find that he was domineering or obstructive," said Mr. Justice Williams, when delivering judgment in the Munsang College trustees litigation at the Full Court of Appeal yesterday morning.

The appeal was brought by Messrs. Rufus Huang, Wong Sun-yin and Lee Sung-po against an order of the Chief Justice, made in Chambers on June 6, that Mr. Huang cease to be a trustee of the Munsang College and member of the College Council. The respondents were Dr. S. W. T'so, C.B.E., LL.D., and Messrs. Lam Taz-fung and Mok Hing-shung.

The appellants were represented by Mr. Eldon Potter, K.C., instructed by Mr. E. S. C. Brooks, of Messrs. Hastings & Co., while the Hon. Mr. Leo D'Almada, Jr., instructed by Mr. M. H. Turner, of Messrs. Deacons, appeared for the respondents.

THE JUDGMENT

In dismissing the appeal with costs, Mr. Justice Williams, President of the Court, said, inter alia:

Reference can only be made briefly to the main events in this deplorable dispute which must have done incalculable harm to the College and which culminated in an application to the Court by the appellants on April 12 for the removal of the respondents from their positions on the Council.

Munsang College was founded through the generosity of the late Mr. Au Chak-man and Mr. Mok Kon-sang, father of third respondent, and the initiative of Dr. T'so. Mr. Huang was engaged as principal and a Council was formed in April to govern the school. Dr. T'so became Chairman and Mr. Lam was a member since 1930 and in 1932 was elected to serve on a financial sub-committee. Third respondent became a member in 1934, second appellant in 1937 and third appellant in 1938.

FINANCIAL LOSS

During the next five years the school was run at a financial loss; the £20,000 was exhausted and the deficit in 1930 was \$6,000. The Council then obtained an annual Government grant of \$6,000 the success of the application being due in no small measure to the efforts of Dr. T'so. Until December, 1932, the Council apparently functioned as the governing body though financial matters, since 1929, were in the hands of Mr. Huang, in whom the Council then had complete confidence.

Thereafter until 1939 the Council held no regular meetings, probably due to the fact that the Government grant had relieved financial anxiety; during that period Mr. Huang was, for all practical purposes, the Council though he continually consulted Dr. T'so and other members from whom he obtained valuable advice.

GREAT ZEAL

He worked with great zeal and devotion and obtained most satisfactory results. High tribute was paid to his work in 1938 by Bishop Hall. In 1932 there were 260 pupils and 18 teachers; in 1938 there were 600 pupils and 28 teachers.

At an early stage Mr. Huang considered that it would be of great benefit if the school possessed a building on its own site instead of renting premises. He discussed the matter with Dr. T'so who approved, provided the money could be raised. By 1934 Mr. Huang had raised \$13,000 and in June, 1937, he purchased the main part of the present school site in Gramplan Road, the land being registered in his own name.

The remainder of the site was purchased in January, 1939, the total cost being \$19,000. Negotiations were carried on by Mr. Huang with the Government for the conversion of the land from agricultural to building land. These negotiations lasted a considerable time and were completed in January, 1939.

EVIDENCE REVIEWED

His Lordship then went on to review the evidence given at the trial, respecting the raising of loans by Mr. Huang and the selection, by the Council, of Mr. Lam as treasurer; the request of the Council that Mr. Huang should hand over all cheque books, pass books, et cetera, to Mr. Lam.

Referring to June 28, when the contract was ready for signing, his Lordship said that he was not quite satisfied with the reason given by Mr. Lam for his refusal to sign—that the contractor was new to Hongkong and had failed to furnish a satisfactory surety—as the contract did not call for a surety.

Various meetings of the Council were held to discuss the matter of the building, and, when Mr. Huang found that Dr. T'so refused the Macao loan of \$20,000, he had to raise money to pay the contractor. Mr. Huang wrote to the Hongkong and Shanghai Bank requesting a loan of \$25,000, and arranged to call at the Bank to discuss the loan on July 29. On Aug. 11, Mr. Huang paid a first instalment of \$5,500 to the contractor, and on Aug. 17 he told Mr. Lam that he had raised a loan of some money and had made this payment.

COUNCIL DECISION

After reviewing the various payments made by, and loans contracted for by, Mr. Huang his Lordship referred to the meeting of the school Council on July 29 when a decision was reached to dismiss Mr. Huang from the headmastership on payment of one month's salary.

"The reasons given for this treatment of one who has worked so hard in the interests of the school for a long period were that he had claimed that he was the only representative of the school; he had refused to transfer the school property after his removal from the trusteeship and he had neglected his duties as headmaster by spending time in unjustifiable litigation; his continuance as headmaster jeopardised the school. The main grievance at this time seems to have been his refusal to assign which could have been overcome by obtaining a vesting order from the Court. There was no necessity therefore to dismiss him from the headmastership at that time, and particularly on such ungenerous terms."

His Lordship went on to comment on Mr. Huang's using various moneys of the school without previous reference to the Council. It was not clear, said his Lordship, when the \$500 school fees was paid to the contractor, but it might possibly be part of the payment made on Nov. 21—in which case it was a direct disobedience of the instructions. This payment was, however, approved of by Mr. Lam.

USED SCHOOL FEES

Mr. Huang's taking of \$7,000 school fees from Mrs. Shea was

FIRST CHINESE CLUB TO HAVE LADY MEMBERS

The distinction of being the first Straits Chinese club in Malacca to have lady members, is claimed by the "Nightingales" in their annual report. Thirteen lady members were enrolled. The membership was also increased from 83 to 134.

The club also held two concerts, under the patronage of the Resident Councillor, Malacca, in aid of the Malaya Patriotic Fund on March 30 and 31 and another on Sept. 21. In all, \$845.84 were realised.

Among the social activities of the society was a successful fancy dress party—the second held by the club, on Feb. 17.

It also went on the air, broadcasting instrumental and vocal items in English and Malay from the Stadt House on April 26, May 3 and 21 and on June 7. At the last performance, an all Chinese programme was selected.

POLICE DANCE

PROCEEDS IN AID OF CHARITY

The Hongkong Police and the Police Reserve Force will hold a dinner dance at the Peninsula Hotel on Friday, Feb. 14, at 8 p.m. under the distinguished patronage of His Excellency the Acting Governor, Lieutenant-General E. F. Norton, C.B., D.S.O., M.C., who has kindly consented to be present.

The proceeds of this Dinner Dance, after deducting expenses, will be donated to and divided equally between British and Chinese War Charities.

criticised by his Lordship who said that when the Hongkong and Shanghai Bank pressed him (Mr. Huang) for a reduction of the overdraft he should have passed on the letter to the Council instead of using part of that school fees.

His Lordship then commented on Mr. Huang's conduct in applying to the Director of Education for a new primary school grant when he had ceased to be a member of the council and when the Council was merely considering the matter and had not yet arrived at a decision.

"In my opinion," said his Lordship, "his behaviour throughout and particularly in the early stages of the dispute, if not jeopardising the school, certainly satisfies me that his continuance as a trustee would prevent the trust being properly carried out and I therefore agree with the decision reached on that point by the learned trial judge."

NOT DOMINEERING

While Dr. T'so's refusal to accept the loans and building and school grants might be the subject for criticism, his Lordship was of the opinion that Dr. T'so was neither domineering nor obstructive.

"The reasons advanced for Mr. Lam's removal," went on his Lordship, "are less convincing than those advanced in the case of Dr. T'so. Mr. Lam is blamed because he did not sign the contract when so authorised by Council; because he did not put up his loan at the beginning and because his conduct shows him to be under Dr. T'so's direction and unsuitable as treasurer. I agree that some criticism can rightly be directed at Mr. Lam."

"His explanation why he did not sign the contract along with Mr. Huang is not convincing. He might have put his loan earlier. On one or two occasions he might have written to Mr. Huang, pointing out where he considered Mr. Huang was at fault."

STRAIGHTEN OUT

"On the other hand he showed himself, right from the start of events, determined to get at the bottom of the school's finances and to straighten them out. The Council was equally desirous of the information. As treasurer and therefore directly responsible for finance he did not get the assistance which he should have got from Mr. Huang. I do not consider he should be removed."

"I therefore hold that this appeal must be dismissed with costs."

Mr. Justice Fraser concurred.

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and
Nourishing

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The Carlton & United Breweries Ltd.,
Melbourne.

Obtainable everywhere

Sole Agents:

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Marina House

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It's EASY to Catch
COLD or 'FLU'
when TRAVELLING

'ASPRO'
WILL PROTECT YOU



GERMS are no respecters of persons. Wherever you travel you cannot tell the moment you are likely to catch a cold—or even the 'Flu'. The proved protection is 'ASPRO'. At the slightest sign of sneezing—sore throat—feverishness, etc., take 'ASPRO' according to the directions in the packet. Quick relief is assured, because 'ASPRO' expels the body poisons through the pores of the skin, and, therefore, restores one to normal health by eliminating such poisons and not suppressing them. Furthermore, 'ASPRO' is safe, sure and certain—it neither harms the

heart nor stomach, and it conforms to the standard of purity laid down by the British Pharmacopoeia—the guiding authority of the medical profession.

BUY A PACKET TO-DAY FOR PROOF.



STAUNCH BELIEVER IN 'ASPRO' NOW—SCEPTICAL AT FIRST!

21 Rosberry St.,
Roselle, N.S.W.

Dear Sirs,
I thank ASPRO Tablets for warding off influenza from my little boy, aged six, as well as myself, when my wife, who was then an unbeliever in them, refused to take them, and finished up in hospital with double pneumonia, while we were getting colds. Just stopped them with ASPRO and nothing else.

My wife is a staunch advocate for their use now, and takes ASPRO at the first sign of a cold. Wishing ASPRO and their inventors all the good luck they deserve—I am,
Yours faithfully,
(Sgd.) L. WILLIAMS

Always Keep 'ASPRO' in the Home for:

Headache
Rheumatism
Sleeplessness
Toothache
Sore Throat
Neuralgia
Hay Fever
Feverishness
Irritability
Temperature

Alcoholic After Effects
'ASPRO' Gives Great Relief to Women when Depressed

Stubborn Cold Goes — PROOF!

6 Hunter Street,
Williamstown.

Dear Sirs,
I thank you for your kind interest in directing me to the certain way to effect a cure to the nasty COLD with which I had been suffering for three weeks. During which time I had tried so many other infallible remedies.

On Tuesday last I carried out your advice to the letter, and I could hardly believe the fact that on Saturday morning I woke up with no cold left, nor did I cough through the night as I had been in the habit of doing. Although I have used ASPRO with excellent results for years in relieving HEADACHES, I can say positively and with very much appreciation that your assurance that 'ASPRO' would break up a Cold or the 'Flu' is so true. If the directions were properly observed, has been conclusively proven.

Yours faithfully,
(Sgd.) Wm. G. MURCHISON.



Three 'ASPRO' Tablets and Hot Lemon Drink WILL SMASH a COLD or 'FLU' ATTACK in ONE NIGHT

Sole Agents:—DODWELL & Co., Ltd., obtainable at all Chemists and Drug Stores. Three-Packings: 5's, 11's, 27's.

THE KING OF HOBBIES

10 Million Stamp Collectors In The United States

One May morning ninety-nine years ago the couriers in England delivered letters on which a small label had been pasted to show that the postage fee had been paid in advance by the sender. The label was black and bore a likeness of the young Queen Victoria, writes Henry Bellmann.

It was the first postage stamp. Old gentlemen shook their heads and said, "What will they think of next?" They gave the stamps to the children and the first stamp collectors were made then and there.

Next year, for the hundredth anniversary of the issuance of these little labels, England will hold a huge celebration with a world-wide exhibit at Earl's Court in London. There will be distinguished juries to judge the priceless collections, handsome prizes, and, doubtless, a special stamp to commemorate the centenary.

There have been nearly 100,000 different stamps issued by some 200 countries during these ninety-nine years. Collecting began early. First, small collections of used stamps kept as curiosities; then more important collections of unused examples. Very soon collectors began to specialise—one country or one kind of stamp.

Royalty joined in the pastime and someone called it "the hobby of kings and the king of hobbies." The phrase stuck.

Here and there shrewd individuals saw the commercial aspects of stamp collecting. Dealers in "obliterated" (used) stamps were not uncommon in the late 'sixties. During that decade D. Appleton and Company published an album and J. W. Scott, a stamp fancier, laid the foundation of the great stamp house known today as the Scott Stamp and Coin Company. Stamp collecting had become a business.

COUNTERFEITS
Next came counterfeits and then experts to detect them. Societies were formed for the exchange of information. A word was coined: philately. Specialists were called philatelists. On March 1, 1898, the American Journal of Philately was issued with Scott as its editor. Stamp collecting had become a science.

Today there are 10,000,000 collectors in the United States—one out of every thirteen persons. The selling of stamps, a vast, internationally related activity, is one of the major businesses of the world. In New York City alone something like 5,000 people are employed in this business and its immediate ramifications. The annual expenditure by collectors must easily be above \$100,000,000.

In the upper brackets fine stamps are rarer than fine jewels, and they cost more. The men who sell them are reliable experts, as expert and honourable as the great jewel merchants. The one-cent magenta of British Guiana, for instance, brought \$50,000 when sold at auction in Paris some years ago. It was bought by Mr. Hinds of Utica, New York. The agent of King George V bid on it, but stopped

Carpets Sell Over The Seven Seas

British carpet manufacturers report increasing wartime exports to Empire and certain neutral countries although they have turned out more than one million blankets for the Forces.

In one week a big Scottish firm received orders for carpets from the Faroe Islands, Trinidad, Peru and Iceland. It has exported more carpets to the Empire and to neutral countries in the first six months of this year than in the previous twelve months, and for the last fifty years has been sending carpets to Australia without a break.

Today British carpet manufacturers are carrying large stocks in Australia to meet the big demand there. New Zealand's imports are limited only by the quota.

Canada, too, is steadily increasing her carpet orders. Indeed British carpet manufacturers are now making special fabrics for the Canadian market. Popular colours are fawn, beige and green.

South Africa, in proportion to its white population, is a very heavy buyer, and carpet market research is now being carried out to ascertain preferences of taste in material and colours there.

the political or economic reasons for the issue, the events commemorated, the significance of the national symbols, and much more. All of this is a part of the fascination of the subject.

HONGKONG SHARE QUOTATIONS

STOCK EXCHANGE. SHAREBROKERS' ASSOCIATION

WEDNESDAY 22 JAN.				WEDNESDAY 22 JAN.			
Buyer	Seller	Sales	Nominal	Buyer	Seller	Sales	Nominal
Banks							
H.K. Bank	H.K. Bank	...	...	...
Do. (Col. Reg.)	Do. (Col. Reg.)	...	...	...
Do. (Loa. Reg.)	Do. (Loa. Reg.)	...	...	...
Chartered Bank	Chartered Bank	...	...	...
Mercantile Bks. "A"	Mercantile Bks. "A"	...	...	...
Mercantile Bks. "C"	Mercantile Bks. "C"	...	...	...
Bank of East Asia	Bank of East Asia	...	...	...
N. C. & S. Bank	N. C. & S. Bank	...	...	...
Insurance							
Canton Insurance	Canton Insurance	...	...	...
Union Insurance	Union Insurance	...	...	...
Underwriters	Underwriters	...	...	...
H.K. Fire	H.K. Fire	...	...	...
Shipping							
Douglases	Douglases	...	...	...
Steamboats	Steamboats	...	...	...
Indo-China (Pref.)	Indo-China (Pref.)	...	...	...
Indo-China (Def.)	Indo-China (Def.)	...	...	...
Shells	Shells	...	...	...
Waterbois	Waterbois	...	...	...
Docks, Wharves, Godowns, etc.							
H. K. & K. Wharves	H. K. & K. Wharves	...	...	...
Providents	Providents	...	...	...
H. Docks (Old)	H. Docks (Old)	...	...	...
H. Docks (New)	H. Docks (New)	...	...	...
1. Wharves Docks	1. Wharves Docks	...	...	...
Mining							
Kailans	Kailans	...	...	...
Rauba	Rauba	...	...	...
Hong Kong Mines	Hong Kong Mines	...	...	...
Lands, Hotels and Buildings							
H.K. & S. Hotels	H.K. & S. Hotels	...	...	...
H.K. Lands	H.K. Lands	...	...	...
Do. 4% Debentures	Do. 4% Debentures	...	...	...
Shanghai Lands	Shanghai Lands	...	...	...
H.K. Realities	H.K. Realities	...	...	...
Humphreys	Humphreys	...	...	...
Chinese Estates	Chinese Estates	...	...	...
Cotton Mills							
Ewo (S.)	Ewo (S.)	...	...	...
S'hai Cottons (S.)	S'hai Cottons (S.)	...	...	...
Zoong Singa (S.)	Zoong Singa (S.)	...	...	...
Wing On Textiles (S.)	Wing On Textiles (S.)	...	...	...
Public Utilities							
H.K. Tramways	H.K. Tramways	...	...	...
Peak Trams (old)	Peak Trams (old)	...	...	...
Peak Trams (new)	Peak Trams (new)	...	...	...
Star Ferries	Star Ferries	...	...	...
T'wai Ferries	T'wai Ferries	...	...	...
China Lights (New)	China Lights (New)	...	...	...
H. K. Electric (Old)	H. K. Electric (Old)	...	...	...
H. K. Electric (New)	H. K. Electric (New)	...	...	...
Macao Electric (Old)	Macao Electric (Old)	...	...	...
Macao Electric (New)	Macao Electric (New)	...	...	...
Sandakan Lights	Sandakan Lights	...	...	...
Telephones (old)	Telephones (old)	...	...	...
Telephones (new)	Telephones (new)	...	...	...
S'pore Tractions (Ord.)	S'pore Tractions (Ord.)	...	...	...
Industrials							
Cald, Macg. (Ord.) S.	Cald, Macg. (Ord.) S.	...	...	...
Cald, Macg. (Pref.) S.	Cald, Macg. (Pref.) S.	...	...	...
Canton Ice	Canton Ice	...	...	...
Cementa	Cementa	...	...	...
H.K. Ropes	H.K. Ropes	...	...	...
H.K. Govt. Loans	H.K. Govt. Loans	...	...	...
4% Loan (1934)	4% Loan (1934)	...	...	...
3 1/2% (1940)	3 1/2% (1940)	...	...	...
Miscellaneous							
Dairy Farms	Dairy Farms	...	...	...
Entertainments	Entertainments	...	...	...
Constructions (old)	Constructions (old)	...	...	...
Constructions (new)	Constructions (new)	...	...	...
Lane Crawfords	Lane Crawfords	...	...	...
Nanyang Tobacco	Nanyang Tobacco	...	...	...
Sincere	Sincere	...	...	...
Watsons	Watsons	...	...	...
Ch. G. 5% 1925 G.B.Ds	Ch. G. 5% 1925 G.B.Ds	...	...	...
H.K. Wing On	H.K. Wing On	...	...	...
S'hai Wing On	S'hai Wing On	...	...	...
Vibro Piling	Vibro Piling	...	...	...
Maramans Inv. (Lon.)	Maramans Inv. (Lon.)	...	...	...
Maramans Inv. (H.K.)	Maramans Inv. (H.K.)	...	...	...
Wm. Powells	Wm. Powells	...	...	...
China Lights (Rights)	China Lights (Rights)	...	...	...
+Sale to Shanghai	+Sale to Shanghai	...	...	...

CHINESE GOODWILL MISSION TO INDIA

"I am carrying back to China more than I brought to India," said His Excellency Tai Chi-tao, President of the Examination Yuan and member of the State Council of the National Government of China, in an interview on the conclusion of his visit to India.

As leader of the Chinese Goodwill Mission, His Excellency arrived in India a month ago and visited Buddhist sacred places in the country and met leaders in the different provinces.

He was accompanied by Mr. Tsung-lien Shen, Councillor for Economic Affairs of the Supreme Council of National Defence, Mr. Ango Tai, Engineer of the Government Arsenal (the son of the leader), and Mr. Shih Hwa Shen, Manager of the Export Trading Corporation. The party have left for China.

In his parting message to the Indian people, His Excellency said: "During my short tour of India I was accorded a very cordial reception and given all kinds of assistance by the Government authorities for which I and my party are deeply thankful."

OBJECT OF TOUR

The object of his tour, he explained, was to call on a friendly neighbour whose friendship they had enjoyed for many years and whose sympathetic support to their national cause had won their gratitude.

"In all the places that I have visited the warmth with which I was received by the leaders of the Indian people, scholars and representatives of different communities, makes me more firmly convinced that the historic friendship between India and China is now again a living force. The influence of the revival of friendship

"GALLOPING GERTIE" BREAKS UP

The great suspension bridge over Puget Sound, near Tacoma, in the State of Washington, broke in half recently.

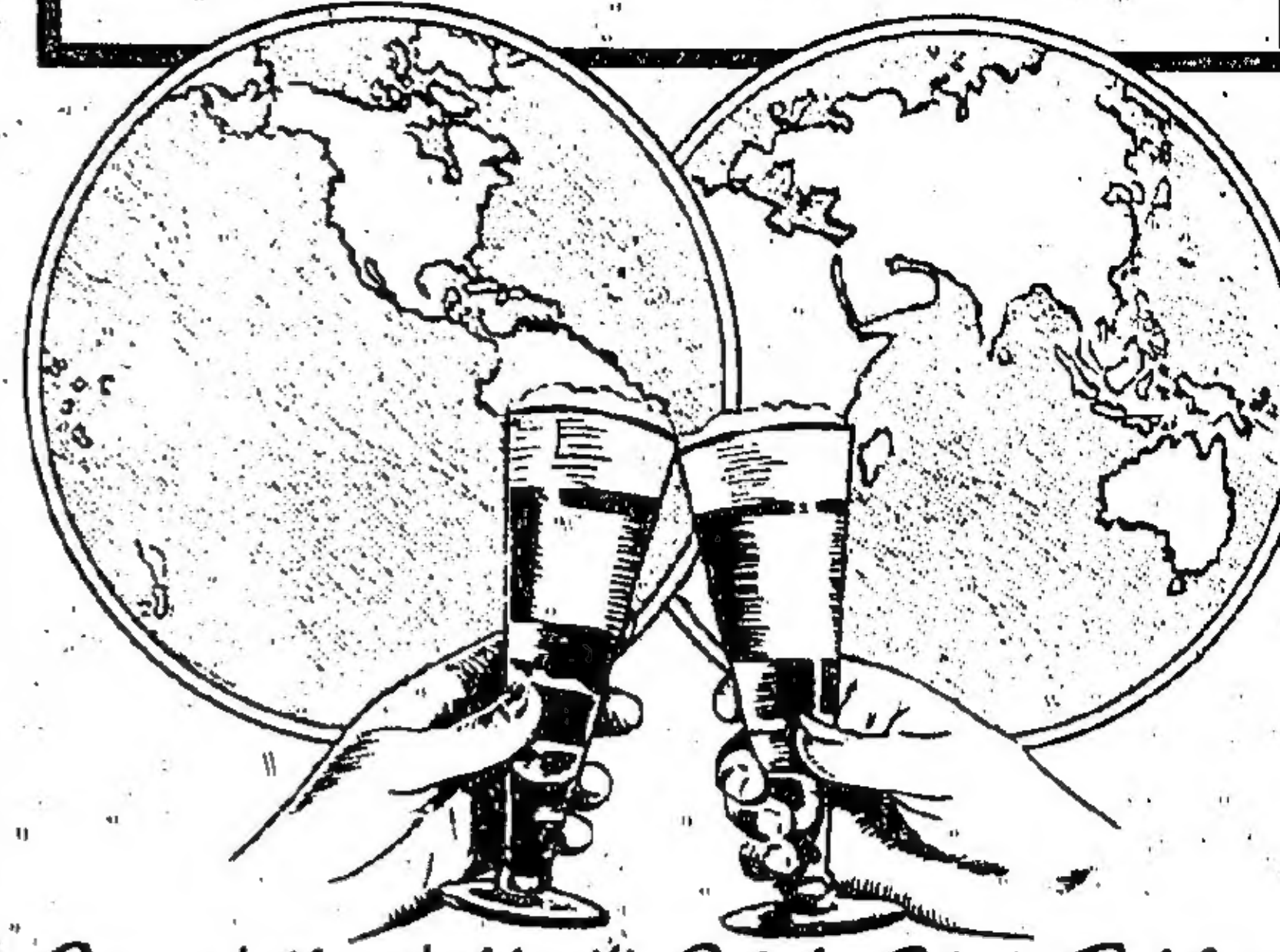
Nobody was on the bridge at the time the break occurred, but a reporter who had gone out on it in his car when it was first seen to be cracking escaped only by crawling 500 yards while the road bed was tipping to an angle of 45 degrees.

OPENED IN JULY

The bridge was opened to traffic only last July. It had been built at a cost of \$8,582,000 (about £1,600,000), with funds furnished partly by the Works Progress Administration and partly by investors, to shorten the distance between the Olympic Peninsula and the mainland. Its centre span of 2,800ft., supported by two steel towers each 425ft. high, was the third longest in the world.

Soon after the bridge was opened it developed a weaving motion, always accentuated by the wind, which won for it the nickname "Galloping Gertie." In building the bridge the engineers had to con-

PABST BLUE RIBBON BEER



Round the World, it's Pabst Blue Ribbon



From the Riviera to Singapore... from Buenos Aires to Bombay... in the smartest clubs, restaurants and bars as well as in the fine homes... you'll find this world-favourite of beers!

Because Pabst Blue Ribbon is in a class by itself. The lighter, zestier beer for keener refreshment. Nothing heavy or syrupy to slow up its delightfully invigorating action.

And wherever you order Pabst you'll find it always the same. Pure. Delicious. Wholesome. For in every tanged, thirst-quenching drop, we give you Guarded Goodness from Grain to Glass... your absolute guarantee of the highest quality that Nature 95-Year Skill and Modern Scientific Control can produce.

DODWELL & CO., LTD.

Queen's Building.

Tel. 20636

DELHI CONFERENCE RECOMMENDATIONS

LONDON, Jan. 22 (Reuter) — Valuable and far-reaching recommendations of the Delhi Conference are being dealt with in consultation between the British Government and other governments concerned, declared Mr. L. S. Amery, Secretary for India, in reply to a question in the House of Commons yesterday.

tend with a tide of eight miles an hour, and it was found necessary to sink its piers to a depth of 247ft.

HONGKONG SHAREBROKERS' ASSOCIATION

Volume of Business Transacted on Wednesday, Jan. 22, 1941

SALES		
China Lights	300	\$6.40
	200	6.40
China Lts. Rights	1000	6.35
China Providents	500	9.75
Cementa	500	17.75
Unions	60	410.00

The total value is \$46,850.00. Govt. Loans 3 1/2%, \$3,000 at 9 1/2%.

PRE-PAID ADVERTISEMENTS.

The following classes of advertisements are charged at the price given below:—

SITUATIONS VACANT. HOUSES AND APARTMENTS WANTED. HOUSES AND APARTMENTS TO BE LET. MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

Announcements not exceeding 25 Words are inserted under this heading at a Pre-paid Rate of \$1.50 for THREE INSERTIONS. If Charges collected, \$2.00.

WANTED TO BUY

WE OFFER HIGH PRICES for any amount of gold articles, diamonds, silver, jewels, etc. No holidays. Apply China Building, 7th floor, Tel. 30727. Eurasia Gold Refining Co.

WE PAY HIGH PRICES for all gold and silver articles. Jade, diamonds, jewels, watches, fountain pens. Apply Far East Diamond and Gold Refining Co. Room 621, China Building, 6th floor.

WE PAY HIGH PRICES for all gold and silver articles, gold bars, diamonds and jewels. Apply China Gold Refining Co. Pedder Building, 2nd floor, Room 6.

WANTED KNOWN

Why not learn all the Fancy latest Stitches for your dresses and Sweaters.

JOIN THE KNITTING CLASS AT \$3.00 per month (1 vice a week lesson). Please apply to Box No. 654 c/o H.K.D.P.

ORDERS TAKEN for hand-made sweaters, Ladies' jumpers, Babies' outfits, etc., at \$5.00 each for workmanship.

Wool and model desired, to be supplied by customer. Send particulars of address, etc., to Box 502, H.K.D.P.

Experienced Book-keeper Wants Students to form a class. Guaranteed students to keep a whole set of books after completion of a course of 6 months. For Term and Particulars. Please Apply to:—Box No. 462 c/o H.K.D.P.

HOTELS

FOR JADED APPETITES! REAL RUSSIAN FOOD. Dinner \$1.00 • Dinner \$1.25. METROPOLE HOTEL.

TEA DANCE DAILY. EXCEPT MONDAYS 5 to 7.30 P.M.

TOMINFAL PACKING CONTRACTOR. Any Kind Of Packing Promptly EXECUTED. GUARANTEES TO SHIP TO ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD. TELEPHONE 33237. 25827. YING LEE CO. BEST CAMPHORWOOD TRUNKS. NO. 8, QUEEN'S ROAD EAST, WANCHAI.

ENGRAVERS. FEI FEI & CO. Photo Engravers. 18, Cochrane Street, Telephone No. 22224.

AUCTIONEERS. GREATEST COLLECTION OF BARGAINS IN TOWN! LAMBERT'S AUCTION ROOM. 10, Wyndham Street. Established 1898. Hongkong.

EAT AT Jimmy's. TAILOR LAM SHU SHEK. 334, Nathan Road, Kowloon, Tel. 57712. Guaranteed delivery 1 suit in 24 hours notice and 6 hours for a pair of trousers.

Help your Friend and his Hobby by giving POSTAGE STAMPS for his collection and SEEDS FOR HIS GARDEN. We can supply the goods of his and your want.

GRACA & CO. Dealers in Postage Stamps, Garden Seeds, etc. 10, Wyndham Street. Established 1898. Hongkong.

Cottage Industry Thrives In Alor Star Village

In a rural atmosphere, unruffled by the march of time and undisturbed by the progress of civilisation, one seldom expects to find signs of any attempt at originality, the kampong folk being mostly hewers of wood, drawers of water or tillers of the soil, as their forefathers had been before them for countless generations.

But if one takes the trouble to go on a stroll in the small village of Pekan Satu some 14 miles from Alor Star, one sees the skill and ingenuity that has lifted the lives of a family from the rut to a position of standing and affluence in the comparative quiet of rural kampong life, writes a Malaya Tribune reporter.

For it is here that the crudely shaped spinning jenny, which has withstood the test of time, has been successfully installed to provide work for half a dozen Chinese girls and bringing a good income to a family.

In typically quiet settings, the small but thriving industry can be seen in progress daily by the most casual passerby, for the spinning wheels are located just at the entrance to a simple, unpretentious attap house, giving the premises a more dignified appearance.

It is this borrowed grandeur which attracted me to that house of industry and to satisfy myself of the curiosity born on sight of

GIRL WORKERS

The curiosity took me to an elderly looking Chinese woman who studiously showed me the principles upon which the spinning jenny and the wheels were worked, not unlike those found in big factories in towns, the only exception being that possibly more crude machines cannot be obtained elsewhere.

About six girls are engaged to do the spinning and weaving the threads into rolls of cotton cloth. The girls can change from cloth weaving to mosquito net manufacture by a simple but ingenious device.

The weaving machines are located at the back portion of the house, amid dull and murky surroundings, for ventilation is still considered unnecessary by these rural folk.

On an estimate about 20 rolls of cotton cloth can be made in a day, the daily profit averaging \$12.

FOREIGN MARKETS & QUOTATIONS

MONEY AND EXCHANGE

CLOSING QUOTATIONS

JANUARY 22, 1941.

On London:—
Telegraphic Transfer 1/2 7/8
Bank Bills on demand 1/2 7/8
Credits 4 months sight

On Shanghai:—
On demand 490
On Singapore:—
On demand 52 3/4

On Japan:—
On demand 102 1/2

On India:—
Telegraphic Transfer 82 1/2
and demand

On New York:—
Bank Bills on demand 23 3/8
Credits 60 days sight 24 1/8

On Batavia:—
On demand 43 3/4

On Paris:—
Bank Bills on demand Nom.
Credits 4 months sight Nom.

On Saigon:—
On demand 101 1/2

On Manila:—
On demand 46 3/4

On Bangkok:—
On demand 149 1/2

On Sterling Notes:—
Bank Buying Rate Nom.
Bar Silver per oz. 23 3/16

Market Report

FROM ROZA BROS.
Wednesday, Jan. 22.
Silver prices dropped 1/16 yesterday for both deliveries, the quotations being 23 3/16 for Ready and 23 1/8 for Forward. Silver advices reported a quiet market with a small business done. American Silver was quoted at 34 3/4 for Spot.

The London/New York cross-rate was quoted at 402 1/2. New York-London was quoted at 403 1/2.

MARKET
Quiet. U.S. Dollars were a shade steadier.

STERLING
No business was reported. There were sellers at 1/3 January/February, buyers at 1/3 1/2 Cash.

U. S. DOLLARS
Some business was reported early in the morning at 23 3/4 for February. At the close there were sellers at 23 3/4 Cash/February, buyers at 23 1/16 February, possibly Cash.

SHANGHAI DOLLARS
Opened with sellers at 435 1/2. Business was arranged at various rates. Closed with sellers at 438 1/2 for Cash.

SHANGHAI MARKET
Sterling last advices reported sellers at 3 27/64 for Spot, U.S. Dollars at 5 7/16 for Spot.

Shanghai Exchange

Shanghai, Jan. 22 (Reuter).
Official T.T. Rates

	Opening	Closing
London	0/3-5/18	0/3-5/18
New York	5-1/4	5-1/4
Japan	22-1/4	22-1/4
India	18-3/8	18-3/8
Paris	nominal	nominal
Hongkong	22	22

Sterling
The Central Bank of China's rate on London at 10 a.m. today was 1/2-1/2d.
The Equalisation rate was 22 1/2 per cent.

India Rupee Paper

Bombay, Jan. 21 (Reuter).
Govt. 3 1/2 Rupee, 95-0-0.

Calcutta Exchange

Calcutta, Jan. 21 (Reuter).
T.T. on Japan, 81-1/4.

SILVER MARKET

LONDON SILVER
London, Jan. 21 (Reuter).
Silver—Little local selling. Business small. Market very quiet. In the afternoon the market was quiet with no business.
Spot, 23-3/16d.
Forward, 23-1/8d.

BOMBAY SILVER
Bombay, Jan. 21 (Reuter).
Market—Steady. Offer 50 bars.
Indian Mint Silver
Ready 83-05
Feb. 21 Settlement 83-04
Mar. 25 Settlement 82-11

NEW YORK COMMODITY MARKET

(REUTER'S SERVICE)
NEW YORK, Jan. 21 (Reuter).

	High	Low	Close	Prev. Today's	Change
New York Cotton, March	10.36	10.30	10.34	10.32	.02 off
New York Rubber, March	13.30	12.95	13.35	13.10	.25 off
Chicago Wheat, May	86 1/2	85 1/2	86 1/2	85 1/2	1 off
Chicago Corn, May	63 1/2	62 1/2	63 1/2	62 1/2	1 off
New York Hides, March	12.93	12.68	12.80	12.78	.02 off

NEW YORK COTTON
Spot 10.57
March 10.34/37
May 10.40/41
July 10.28/29
October 9.81/82
December 9.77/77
January (1942) 9.74 N

NEW YORK RUBBER
March 19.35/35
May 19.26/26
July (New contract) 19.12b/15a
September 19.00/00
Total sales Monday—72,900 bales.
Last Notice Day for January Cotton is January 23, 1941 (Date of Delivery).

CHICAGO WHEAT
May 86 1/2
July 86 1/2
September 81 1/2
Monday's sales—6,395,000 bushels.

CHICAGO CORN
May 63b
July 63 1/2
September 63 1/2
Monday's sales—118 contracts.

NEW YORK COCOA
March 5.03 N
May 5.09 N
Total sales for the day—118 contracts.

NEW YORK SUGAR NO. 3
March 2.00b/02a
May 2.05b/06a
Volume of business done—180 lots.

NEW YORK SUGAR NO. 4
March 73b/74a
May 74b/75a
Volume of business done—33 lots.

NEW YORK COPPER FUTURES
March 11.40b/45a
July 11.30b/38a
N.Y. Official Silver 34-3/4
N.Y.-London Cross Rate 4.03-1/2

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

(REUTER'S SERVICE)
London, Jan. 21.
The following quotations are the middle prices at the close of the market in London. All quotations are subject to confirmation and no responsibility is assumed for errors in transmission.

War Loan, 3 1/2 (Red, after 1932)	103-9/16
Defence Loan, 3 1/2	101 1/2
London-K'loon Rly, 5 1/2	13
Chinese 4 1/2 Gold Loan 1898 (Brit. Issue)	44
Chinese 5 1/2 Gold Bonds, 1925/47	42-47
Chin. 4 1/2 Anglo-French Loan, 1908	45
Chinese 5 1/2 Crisp Loan, 1912	26
Chinese 5 1/2 Reorg. Loan, 1913 (Ldn. Is.)	34
Chinese 8 1/2 Ster. Notes, 1925 (Vickers)	10
Chin. Imperial Rly, 5 1/2	17
Hongkong Rly, 5 1/2	16
Hukuang Rly 5 1/2, 1911 (L.P. N.Y. Issue)	15
Hukuang Rly 5 1/2, 1911 (German Issue)	13
Long Tsing & U Hai Rly, 5 1/2 1913	14
Shanghai-K'loon Rly, 5 1/2	16
Nientsin-Pukow Rly, 5 1/2 (Brit. Stpd.)	15
Nientsin-Pukow Rly, 5 1/2 (German Stpd.)	15
Nientsin-Pukow Rly, 5 1/2 (Brit. Stpd. Supl. Loan)	15
Tientsin-Pukow Rly, 5 1/2 (Ger. Stpd. Supl. Loan)	15
Jap. 6 1/2 Ster. Loan, 1924	22 1/2-25 1/2
Ger. 7 1/2 Intl. Loan, 1924	54
Chartered Bank	8 1/2
H.K. & S'hai Bank (Ldn. Reg.)	82
H.K. & S'hai Bank (Col. Reg.)	85
Chinese Eng. & Mining (bearer)	18/0
Chosen Corporation	4/-
Mercantile Bank of India, dia. 25, "G"	11 1/2
Pekin Syndicate	1/8
S'hai Elec. Contr. Co.	15/-
S'hai Waterworks "A"	13
Union Insurance	20
Gula Kalumpung Rubber	15 1/2
Lom, Mid. & Scot. Rly.	14 1/2
Great Western Rly.	38 1/2
National Bank of India	31 1/2
S.A. Tob. (bearer)	34 1/2
Dunlop Rubber	94/-
Bristol Aeroplane	9/9

H.K. STOCK EXCHANGE

There was a big increase in the volume of business done for the short session today, and with the exception of Banks and Watsons prices in general were slightly off, with Cements registering the lowest level at 17 1/2.

War Loan, 3 1/2 (Red, after 1932)	103-9/16
Defence Loan, 3 1/2	101 1/2
London-K'loon Rly, 5 1/2	13
Chinese 4 1/2 Gold Loan 1898 (Brit. Issue)	44
Chinese 5 1/2 Gold Bonds, 1925/47	42-47
Chin. 4 1/2 Anglo-French Loan, 1908	45
Chinese 5 1/2 Crisp Loan, 1912	26
Chinese 5 1/2 Reorg. Loan, 1913 (Ldn. Is.)	34
Chinese 8 1/2 Ster. Notes, 1925 (Vickers)	10
Chin. Imperial Rly, 5 1/2	17
Hongkong Rly, 5 1/2	16
Hukuang Rly 5 1/2, 1911 (L.P. N.Y. Issue)	15
Hukuang Rly 5 1/2, 1911 (German Issue)	13
Long Tsing & U Hai Rly, 5 1/2 1913	14
Shanghai-K'loon Rly, 5 1/2	16
Nientsin-Pukow Rly, 5 1/2 (Brit. Stpd.)	15
Nientsin-Pukow Rly, 5 1/2 (German Stpd.)	15
Nientsin-Pukow Rly, 5 1/2 (Brit. Stpd. Supl. Loan)	15
Tientsin-Pukow Rly, 5 1/2 (Ger. Stpd. Supl. Loan)	15
Jap. 6 1/2 Ster. Loan, 1924	22 1/2-25 1/2
Ger. 7 1/2 Intl. Loan, 1924	54
Chartered Bank	8 1/2
H.K. & S'hai Bank (Ldn. Reg.)	82
H.K. & S'hai Bank (Col. Reg.)	85
Chinese Eng. & Mining (bearer)	18/0
Chosen Corporation	4/-
Mercantile Bank of India, dia. 25, "G"	11 1/2
Pekin Syndicate	1/8
S'hai Elec. Contr. Co.	15/-
S'hai Waterworks "A"	13
Union Insurance	20
Gula Kalumpung Rubber	15 1/2
Lom, Mid. & Scot. Rly.	14 1/2
Great Western Rly.	38 1/2
National Bank of India	31 1/2
S.A. Tob. (bearer)	34 1/2
Dunlop Rubber	94/-
Bristol Aeroplane	9/9

LONDON METALS EXCHANGE

London, Jan. 21 (Reuter).
Tin, Standard, Cash, Middle Price, 2257-1/8.
Tin, Standard, 3 months, Middle Price, 2257-7/8.

LONDON GOLD

London, Jan. 21 (Reuter).
Bar Gold, Fine per oz., 168/-
Imperial Chemical Ind. 30/1 1/2
United Steel 23/-
Woolworths 55/-
Marsman Investments 7/8
Western Holdings 10/3
Sub-Nigel 155
Shell Trans. & Trad. (bearer) 45/7 1/2
—bid. —ex. div.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

QUOTATION

(REUTER'S SERVICE)

JANUARY 22, 1941.

STOCKS	Last Sale	STOCKS	Last Sale
Jan. 21	Jan. 21	Jan. 21	Jan. 21
Adams Express	6 1/2	Loew's Inc.	32
Allegheny Steel Co.	23	Loft Incorporated	18
Allis-Chalmers	33	Mack Truck Inc.	30 1/2
Aluminum Ltd.	73 1/2	Marlin, Glen L.	28 1/2
Amer. Can.	91 1/2	McKesson & Robbins, pfd.	28 1/2
American Cyanamid E.	34 1/2	Montgomery Ward	37
Amer. & Foreign Power	1	M'tain City Copper Co.	3
Amer. & Foreign 7 1/2 pf.	19 1/2	National Aviation	9 1/2
Amer. Locomotive	15 1/2	Nat. Dairy Products	13 1/2
Amer. Metals Co.	18 1/2	National Distillers	22 1/2
Amer. Radiator	13	National Lead	17 1/2
Amer. Rolling Mill	62	Nat. Power & Light	6 1/2
Amer. S'ing and R'ing Co.	41 1/2	National Supply Corp.	5 1/2
Amer. Sugar Refining	15 1/2	New York Central	13 1/2
Amer. Tel. & Tel.	166 1/2	Niagara Hudson Power	3 1/2
Amer. Tobacco "B"	72	N. American Aviation	15 1/2
Amer. Waterworks	6 1/2	North American Co.	16 1/2
Anaconda Copper	24 1/2	Northern Pacific	6 1/2
Atchafalpa, T. & S. Fe.	23	Owens-Illinois Glass Co.	45 1/2
Aviation Corp.	41 1/2	Pacific Gas & Elec.	28 1/2
Baldwin Locomotive	16 1/2	Packard Motors	3
Baltimore & Ohio	3 1/2	Pan-American Airways	13 1/2
Barber Asphalt Co.	9 1/2	Paramount Pictures	11
Barnsdall Oil	8 1/2	Pennsylvania R.R.	24 1/2
Bendix Aviation	35 1/2	Philadelphia Read. Coal	5 3/2
Bethlehem Steel	83 1/2	Phillips Petroleum	37
Bills & Co.	17 1/2	Public Service of N.J.	28 1/2
Boeing Airplane Co.	18 1/2	Pullman Inc.	28
Borg-Warner	22 1/2	Pure Oil	8 1/2
Briggs Mfg.	22 1/2	Radio Corp. of Am.	42
Budd Manufacturing Corp.	4 1/2	Reading Company, Com.	14 1/2
Canadian Pacific R'way	3 1/2	Remington Arms Co., Inc.	53 1/2
Case, J.I.	54 1/2	Republic Aviation Corp.	48
Celanese	26 1/2	Republic Steel	20 1/2
Chesapeake & Ohio	42 1/2	Revere Corp.	10
Chrysler Corp.	65 1/2	Reynold Tobac, "B"	33 1/2
Columbia Gas & Elec.	49	Safeway Stores	42 1/2
Commercial Credit Co.	29 1/2	Schenley Distillers	10 1/2
Consolidated Edison	22	Sears Roebuck	75 1/2
Consolidated Oil	5 1/2	Shell Union Oil	10 1/2
Continental Can	37 1/2	Socony-Vacuum Oil	8 1/2
Continental Oil	19 1/2	Southern Pacific	9 1/2
Copperweld Steel	17	Southern Ry 5 1/2 pfd.	22 1/2
Curtis Wright (C)	8 1/2	Splinter Manufacturing Co.	35 1/2
Curtis Wright "A"	28 1/2	Stand Gas & Elec.	1
Deere & Co.	21 1/2	Standard Oil of California	18 1/2
Distillers Corp., Seagrams	17 1/2	Standard Oil of N.J.	33 1/2
Douglas Aircraft	74 1/2	Stone & Webster	7 1/2
Du Pont de Nemours	154 1/2	Studebaker Com.	7 1/2
Eagle Picher Lead	31	Swift International	18 1/2
Eaton Mfg. Co.	85	Technicolor	8 1/2
Elec. Autolite	30 1/2	Texas Corp.	36 1/2
Elec. Bond & Share	3 1/2	Texas Gulf Sulphur	37 1/2
Elec. Bond & Share 5 1/2 pf.	55 1/2	Timken-Axle	31 1/2
Elec. Bond & Share 8 1/2 pf.	64 1/2	Trans-America Co.	4 1/2
Elec. Power & Light 7 1/2 pf.	30 1/2	20th Cent. Fox	6 1/2
Flintkote	14 1/2	Union Bag & Paper Corp.	11 1/2
Gen. American Trans.	54	Union Carbide & Carbon	69
Gen. Electric	34 1/2	Union Pacific	81 1/2
Gen. Motors	44 1/2	United Aircraft	41 1/2
Gen. Railway Signal	14 1/2	United Airlines Trans.	14 1/2
Gen. Tire & Rubber	12	United Corp.	1 1/2
Gibson Co.	14 1/2	United Corp. 3 1/2 cum pf.	27 1/2
Goodrich (B.F.)	13 1/2	United Gas Corp.	1
Goodrich 5 1/2 pf.	64	United Gas Improvement	10
Goodyear Tire & Co.	18 1/2	U.S. Industrial Alcohol	25 1/2
Great Northern Iron Ore	15	U.S. Rubber	22 1/2
Great Northern Rly, pfd.	27 1/2	U.S. Rubber 8 1/2 pfd.	88
Great Western Sugar	21 1/2	U.S. Smelting	63 1/2
Greyhound Corp.	11 1/2	U.S. Steel	65 1/2
Hercules Powder Co.	70 1/2	Vanadium	31 1/2
Homestead Mining	51	Vulcan Aircraft	7 1/2
Int. Nickel	25 1/2	Walworth Co.	5 1/2
Inter. Paper & Power	13 1/2	Warner Bros. Pict.	34
Int. Tel. & Tel.	28 1/2	Westinghouse Elec.	100
Johnsman	61	Woodward Iron Cor.	30 1/2
Kennecott Copper	31 1/2	Chase National Bank	32 1/2
Libbey-Owens-Ford Glass	39 1/2	National City Bank	27 1/2
Lockheed Aircraft	25 1/2		

DOW JONES AVERAGE

	1940	High	Low	Dow Jones Averages	Jan. 20, 1941	High	Low	Close	Change
12.80	111.64	30	Industrials	129.34	129.11	127.83	128.20	1.04	off
32.67	22.75	20	Rails	28.85	29.25	28.75	28.90	.05	up
98.45	18.03	20	Utilities	20.15	20.19	19.96	20.04	.11	off
92.13	83.06	40	Bonds	91.05	91.05	91.05	91.05	.03	up
64.07	48.47	11	Commodity Index	56.68	56.68	56.28	56.28	.40	off

Business Done—580,000 shares

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HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION

Authorized Capital.....\$50,000,000
Issued & Fully Paid-Up \$20,000,000
Reserve Funds:
Sterling.....£ 5,500,000
H.K. Currency Reserve \$10,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors.....\$20,000,000

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via MANILA, SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO,
BOMBAY and CAPE TOWN
S.S. "PRESIDENT MONROE" Feb. 9
S.S. "PRESIDENT GRANT" Mar. 23
S.S. "PRESIDENT JACKSON" Mar. 23

To MANILA
S.S. "PRESIDENT CLEVELAND" Jan. 29
S.S. "PRESIDENT COOLIDGE" Feb. 15
S.S. "PRESIDENT PIERCE" Feb. 26

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ASAMA MARU ... Tuesday, 11th Feb.
SEATTLE & VANCOUVER (Starts from Kobe)
HEIAN MARU ... Saturday, 25th Jan.
SOUTH AMERICA (WEST COAST) via Hilo & San Francisco.
SAKURA MARU (starts from Kobe) Saturday, 25th Jan.
NEW YORK via Japan & Panama
NOZIMA MARU ... Thursday, 30th Jan.
SYDNEY & MELBOURNE via Manila.
SUWA MARU ... Wednesday, 29th Jan.
HAIPHONG, SAIGON & MADRAS
TOTTORI MARU ... Wednesday, 29th Jan.
(Cargo accepted for Haiphong & Saigon)
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HARUNA MARU ... Tuesday, 28th Jan.
TOYAMA MARU ... Tuesday, 11th Feb.
RANGOON & CALCUTTA via Singapore
TOBA MARU ... Tuesday, 28th Jan.
KOBE & YOKOHAMA
KAMO MARU ... Thursday, 23rd Jan.
YAWATA MARU ... Tuesday, 28th Jan.
ASAMA MARU ... Tuesday, 11th Feb.
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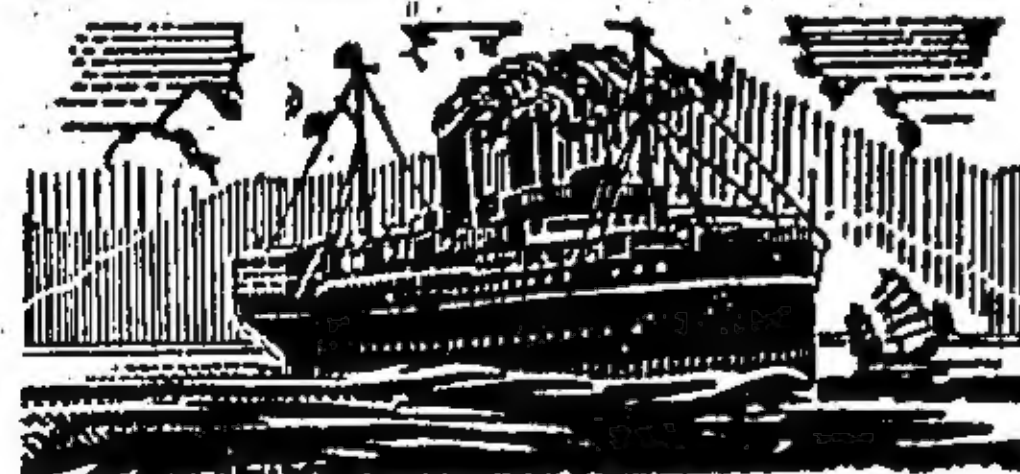
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A.R.P. ORDERS

JANUARY 22, 1941

A.R.P. Orders issued by Wing-Commander A. H. S. Steele-Perkins, O.B.E., Director of Air Raid Precautions.

SPECIAL ORDER OF THE DAY

The Director of Air Raid Precautions wishes all Chinese members of the Corps of Air Raid Wardens a peaceful and prosperous New Year.

CHINESE NEW YEAR HOLIDAYS

Attestation.—There will be no attestation of Wardens in Hongkong on Jan. 28, or in Kowloon on Jan. 29. Instructional Classes—There will be no A.R.P. Lectures on Monday and Tuesday, Jan. 27 and 28.

A.R.P. HANDBOOKS

Handbook No. 1 and Handbook No. 2 (English).—Wardens who have copies of these handbooks in their possession, which they do not require, are requested to return same to Headquarters where the stock is practically exhausted.

ANTI-SABOTAGE WORK

Members of the Hongkong Corps of Air Raid Wardens are asked to give every assistance to Government by volunteering for anti-sabotage duties.

STRENGTH-INCREASE

The following Wardens are permitted to resign:-

244 Miss Ho Wai-fong, Central; 592 Chung Tai-hong, 1498 Wong Koon-long, Upper Levels; 2087 Leung Kai-fan, 2126 So Kong-chee, Kowloon City, on leaving the Colony; C/W 1685 (T) J. F. Grose, Western, due to ill health; 1690 Leung Peh-hing, Central.

CHANGE OF ADDRESS

2058 Miss Wong Yee-tin, Kowloon City, to 143, Sai Yee Street, ground floor, Mongkok; and 3138 Miss Au Pu-yung, Kowloon City, to 160, Des Voeux Road, West, third floor, Western.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE

Mr. A. E. Gerondal, Deputy Chief Air Raid Warden, Hongkong, is granted leave from Jan. 6 to Jan. 31.

APPOINTMENTS

The following appointments are notified with effect from Jan. 22.

Temporary Divisional Warden, M. L. Bevan, to be acting Head Warden, while employed at A.R.P. Headquarters, with effect from Jan. 21.

PROMOTIONS

The following promotions are notified with effect from Jan. 15.

Tsimshatui.—To be Senior Warden, 1569 Li Chi-leung; To be Deputy Senior Warden, 1571 Ng Wing-kwong.

EXAMINATION RESULTS

The following have qualified as Wardens but are not available for duty with the Corps:-

Miss Lai Wai-tak, Miss Lily Wong, Ma Wai-sang, Chung Ping-kwan.

STRENGTH-INCREASE

The following have qualified as Air Raid Wardens and are posted to Divisions as hereunder:-

Western.—3235 Choi Lit-ming, 1058 Chan Chi-kin, 3360 Cheung-lat, 3361 Fung Koi-fai, 3363 Lau Woon-cheung, 3365 Lee Chun-oi, 3366 Lee Yip-kwan, 3367 Li Ip-kin, 3368 Li Man-kit, 3369 Lun Chim, 3370 Ng Kip-sun, 3371 Wong Kwok-pang, 3372 Miss Woo Chi-dip, 3373 Yip Yuk-tong.

Bay View.—3377 Chan Ho-ning, 3378 Cheung Man-sang, 3379 Handwei Chow, 3380 Chow Hon-shu, 3382 Leung Yeung-por, 3384 Miss Mow Jack, 3386 Shum Kwai-din, 3387 Wong Shau-luk.

Central.—244 Miss Chan Kwok-wai, 1890 Chu Yuet-ping, 3383 Lai Kwo-kwong, 3345 Leung Wai, 3389 Li Tung-ling, 3390 Wong Tze-chung, 3392 Yeung Pak-ki.

Eastern.—3201 Lai Siu-wai, 3211 Poon Kam-wing, 1822 Wong Kam-chuen.

Upper Levels.—2645 Lau Shue-kam, 3376 Francis C. N. Tam. (Sgd.) B. H. PUCKLE, Deputy Director of A.R.P.

WEATHER REPORT

Hongkong Royal Observatory

10 a.m., Jan. 22

Barometer (at sea level), 29.86 ins.

Temperature, 75 F.

Humidity, 89 per cent.

Wind Direction, SSW

Wind Force (Beaufort), 3.

Temperature: Maximum yesterday, 73 F.

Temperature: minimum last night, 69 F.

Rainfall for 24 hrs. ending 10th today, 2.11 ins.

Total rainfall since January 1st, 3.24 ins.

Against an average of, 0.58 ins.

Sunset tonight, 6.05 p.m.

Sunrise tomorrow, 7.05 a.m.

4 p.m., Jan. 22.

Barometer (at sea level), 29.75 ins.

Temperature, 75 F.

Humidity, 90 per cent.

Wind Direction, SW.

Wind Force (Beaufort), 5.

Maximum temperature, 77 F.

Minimum temperature, 69 F.

Rainfall, 0.01 ins.

HONG KONG TIDE TABLE

From 23 to 29 Jan. 1941.

Days of Week	Date of Month	HIGH WATER		LOW WATER	
		Hong Kong Standard Time	Height	Hong Kong Standard Time	Height
Thurs.	23	06.40	4.2	10.37	2.3
		18.12	6.6	11.02	3.4
Fri.	24	08.04	4.3	01.37	1.6
		19.07	7.1	19.07	3.5
Sat.	25	09.06	4.4	02.24	1.2
		19.59	7.4	13.10	3.4
Sun.	26	10.45	7.6	13.47	3.4
		19.57	4.6	03.39	0.7
Mon.	27	11.03	7.7	14.36	3.2
		20.08	4.7	04.13	0.6
Tues.	28	11.38	7.9	15.17	3.0
		21.38	4.9	04.47	0.7
Wed.	29	12.42	7.2	15.57	2.9

UNCLAIMED TELEGRAMS

The following unclaimed telegrams from Shanghai are lying at the office of the Great Northern Telegraph Company (Limited):—
Chow Hung-pun, 112 Queen's Rd. C., Room 11A; Lok Kwei-fong, 64 Village Road; Nan Kai Kam Kee; Chang Sik-Hong, c/o Lok Kwok Hotel.

CHINA NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

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SAIGON, MIRI, SANDAKAN, MADANG, SALAMAU, RABAU, TELAGI, GIZO and LORENGAU.

For further particulars regarding loading dates etc. please apply to:-

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE
TELEPHONE NO. 30331

POLICE LAUNCH ADRIFT

A Harbour Office notice requests vessels to keep a good lookout for a grey painted motor boat with "Police Launch No. 16" marked on each bow. The launch is believed to be drifting toward Macao from Tai O, Lantau Island.

Any vessel sighting the boat is asked to recover it if possible and to hand it over to the Water Police, Hongkong.

CARIMATA STRAITS

The lights on the Red and Black buoy north-west of Clemencia Bank, and the black buoy east of Fox Banks in Carimata Strait, Borneo, have been relighted, according to a Harbour Office notification.

CONSIGNEES' NOTICES

CONSIGNEES' NOTICE

THE BURNS PHILP LINE.

FROM MELBOURNE, SYDNEY, NEW CASTLE, SALAMAU, RABAU AND MANILA.

THE M.V.

CONSIGNEES of Cargo are hereby informed that all Goods are being landed at their risk into the hazardous and/or extra hazardous Godowns of the Hong Kong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co., Ltd., whence and/or from the wharves Delivery may be obtained.

No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 25th Jan., 1941, will be subject to Rent.

All Claims against the Steamer must be presented to the Underwriter on or before the 5th Feb., 1941, or they will not be recognized.

To comply with the General Bonded Warehouse Regulations, consignees must have a Revenue Officer in attendance when damaged dutiable goods are examined.

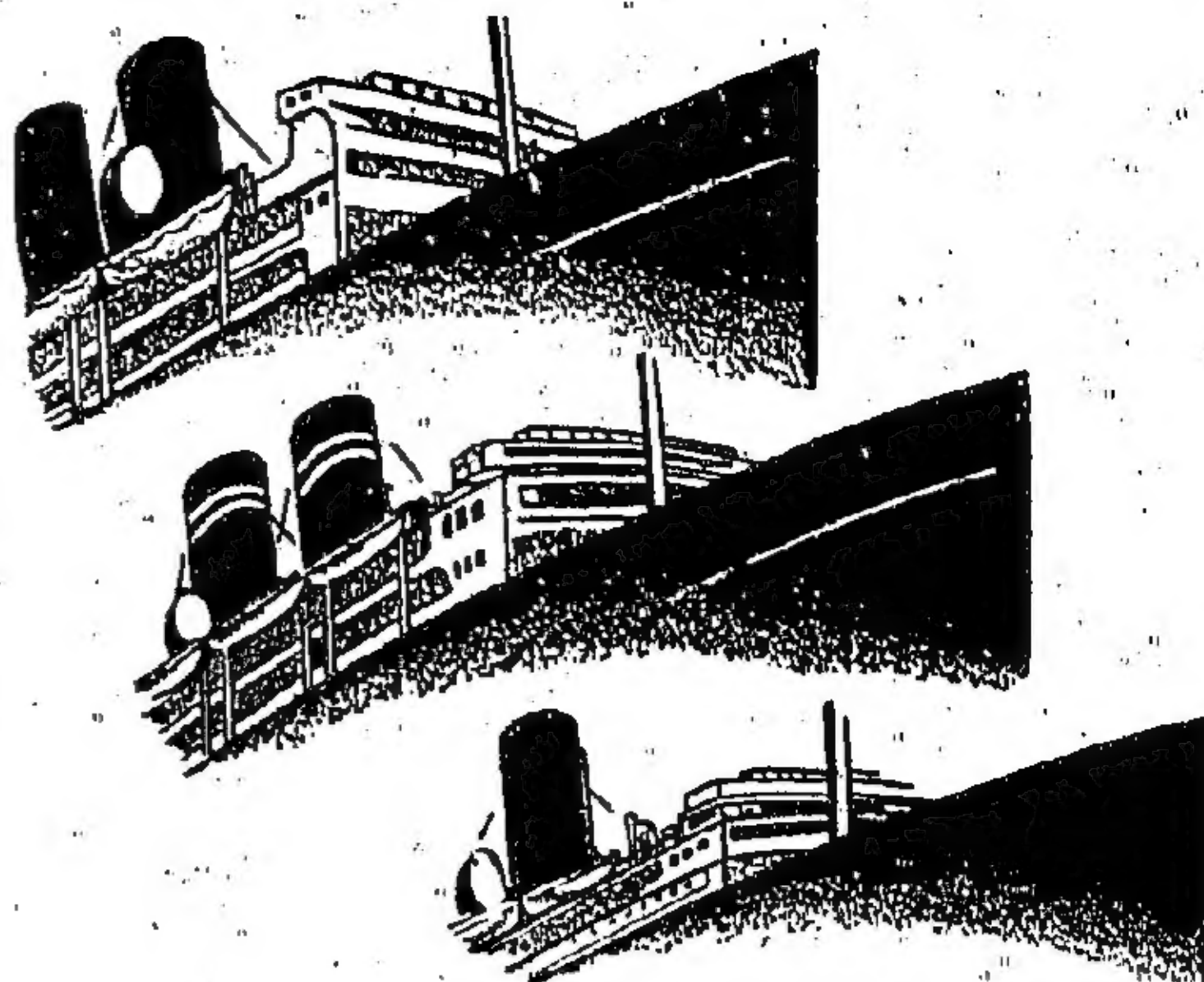
All broken, chafed and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on the 24th Jan., 1941, at 10 a.m., by Messrs. Goddard and Douglas.

No Fire Insurance has been effected.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co., Ltd., Agents.

Hong Kong, 21st January, 1941.



P. & O. S. N. CO.

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Passengers are requested to register their requirements but under present circumstances sailings are performed restricted.

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Additional sailing Third week April

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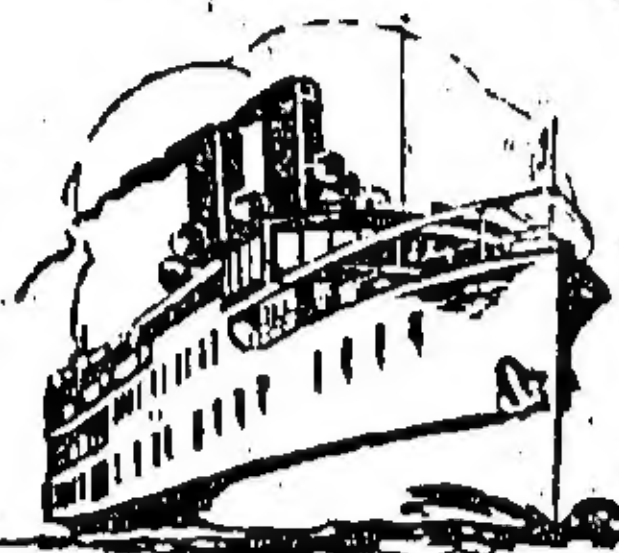
CANTON LINE

WEEKLY SAILING

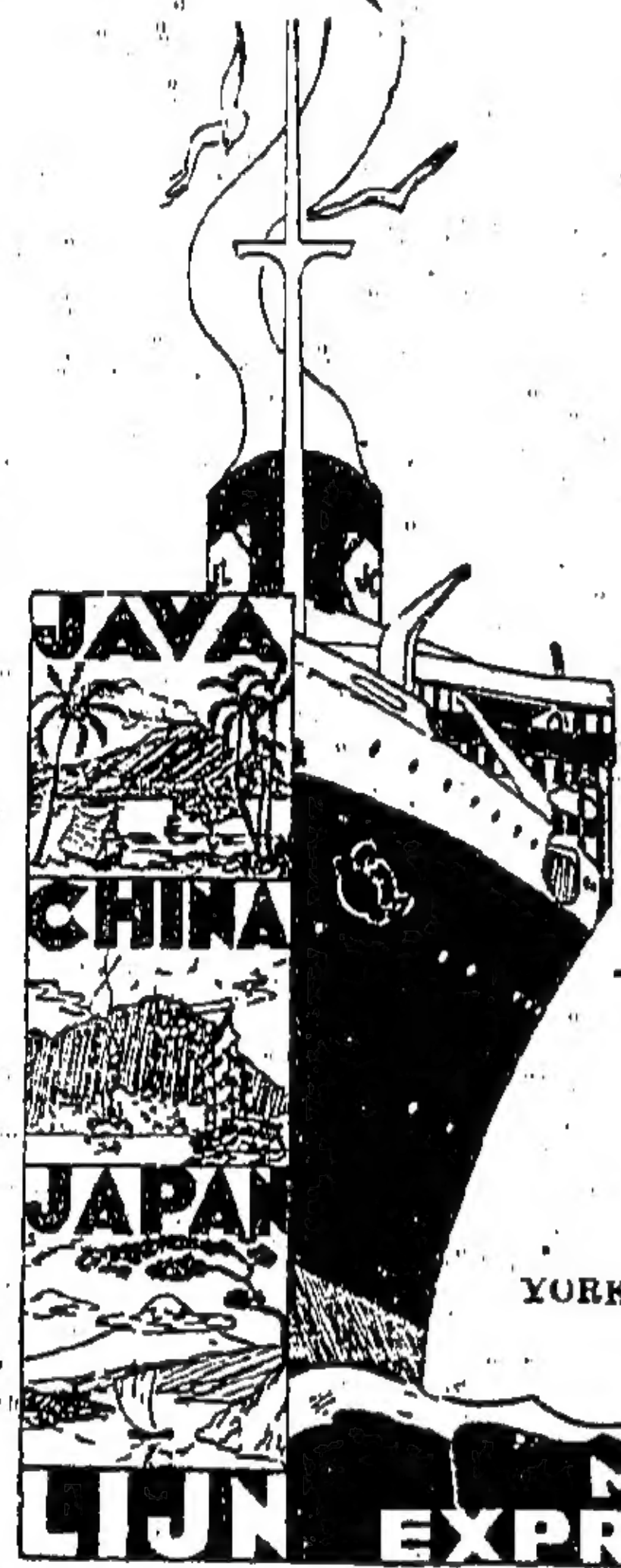
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MODERN
EXPRESS SERVICE

RACE CARNIVAL

Continued from Page 2

152. Dignitas 149. Double Dutch
153. Dutch Treat 152. Endeavour
152. Hawaiian Love 152. Hole In
One 149. Jungle Love 149. Jus
Gentium 149. King's Flight 152.
Leading Star 152. Lex Fort 152.
Look See 152. Macy 149. Mainsail
152. Manhattan 149. Moonlight 149.
National Blessings 152. Never-
Never 152. Newborn Star 152. New-
market Day 149. Ogle 152. Ophir
152. Riverbridge 152. Royal Sover-
eign 152. Santa Anita 152. Sara-
toga 152. Seal River 149. Sports
Six 152. Snow White 149. Sports
Lady 149. Starlight View 149.
Strathalbyn 149. Sunspot 152. Syd-
ney Diamond 152. Sydney Lady
152. The Hawk 152. Tobaccoship
149. Too Hot 152. Trade Wind 149.
Twinkling Star 152. United Express
152. Vicar 152. Vitamin M. 152.
Wayworth 149. Zadderday 152.
11—5.30 p.m.—Amoy Handicap.
Winner \$750. Second \$300. Third
\$200. For China Ponies classified
"D" Class. To be ridden by
Jockeys who have not won ten
races anywhere at any time. No
Whips or Spurs allowed. Entrance
\$10. Six Furlongs.

Bistre 135 lbs. Bressay 152.
Chatterbox 148. Dawn Star 159.
Eve of Hunting 159. Eve of Peace
155. Golden Cow 135. Jack O'Lan-
tern 148. King's Worthy 148. Love-
ly Star 159. Night View 155.
Oomph 143. Phoenix 151. Piet
Hein 135. Portrush 145. Royal
Highness 148. Royal Wedding 152.
159. Salvage Master 145. Seaside
View 159. Smiling Time 148.
Soldier of Britain 159. Sunlight
View 152. Sylvandale 153. Tarka-
tive 137. The Leopard 143. The
Tigress 135. This Time 155. Valo-
rus 145. West Lake 159. Wilber 148.
12—6.00 p.m.—Wakool Handicap.
Winner \$1,000. Second \$350.
Third \$250. For Australian Sub-
scription Ponies classified "B"
Class. Jockey Allowance. En-
trance \$10. One Mile.

BELGIUM WILL FIGHT ON, SAYS EX-PREMIER

The Belgian Government will
fight at the side of the British
until final victory, despite reports
or rumours to the contrary, M.
Georges Theunis, former Premier
of Belgium and Ambassador-at-
Large, now in the United States
stated recently.

In an interview at the offices of
the Belgian Commercial Counsellor,
M. Theunis, stressed that the
Belgian Government was function-
ing at London and that it was a
constitutional government. M.
Theunis said he wanted the people
of the United States to know the
official Belgian position.

He reiterated that the only
Belgian Government appointed
by the King was in London.
The Ministers, he asserted,
were resolute to see their
country and their King free.

"They will fight with that pur-
pose in mind at the side of the
British until final victory," he af-
firmed.

M. Theunis called attention to
reports received from Belgium that
the German attitude toward the
Belgians was becoming more and
more harsh. In this connexion, he
said:

WORTHLESS CURRENCY
"Apart from the indirect pillage,
which is represented by purchases
of goods with worthless currency,
the Germans have imposed war
taxes, amounting to several billion
francs. They have fired the Gov-
ernment officials who did not ap-
pear sufficiently pliable. Churches
have been closed as reprisals
against certain patriotic speeches.

"Recent communiques have
mentioned that military authori-
ties in Belgium have forbidden
members of the Belgian Parlia-
ment and other former leaders in
the country to hold any office or
engage in any public activity.

"All this indicates that the
Germans are finding in
Belgium—as they did during
the four years of occupation,
1914-1918—the same indepen-
dent spirit, which strives to
stay independent and will
never accept, in spite of the
hardest pressure, and bad
treatment, a foreign domina-
tion."

M. Theunis referred, in the
course of the interview, to the

VALLEY TRAINING GALLOPS

The following times were clocked during the training gallops
held at Happy Valley on January 19, 21 and 22 respectively:—

	Dis- tance	1st Qr.	2nd Qr.	3rd Qr.	4th Qr.	5th Qr.	6th Qr.	Last Qr.
A Surprising	Time 1	30.3	1.00	1.28.1	1.57.3			29.2
National Blessing	14	35	1.07	1.39	2.10.2	2.41		30.3
Nomine Poenae	14	33.2	1.05	1.36.2	2.06.1	2.34.4		28.3
A Fine Time	14	33.2	1.09.4	1.43.1	2.14			30.4
National Courage	14	35	1.05.2	1.38.2	2.09	2.38.4		29.4
Ratio Decidendi	14	33	1.03.1	1.33	2.02.2	2.31.3		29.1
Bendigo	14	31.3	1.01.1	1.03.2	1.58.3			28.1
Arncliffe	14	33	1.04	1.38	2.10	2.41		31
Jus Gentium	14	35.2	1.08.2	1.40	2.09	2.37.3		28.3
Luxury	14	41.2	1.18.3	1.53	2.24			31
Royal Sovereign	14	29	57.2	1.25.4	1.57.4			32
A Happy Time	14	29	57.2	1.25.4	1.55.4			30
Archibut	14	38	1.08.2	1.41.3	2.12	2.40.4		28.4
Baggage Master	14	36.1	1.11	1.42.3	2.11			28.2
A Luxurious Time	Time 1	30	1.00	1.30.1	2.01.2			31.1
Lex Fort	14	32	1.04	1.34.2	2.04.4			30.2
Bona Vacantia	14	31	1.03	1.32.3	2.03			30.2
Vitamin M	14	40	1.20	1.55	2.24			29
Oracle	14	37	1.10.3	1.41.2	2.14	2.44.3	3.14	29.2
Oolong	14	36	1.09.1	1.39.4	2.09.3	2.41.1	3.13	31.4
Ogle & Ozark	14	36.3	1.15	1.53.3	2.33.3	3.05		31.2
Willow	14	42.2	1.16	1.49.3	2.19			29.2
Sydney Lady	14	38.3	1.13.1	1.44	2.13			29
Black Seal	14	37.2	1.14	1.47.3	2.19	2.50		31
Gay Fox	14	36	1.09	1.44.1	2.16	2.45.1		29.1
Fleetwing	14	35.1	1.08.2	1.39.3	2.12.3	2.43	3.11.2	28.2
Gloaming	14	36.4	1.13.1	1.46.1	2.17.3	2.47	3.15.2	28.2

TUESDAY, JANUARY 21

King's Welcome	14	35.3	1.06	1.35	2.04.3	2.34.4		30.1
Castle Hill	14	30.2	1.02.2	1.34.2	2.05.3			31.1
Newborn Star	14	33	1.07	1.39	2.08.1			29.1
Marsh Warbler	14	34.1	1.03.1	1.35.2	2.04.4	2.32		27.1
Twinkling Star	14	32	1.04	1.37.2	2.07.1			29.4
Never-Never	14	38.2	1.13	1.45.3	2.18	2.48.4	3.18.3	29.4
King's Flight	14	33.1	1.07.3	1.40	2.09.2			29.2
Amulet Start	14	35.2	1.09.4	1.42.3	2.15.2	2.47	3.17.1	30.1
Zadderday	14	36.3	1.09.4	1.41				31.1
Corriedoo	14	28.4	59	1.27.2				28.2
Harmony Start	14	42.3	1.23	1.01.2	2.38	3.14.2	3.47	32.3
Gloaming	14	34.3	1.07	1.38.3	2.11	2.43	3.16	33

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 22

Strathalbyn	14	42.2	1.20	1.52.4	2.22.3	2.51		28.2
Senorita	14	39	1.15.1	1.50.2	2.20.2			30
Sports Lady	14	37	1.13.3	1.51	2.25.3			34.3
Trade Wind	14	38.3	1.13.2	1.47.1	2.18.2			31.1
Well Done	14	29.2	59	1.29	1.59.2			30.2
Of Paradise	14	38.3	1.14.2	1.44.2				30
Tobaccoship	14	35	1.10	1.40.4	2.09.3			28.4
Dutch Treat	14	33	1.07	1.37	2.04.4			27.4
Dashing Beauty	14	38.3	1.15.3	1.48	2.22	2.53.4	3.22	28.1
& Dignitas	14	33	1.02.3	1.29.4				27.1
Buckfastlight	14	35.3	1.10.3	1.44	2.16.2			32.2
Mauber	14	35	1.09	1.43	2.18	2.46		28
United Express	14	40.2	1.16.3	1.47	2.13.2			28.2
Sydney Diamond	14	47	1.28.1	2.01.1	2.28.3			27.2
Tropical Love	14	34	1.08	1.42	2.10.3			28.3
Pig Tail	14	42	1.21	1.53.4	2.23			29.1
Swallow	14	41	1.18	1.54	2.30.4	3.04	3.35	30.1
Reindeer	14	38	1.14.3	1.48.4				34.1
Velvetlight	14	34	1.05.2	1.35	2.04.3			29.3
Sam's Choice	14	33.3	1.04	1.43				28
Look See	14	36.3	1.10	1.42	2.11.4			29.4
Graceful View	14	41	1.18	1.54	2.30.4	3.04	3.35	30.1
Silver Spear	14	41	1.18.1	1.53.2	2.23.3			30.1
Lovelylight	14	33	1.06	1.37	2.06.3			29.3
The Koala Bear	14	36	1.09	1.40	2.09			29
Princess Adelaide	14	34	1.07.1	1.37	2.06.3			29.3
Mountain View	14	39	1.10	1.44.1	2.17	2.45.4		28.4
Casino and	14	44	1.24	1.58	2.24.4			28.4
Crack Shot	14	36.2	1.09	1.39				30
Starlight	14	37.3	1.10	1.42.2	2.15	2.49.3		34.3
Royal Sovereign	14	40.2	1.15	1.46.1	2.14.3			28.2
Macy	14	38	1.12	1.45	2.15.3			30.3
Araxy II	14	38	1.12	1.45	2.15.3			30.3
Hawainan Love	14	38	1.12	1.45	2.15.3			30.3
Starlight View	14	38	1.12	1.45	2.15.3			30.3
Rosylight	14	38	1.12	1.45	2.15.3			30.3
Beautylight	14	38	1.12	1.45	2.15.3			30.3
Aussie Griffin	14	38	1.12	1.45	2.15.3			30.3
Aussie Sub-Griffin	14	38	1.12	1.45	2.15.3			30.3
China Griffin	14	38	1.12	1.45	2.15.3			30.3

INDISCRIMINATE BOMBING OF MALTA

LONDON, Jan. 22 (Reuter)—
Following their costly air raids
at the week-end the enemy on
Monday night carried out two in-
discriminate attacks on Malta.

Official description of the at-
tacks says the target seems to
have been one of the British aero-
dromes but the actual result may
be described as indiscriminate
bombing, as the enemy flew at a
great height in order to escape
gunfire and detection by search-
lights.

No bombs hit or damaged Gov-
ernment property. Several bombs
damaged civilian property and a
number of others fell into the sea.

There was one serious casualty
who failed to take over.

tragic position of King Leopold.
The King, contrary to what had
been said at the time did not nego-
tiate with the Germans. He did
not conclude any agreement what-
soever, the former Premier as-
serted.
"The King is a prisoner of war
at Brussels, and nothing else."

DEVELOPMENT OF WEST SZECHWAN

Chinese industrialists from the
southwest provinces have organ-
ized a China Agricultural Corpora-
tion for the development of the
natural resources in west Szech-
wan.

Capitalised at \$550,000 (Chinese
currency), the Corporation has its
head office at Loshan and bran-
ches at Chengtu and Chungking.

In the first stage of its develop-
ment project, the Corporation will
undertake reclamation, forestry
and mining in the four districts of
Leipo, Maplen, Pingshan, and
Opfen. It has secured a vast virgin
forest in the district of Opfen,
which it will exploit. The timber
will be used for making sleepers.
Mineral deposits and medicinal
herbs in this district also abound.
—(Central News)

ADMINISTRATIVE POLICY

The administrative policy for
Szechwan and the province's
budget for the current year were
decided upon at the Szechwan
Provisional People's Assembly
meeting which was concluded yester-
day. The budget, it is learned,
amounts to \$130,000,000.—(Central
News)

FOREIGN MAILS

HONGKONG, THURSDAY, 23rd JANUARY, 1941, 9.30 A.M.

CHINESE NEW YEAR HOLIDAYS

On Monday, the 27th January, the General Post Office and
all Branch Post Offices will be entirely closed. There will be no
collection from the pillar-boxes and no delivery by Postmen.

On Tuesday, the 28th January, the General Post Office and
Kowloon Central Post Office will be open from 8 a.m. to noon.
Shengwan Branch Post Office will be open from 8 a.m. to 10
a.m. and the other Branch Post Offices will be entirely closed.

There will be one collection from the pillar-boxes as on Sun-
days and one delivery of registered and ordinary correspondence
at 11 a.m. on Tuesday, 28th January.

There will also be one delivery of ordinary correspondence at 11
a.m. on 28th January from the Branch Post Offices at Stanley,
Taipei and Un Long.

The Money Order Office will be entirely closed during the
holidays.

Small Packet Post to all countries is suspended.

INWARD MAILS

From	Due
Air Mail by "Pan-American Airways Direct Ser- vice"—San Francisco date 15th January,	23rd Jan.
Australia and Manila,	23rd Jan.
Sandakan,	23rd Jan.
Java and Manila,	23rd Jan.
Swatow,	25th Jan.
United Kingdom and Straits,	28th Jan.
Calcutta and Straits,	28th Jan.
U. S. A., Honolulu, Japan, and Shanghai — (San Francisco date 10th January)	28th Jan.
Air Mail by "Pan-American Airways Direct Ser- vice"—San Francisco date, 22nd January	29th Jan.
Sandakan,	30th Jan.
Calcutta and Straits,	1st Feb.
U.S.A., Honolulu, Japan and Shanghai. (San Fran- cisco date 17th January)	8th Feb.

OUTWARD MAILS

Registered and Parcel Mail are closed 15 minutes earlier than
the time given below unless otherwise stated, and where mails are
advertised to close at or before 9 a.m. registered and parcel mails
are closed at 5 p.m. on the previous day. When mails are adver-
tised to close after 5 p.m., Registered and Parcel mails are closed
at 5 p.m.

For	Date and Time
THURSDAY	Thu. 23rd
	K.P.O.
Reg. 5.00 PM	
Ord. 5.30 PM	
	G.P.O.
Air Mail by Sea to Singapore to connect with the "British Overseas Airways."	Reg. 5.00 PM
Straits.	Ord. 6.00 PM
	Ord. 7.00 PM
	K.P.O.
Reg. 5.00 PM	
Ord. 5.30 PM	
	G.P.O.
Air Mail for Manila, Guam, Honolulu, U.S.A. and Europe via "Pan-American Airways and Trans- Atlantic Services."	Reg. 5.00 PM
Salgon.	Ord. 7.00 PM
	Ord. 7.00 PM
FRIDAY	Fri. 24th
Straits and Rangoon.	12.30 PM
Sandakan, Madang, Salamaua, Rabaul and Tulagi	1.30 PM
	K.P.O.
Reg. 4.00 PM	
Ord. 4.30 PM	
	G.P.O.
Air Mail by Air to Rangoon to connect with the "British Overseas Airways."	Reg. 4.00 PM
	Ord. 4.30 PM
	K.P.O.
Reg. 5.00 PM	
Ord. 5.30 PM	
	G.P.O.
Manila and Parcels only for United-Kingdom.	Parcels 5.00 PM
	Parcels 5.00 PM
	Ord. 7.00 PM
SATURDAY	Sat. 25th
Air Mail by Sea to Singapore to connect with the "British Overseas Airways"	G.P.O. & K.P.O.
Straits.	Reg. 11.00 AM
	Ord. 11.30 AM
	12.30 PM
SUNDAY	Sun. 26th
Santon.	5.00 PM
TUESDAY	Tue. 28th
Shanghai, Japan, Honolulu, U. S. A., Canada, Cen- tral and South America via San Francisco,	G.P.O. & K.P.O.
Rangoon and Calcutta.	Reg. 25th 5.00 PM
	Ord. 28th 8.30 AM
	Noon
WEDNESDAY	Wed. 29th.
Manila, Batavia and Sourabaya.	8.30 AM
	G.P.O. & K.P.O.
Manila, Australia and New Zealand via Thursday Island.	Reg. 2.45 PM
Straits, Ceylon, India, East and South Africa.	Ord. 3.30 PM
	Ord. 3.30 PM
	K.P.O.
Reg. 5.00 PM	
Ord. 5.30 PM	
	G.P.O.
Air Mail for Manila, Guam, Honolulu, U. S. A., & Europe via "Pan American Airways and Trans- Atlantic Services."	Reg. 5.00 PM
	Ord. 7.00 PM
THURSDAY	Thu. 30th
Straits, Ceylon, India, East and South Africa, and Parcels only for United Kingdom.	G.P.O. & K.P.O.
Formosa.	Par. 29th 0. 0 PM
	Reg. 30th 8.45 AM
	Ord. 30th 10.30 AM
	Ord. 4/3 3.20 PM
	3.30 PM
FRIDAY	Fri. 31st
Sandakan.	8.30 AM
Straits and Calcutta.	Parcels 11.00 AM
	Letters Noon
TUESDAY	Tue. Feb. 1st
Manila and Parcels only for United-Kingdom.	G.P.O. & K.P.O.
	Par. 3/3 5.00 PM
	Ord. 4/3 8.30 AM